



# Predict the Flip!

---

A U.S. Senate Election Analysis

By Darius Fuller





# The Task & Goals

---

## Tasks:

- Make unsupervised machine learning model
- Free, public information
- Available from the internet

## Goals:

- Predict the winner of a senate general election
- Gather insights for prospective candidates
  - Modeling results
  - EDA
- Part of a larger machine



# The Dataset

---

## What:

- Candidates in senate general elections
- 1920-2016
- 5,588 datapoints
- 8 total features

## How:

- 'Web scraping'
  - BeautifulSoup package
  - Pandas package
- Genderize.io

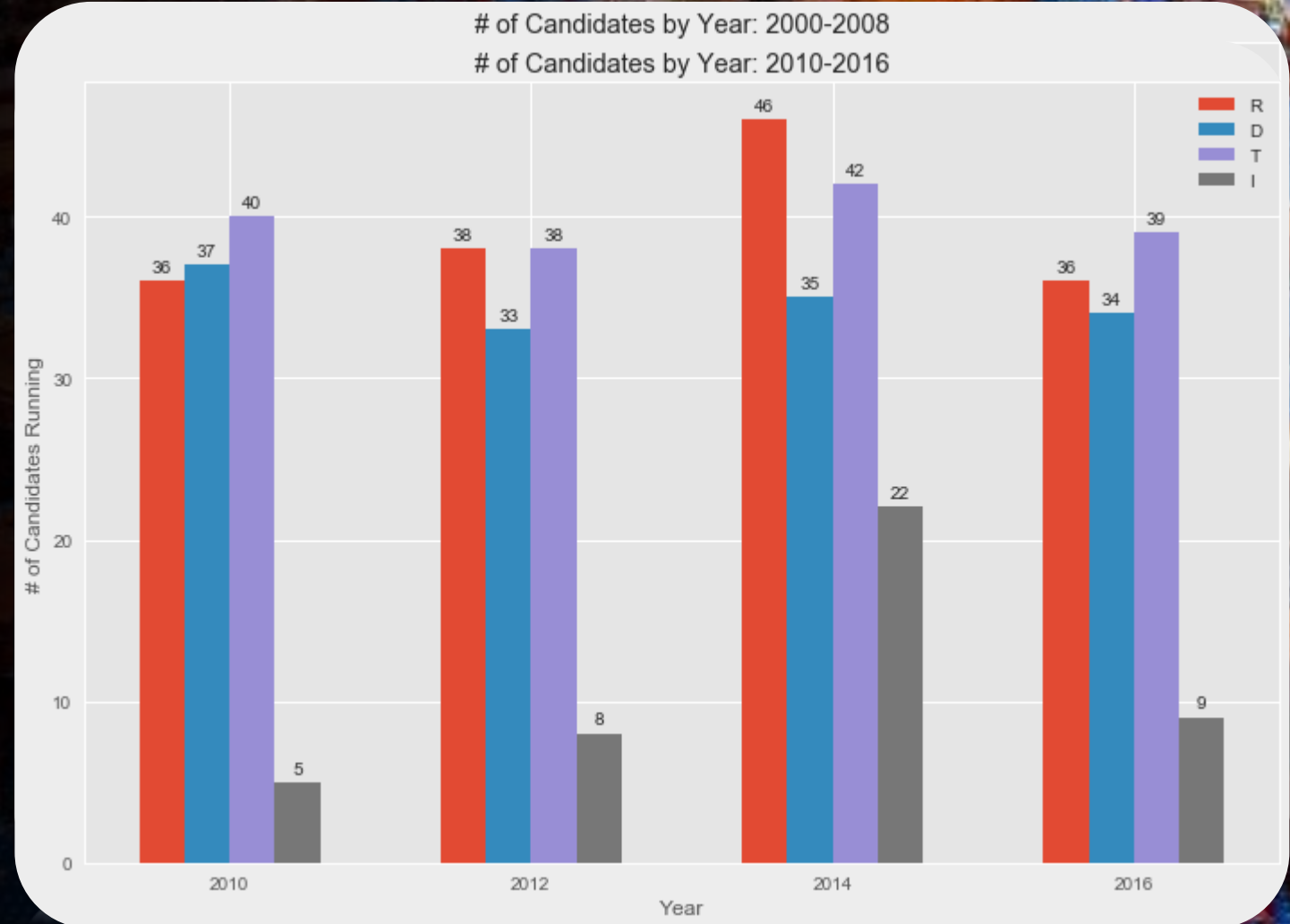


**WIKIPEDIA**  
The Free Encyclopedia

# The Dataset - Explored

## Stiff Competition:

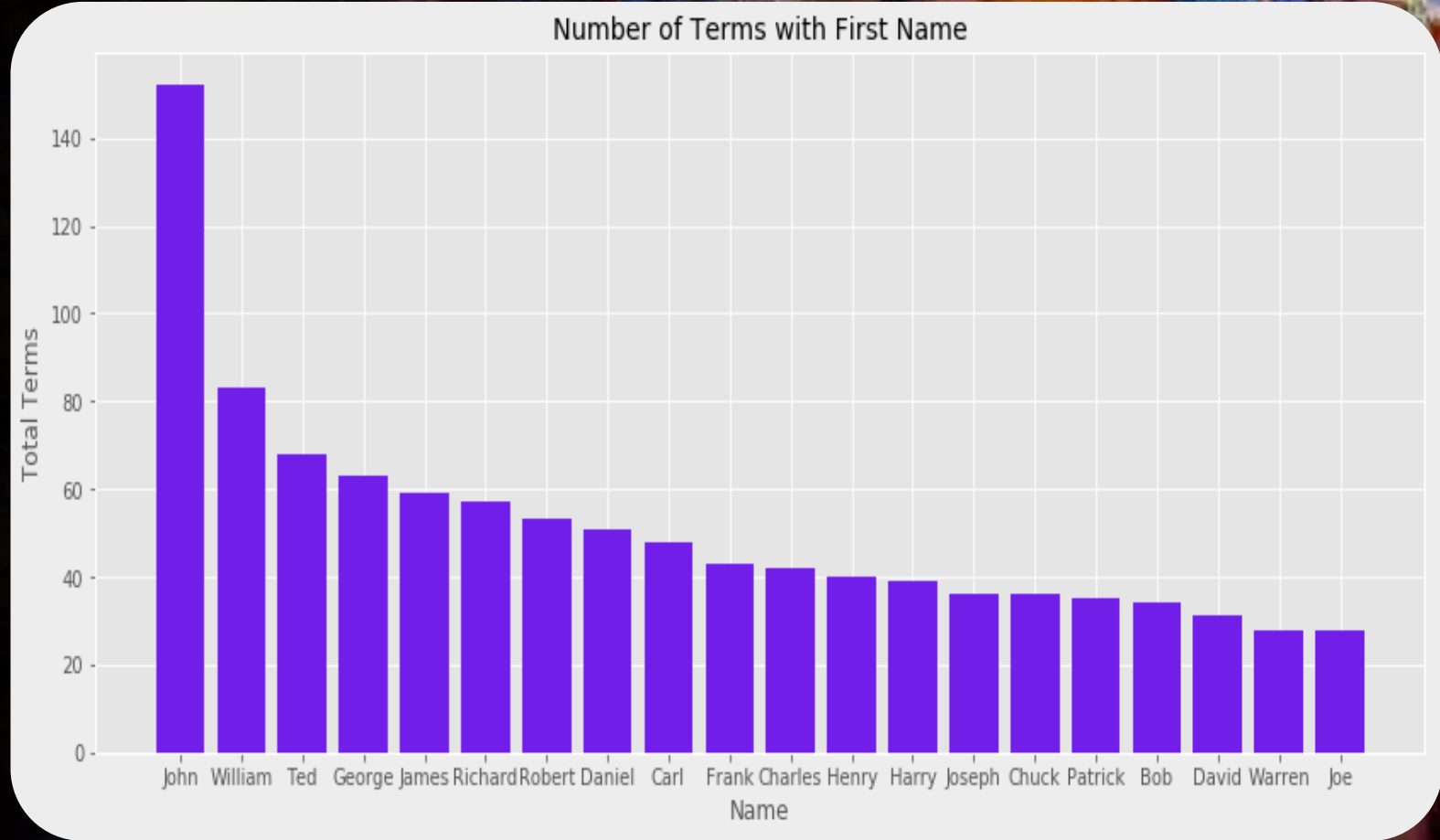
- Number of participants
  - Per party
- Trends & Oddities
  - Party relevance



# The Dataset - Explored

## No surprises:

- Traditional names
- Barbara was 1<sup>st</sup> female name
  - 34<sup>th</sup> most terms (16 appearances)
- More potential
  - Last names?

