Vim Cheat Sheet 04.12.2023, 08:02

Vim Cheat Sheet

Global

- :h[elp] keyword open help for keyword
- :sav[eas] filesave file as
- :clo[se] close current pane
- :ter[minal] open a terminal window
- **K** open man page for word under the cursor

Cursor movement

- h move cursor left
- j move cursor down
- k move cursor up
- 1 move cursor right
- **gj** move cursor down (multi-line text)
- **gk** move cursor up (multi-line text)
- H move to top of screen
- **M** move to middle of screen
- **L** move to bottom of screen
- **W** jump forwards to the start of a word
- W jump forwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **e** jump forwards to the end of a word
- **E** jump forwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **b** jump backwards to the start of a word
- **B** jump backwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **ge** jump backwards to the end of a word
- **gE** jump backwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- % move cursor to matching character (default supported pairs: '()', '{}', '[]' - use:h matchpairs in vim for more info)
- ${f 0}$ jump to the start of the line
- ^ jump to the first non-

Editing

- **r** replace a single character.
- **R** replace more than one character, until **ESC** is pressed.
- **J** join line below to the current one with one space in between
- **gJ** join line below to the current one without space in between
- gwip reflow paragraph
- **g∼** switch case up to motion
- ${f gu}$ change to lowercase up to motion
- **gU** change to uppercase up to motion
- **CC** change (replace) entire line
- **c\$** or **C** change (replace) to the end of the line
- **CiW** change (replace) entire word
- **CW** or **CC** change (replace) to the end of the word
- **S** delete character and substitute text
- **S** delete line and substitute text (same as cc)
- **XP** transpose two letters (delete and paste)
- **u** undo
- **U** restore (undo) last changed line
- Ctrl + r redo
- repeat last command

Marking text (visual mode)

- **V** start visual mode, mark lines, then do a command (like y-yank)
- ${f V}$ start linewise visual mode
- **O** move to other end of marked area
- Ctrl + v start visual block mode
- $\boldsymbol{0}$ move to other corner of block
- aw mark a word

Macros

- qa record macro a
- q stop recording macro
- @a run macro a
- @@ rerun last run macro

Cut and paste

- yy yank (copy) a line
- 2yy yank (copy) 2 lines
- **yw** yank (copy) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word
- yiw yank (copy) word under the cursor
- **yaw** yank (copy) word under the cursor and the space after or before it
- \mathbf{y} or \mathbf{Y} yank (copy) to end of line
- **p** put (paste) the clipboard after cursor
- **P** put (paste) before cursor
- **gp** put (paste) the clipboard after cursor and leave cursor after the new text
- **gP** put (paste) before cursor and leave cursor after the new text
- dd delete (cut) a line
- 2dd delete (cut) 2 lines
- **dw** delete (cut) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word
- **diw** delete (cut) word under the cursor
- daw delete (cut) word under the cursor and the space after or before it
- : **3,5d** delete lines starting from 3 to 5
- :g/{pattern}/d delete all lines containing pattern
- :g!/{pattern}/d delete all lines not containing pattern
- **d\$** or **D** delete (cut) to the end of the line
- X delete (cut) character

Working with multiple files

- :e[dit] file edit a file in a new buffer
- :bn[ext] go to the next buffer
- :bp[revious] go to the previous buffer
- :bd[elete] delete a buffer (close a file)
- :b[uffer]#-go to a buffer by index #
- :b[uffer] file go to a buffer by file
- :ls or :buffers list all open buffers
- :sp[lit] file open a file in a new buffer and split window
- :VS[plit] file open a file in a new buffer and vertically split window
- :vert[ical] ba[ll] edit all buffers as vertical windows
- :tab ba[ll] edit all buffers as tabs
- Ctrl + ws split window
- Ctrl + wv split window vertically
- Ctrl + ww switch windows
- Ctrl + wq quit a window
- $\begin{cal} \textbf{Ctrl} + \textbf{wx} exchange current window with next one \end{cal}$
- Ctrl + w= make all windows equal height &
 width
- Ctrl + wh move cursor to the left window
 (vertical split)
- Ctrl + wl move cursor to the right window
 (vertical split)
- Ctrl + wj move cursor to the window below
 (horizontal split)
- **Ctrl** + **wk** move cursor to the window above (horizontal split)
- **Ctrl** + **wH** make current window full height at far left (leftmost vertical window)
- **Ctrl** + **wL** make current window full height at far right (rightmost vertical window)
- **Ctrl** + **wJ** make current window full width at the very bottom (bottommost horizontal window)
- **Ctrl** + **wK** make current window full width at the very top (topmost horizontal window)

Diff

- **zf** manually define a fold up to motion
- **zd** delete fold under the cursor
- **za** toggle fold under the cursor
- **ZO** open fold under the cursor
- **ZC** close fold under the cursor
- **zr** reduce (open) all folds by one level

