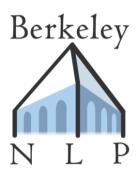
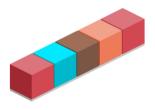
Pre-Learning Environment Representations for Data-Efficient Neural Instruction Following



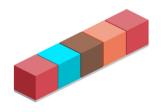
David Gaddy and Dan Klein







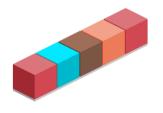






"Remove the block on the right"









"Remove the block on the right"



How do we do?



How do we do?

Baseline Neural





How do we do?

Baseline Neural



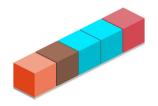
Logical Form Gap

Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)

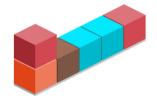




"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"

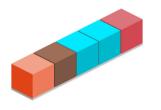




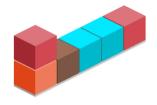




"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"



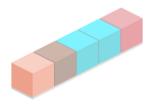




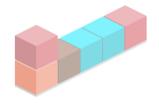
stack(red, with(orange))



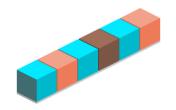
"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"







stack(red, with(orange))

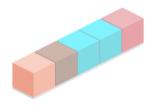




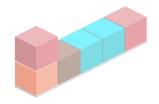




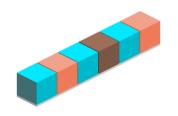
"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"



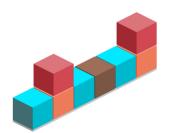




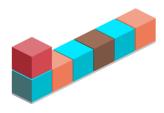
stack(red, with(orange))





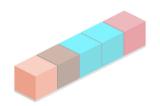




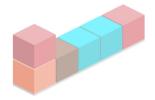


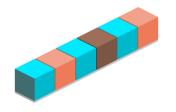


"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"





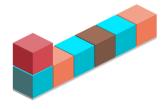








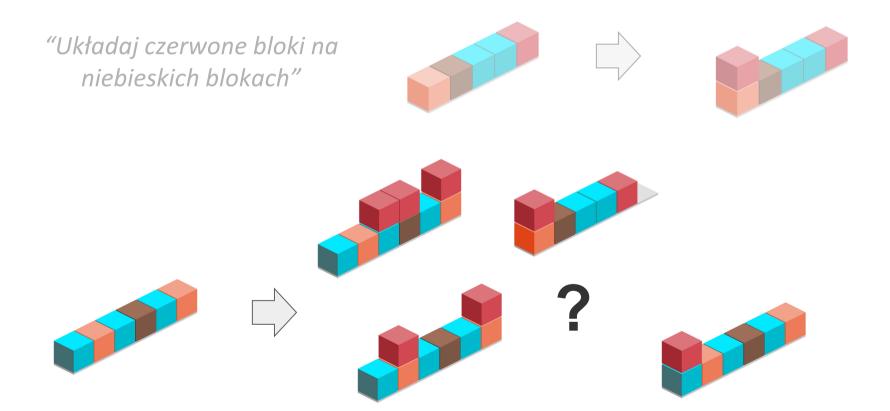




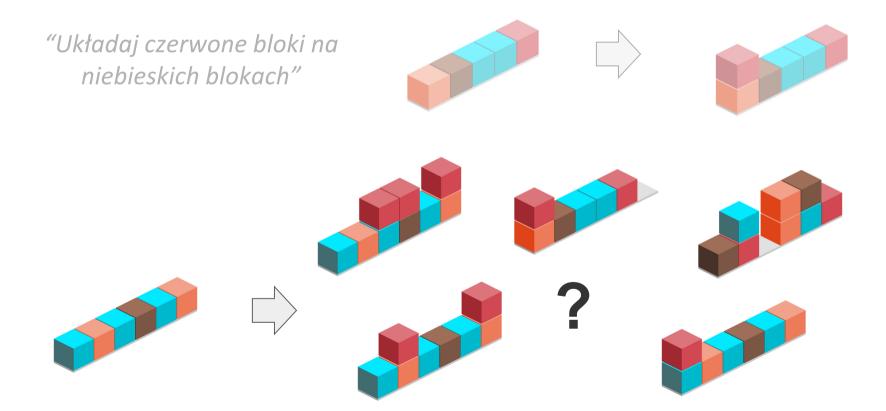


"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"



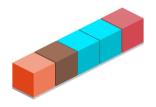




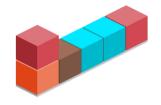




"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"

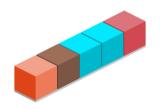




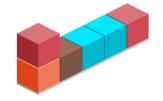


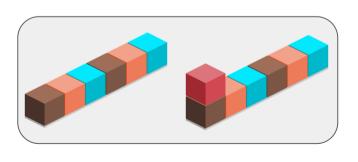


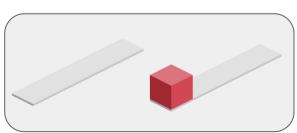
"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"