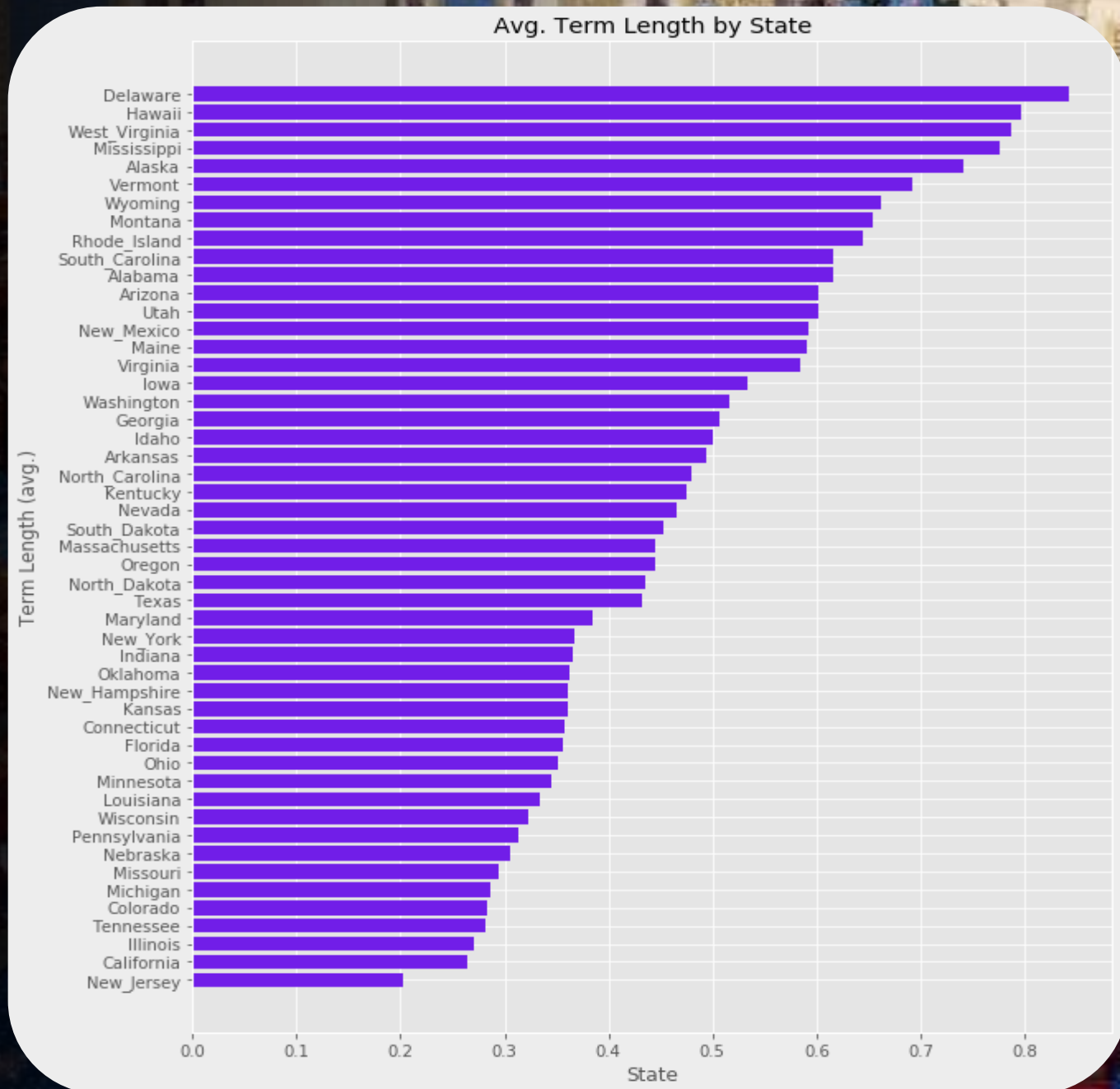




# The Dataset - Explored

## Big surprises:

- Accounts for all candidates each year
- Higher number means:
  - Little to no competition
  - More consecutive terms
  - Vice-versa