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blank character of the lin
\$ - jump to the end of the line
g_ - jump to the last no blank character of the lin
gg - go to the first line of the document
G - go to the last line of t document
${\bf 5gg}~{\rm or}~{\bf 5G}$ - go to line $_{\bf 5}$
gd - move to local declaration
gD - move to global declaration
fx - jump to next occurrence of character
tx - jump to before nex occurrence of character
Fx - jump to the previous occurrence of character
Tx - jump to after previous occurrence of character
; - repeat previous f, t, I T movement
, - repeat previous f, t, I T movement, backwards
} - jump to next paragra (or function/block, when editing code)

ine ab - a block with () Indent text >> - indent (move right) he aB - a block with {} line one shiftwidth at - a block with <> tags << - de-indent (move left) nline one shiftwidth ine **ib** - inner block with () >% - indent a block with () of **iB** - inner block with {} or {} (cursor on brace) it - inner block with <> <% - de-indent a block with the tags () or {} (cursor on brace) Esc or Ctrl + c - exit >ib - indent inner block visual mode >at - indent a block with Visual commands <> tags > - shift text right **3==** - re-indent 3 lines < - shift text left =% - re-indent a block with y - yank (copy) marked () or {} (cursor on brace) Х **=iB** - re-indent inner t d - delete marked text block with {} ~ - switch case **gg=G** - re-indent entire 1118 buffer x u - change marked text to lowercase **] p** - paste and adjust ious indent to current line U - change marked text to X uppercase For Exitina :W - write (save) the file, Registers but don't exit :reg[isters]-show For registers content :w !sudo tee %write out the current file "XY - yank into register x aph using sudo "xp - paste contents of : WQ or : X or ZZ - write register x (save) and quit **{** - jump to previous paragraph (or "+y - yank into the system : q - quit (fails if there are function/block, when clipboard register unsaved changes) editing code) "+p - paste from the :q! or ZQ - quit and ZZ - center cursor on system clipboard register throw away unsaved screen changes Marks and positions zt - position cursor on top : wqa - write (save) and :marks - list of marks of the screen quit on all tabs **ma** - set current position **zb** - position cursor on Search and replace for mark A bottom of the screen /pattern - search for Ctrl + e - move screen **a** - jump to position of pattern down one line (without mark A moving cursor) ?pattern - search y`a - yank text to position backward for pattern Ctrl + y - move screen of mark A up one line (without \vpattern - 'very **0** - go to the position moving cursor) magic' pattern: nonwhere Vim was previously alphanumeric characters Ctrl + b - move screen are interpreted as special up one page (cursor to last regex symbols (no escaping `" - go to the position needed) when last editing this file Ctrl + f - move screen n - repeat search in same - go to the position of down one page (cursor to direction the last change in this file first line) N - repeat search in Ctrl + d - move cursor `` - go to the position

zm - fold more (close) all folds by one level **zi** - toggle folding functionality **] C** - jump to start of next change [**C** - jump to start of previous change do or :diffg[et] - obtain (get) difference (from other buffer) **dp** or :**diffpu[t]** - put difference (to other buffer) : diffthis - make current window part of diff :dif[fupdate] - update differences :diffo[ff] - switch off diff mode for current window

before the last jump

: ju[mps] - list of jumps

Ctrl + i - go to newer position in jump list

and screen down 1/2 page

Ctrl + u - move cursor

and screen up 1/2 page

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nsert mode - nserting/appending text i - insert before the cursor	Ctrl + o - go to older position in jump list	replace all old with new throughout file with confirmations	
I - insert at the beginning of the line	: changes - list of changes	:noh[lsearch] - remove highlighting of search matches	
a - insert (append) after the cursor	g , - go to newer position in change list	Search in multiple files	
A - insert (append) at the end of the line	g; - go to older position in change listCtrl +] - jump to the tag under cursor	<pre>:vim[grep] /pattern/ {`{file}`}-search for pattern in multiple files</pre>	
0 - append (open) a new line below the current line			
0 - append (open) a new line above the current line		:cn[ext] - jump to the next match	
ea - insert (append) at the end of the word		:cp[revious] - jump to the previous match	
Ctrl + h - delete the character before the cursor during insert mode	-	: cope[n] - open a window containing the list of matches	
Ctrl + w - delete word before the cursor during insert mode	-	:ccl[ose] - close the quickfix window	
Ctrl + j - add a line break at the cursor position during insert mode		Tabs :tabnew or:tabnew {page.words.file - open a file in a new tab	
Ctrl + t - indent (move right) line one shiftwidth during insert mode		Ctrl + wT - move the current split window into its own tab	
Ctrl + d - de-indent (move left) line one shiftwidth during insert		gt or :tabn[ext] - move to the next tab	
mode Ctrl + n - insert (autocomplete) next match	-	gT or : tabp[revious] - move to the previous tab	
before the cursor during insert mode		#gt - move to tab number	
Ctrl + p - insert (auto- complete) previous match before the cursor during insert mode		:tabm[ove] #- move current tab to the #th position (indexed from o)	
Ctrl + rx - insert the contents of register x		:tabc[lose] - close the current tab and all its windows	
Ctrl + ox - Temporarily enter normal mode to issue one normal-mode command x.		: tabo[nly] - close all tabs except for the current one	
Esc or Ctrl + c - exit insert mode	-	: tabdo command - run the command on all tabs (e.g. :tabdo q - closes all opened tabs)	

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