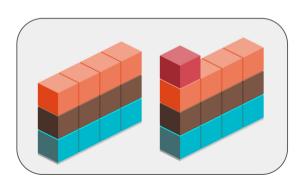






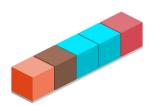




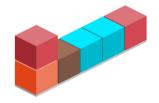


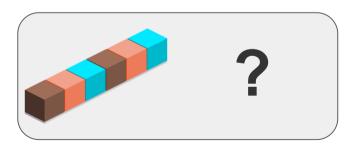


"Układaj czerwone bloki na niebieskich blokach"

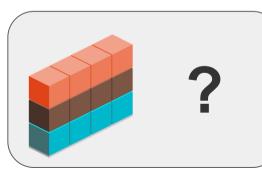














Logical Form Gap

Baseline Neural



Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)

Phase 1:

Environment Learning

Learn abstractions

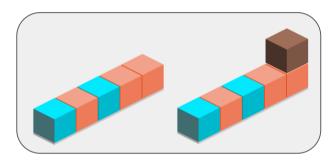
No Language data needed

Phase 2: Language Learning

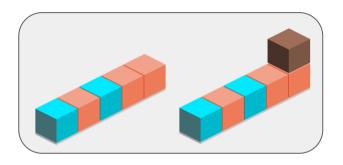
Map to abstractions
Needs less data

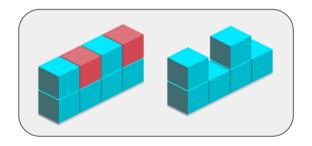




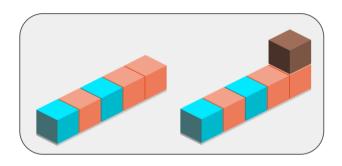


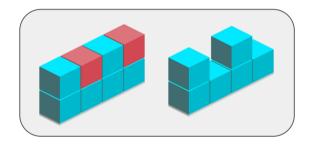


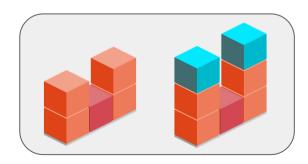




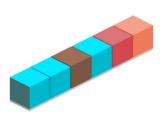








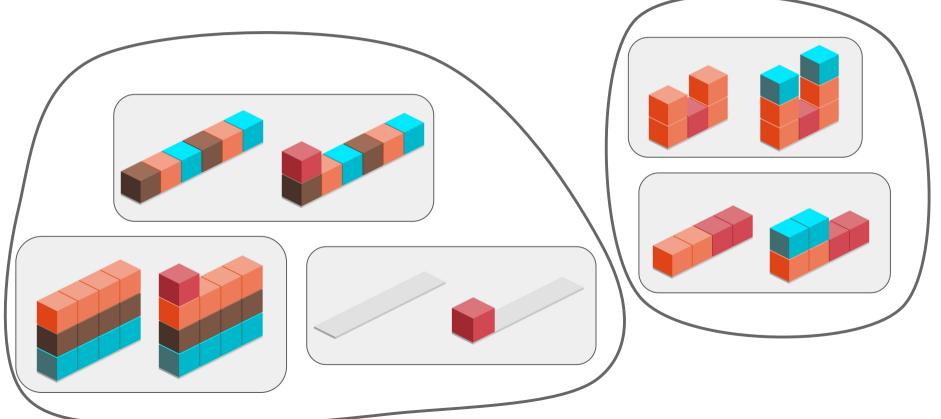








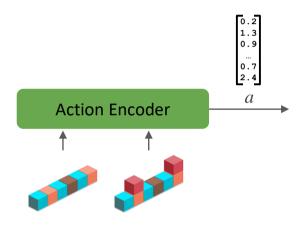




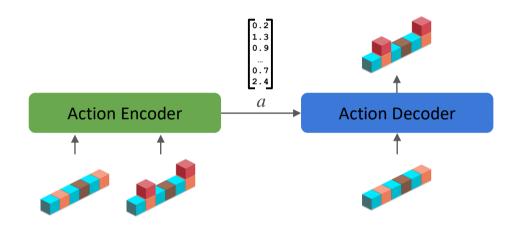
Language Learning



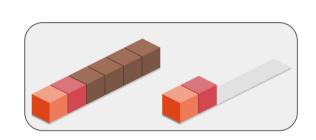


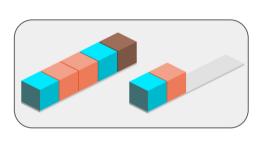