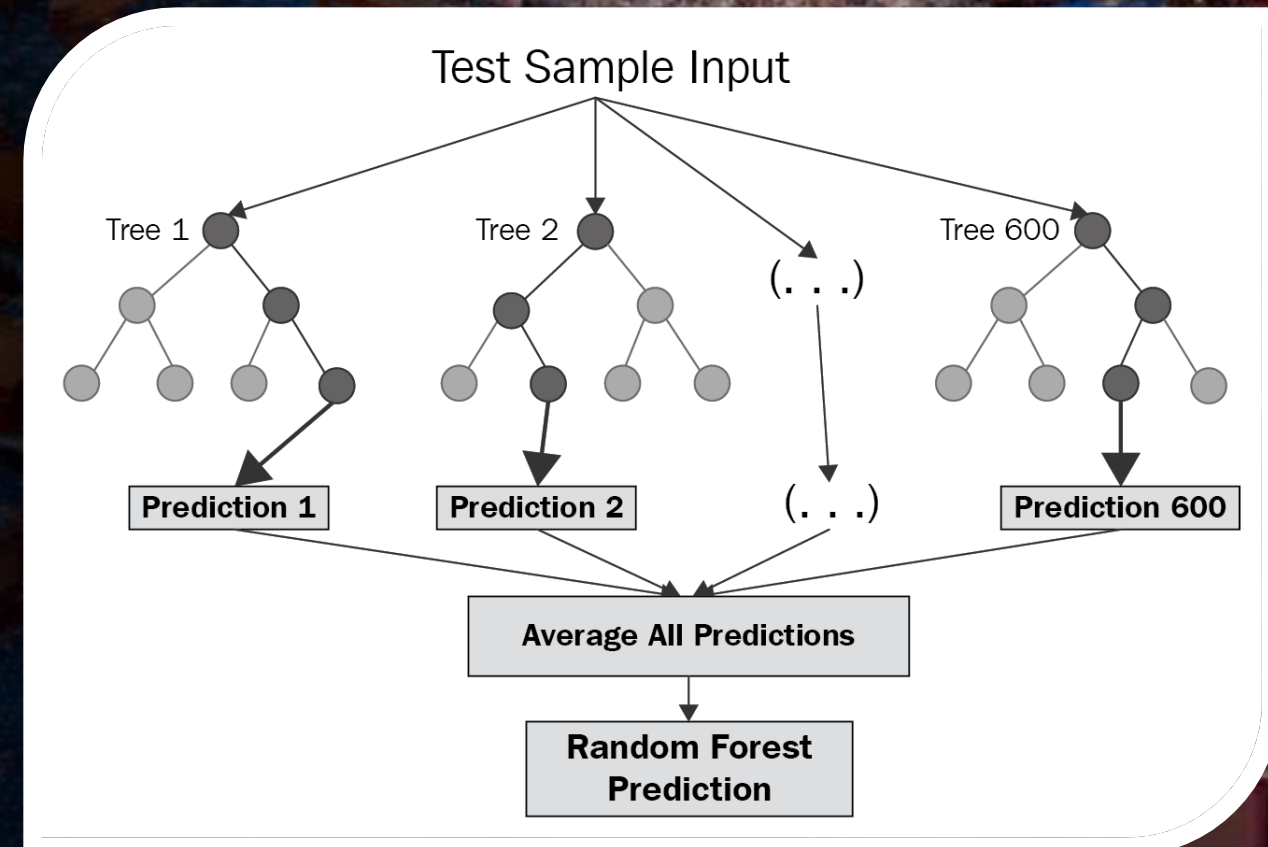
# Modeling Process

## What:

- Linear regression
  - Predict the percentage of votes
- Random Forest from Sci-Kit Learn
  - 'Decision trees'

## How:

- Learns from training data
  - 'Make decisions' based on learned underlying patterns
- Predict using unseen data



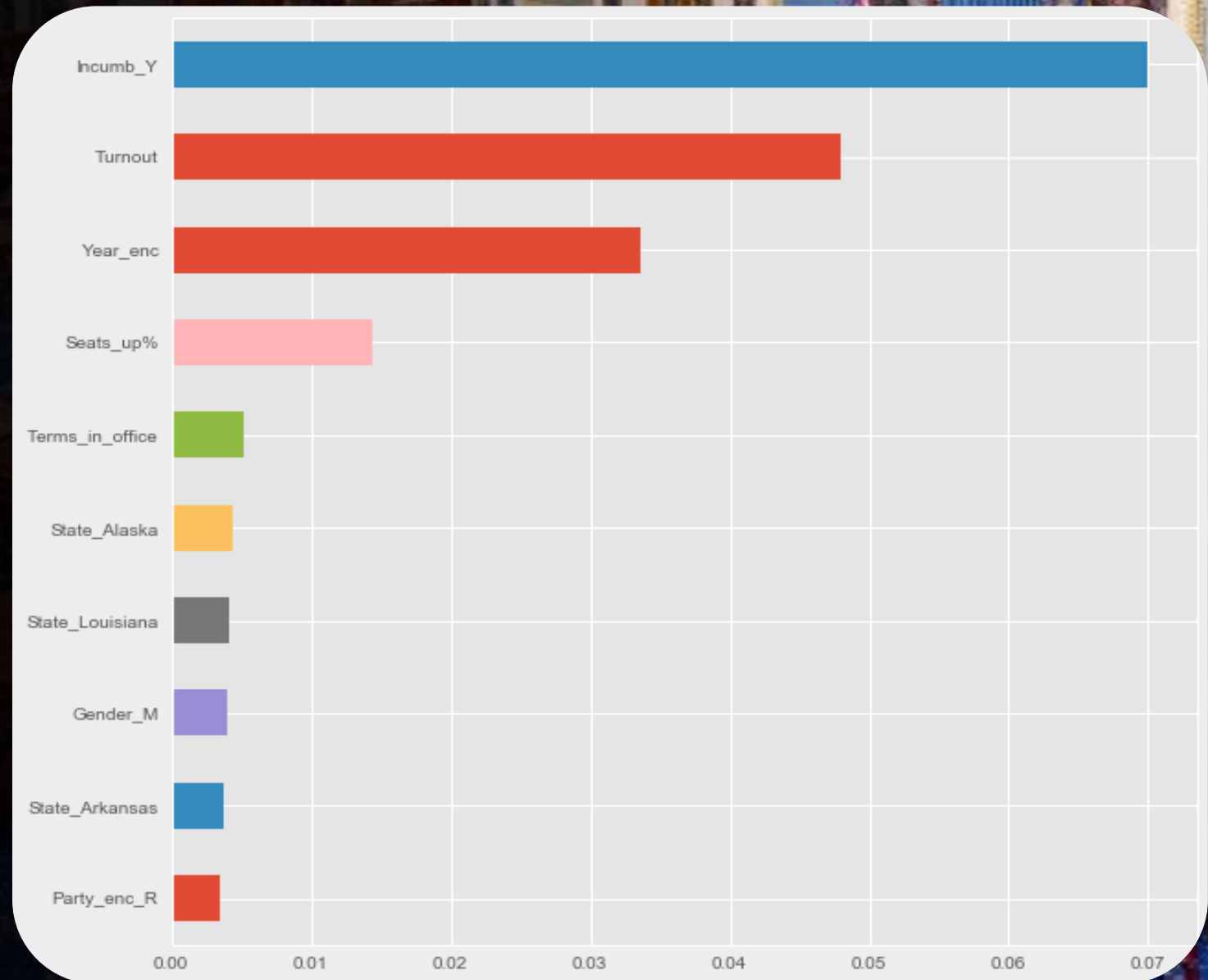
# Results

## Feature Importance:

- Represents the weight each feature has
  - Does not indicate direction
  - Relative sense
- Seats\_before% = 0.75
- Top 10 (w/o #1 feature)

## Insights:

- Timing is critical
  - Prior year is most important
- Experience is crucial
- Party does matter





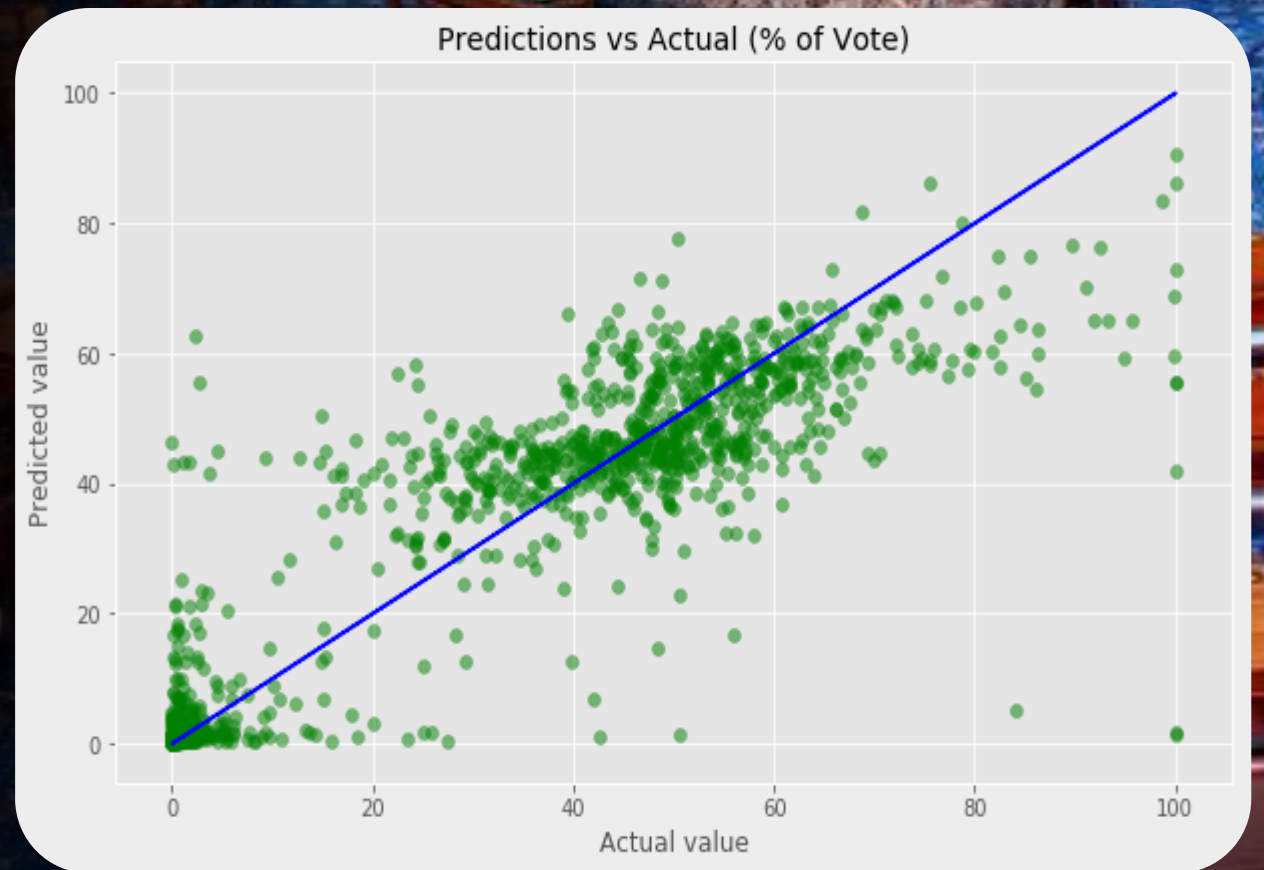
# Results

## Model Performance:

- Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
- Best model
  - RMSE = 10.863349
- % of votes

## Observations:

- 'Mirrored' low end
- Bottom-heavy upper bound
- Strong cluster in center



# Recommendations

- Controllable:
  - Decide to be either Democratic or Republican
    - Being different doesn't help
  - Get Out the Vote (GOTV)
    - May be party dependent
  - Incumbency is key
- Environmental:
  - Last cycle's performance sets the tone
    - Ride the wave
  - State elections, national stage



# Future Works

## More Data:

- Cycles happen every 2 years
  - Take some time
- Increase breadth of features
  - More controllable variables
  - Age, birthplace, number of attempts, military service, etc.

## Building Bigger:

- Implement model to predict state elections
  - Given a set of candidates
- Aggregate on a national level



Thank You!

---