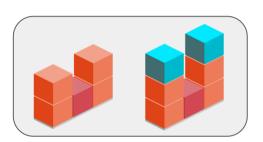


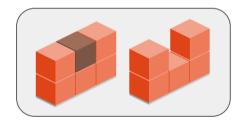


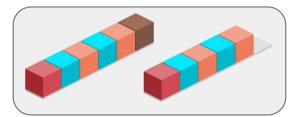


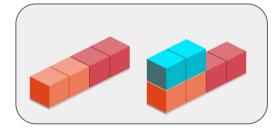


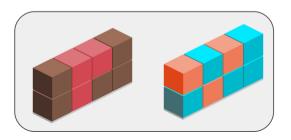


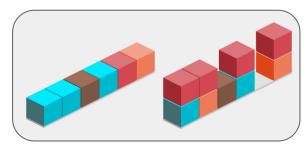




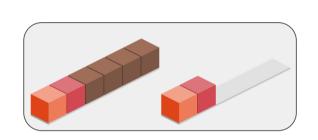




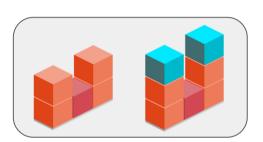


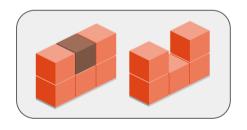


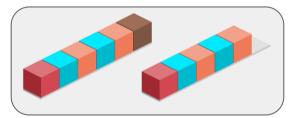


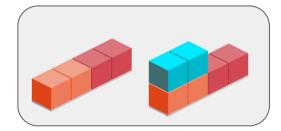






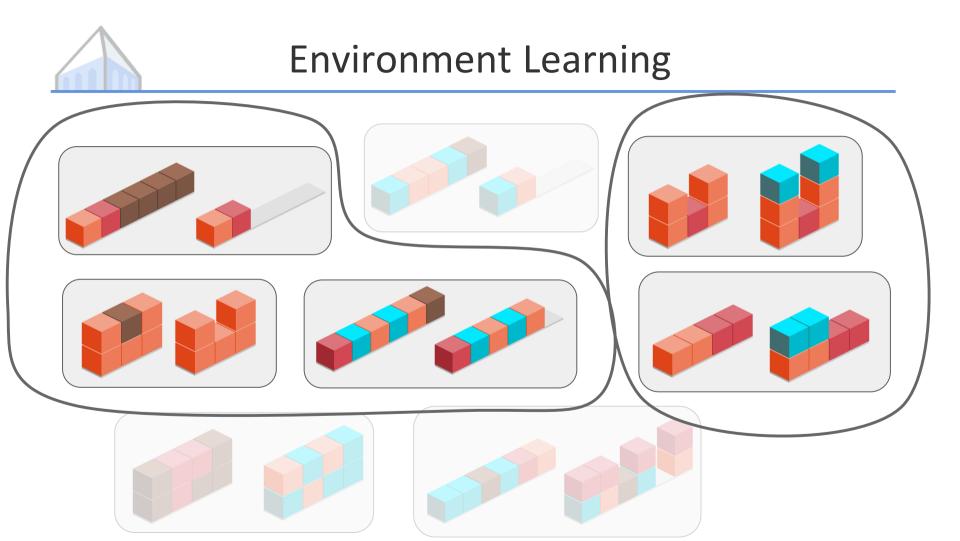








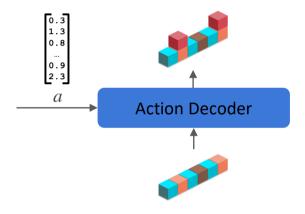




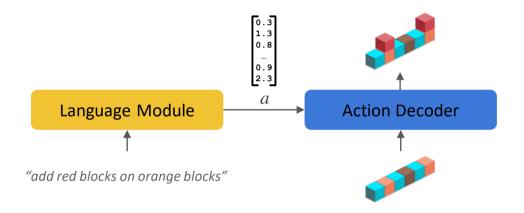
Language Learning

Environment Learning







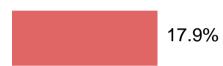


Environment Learning



Results

Baseline Neural



Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)



Results

Baseline Neural



Environment Learning

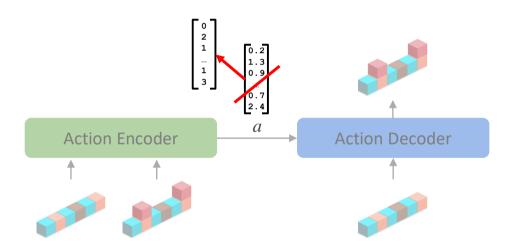


Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)

Problem: The semantics we want to learn may be discrete, not continuous

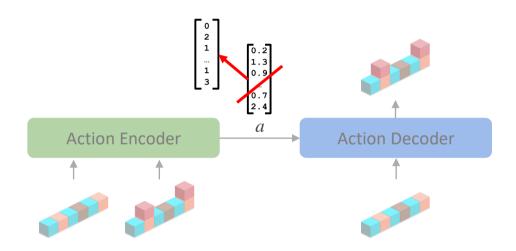


Discrete Representations



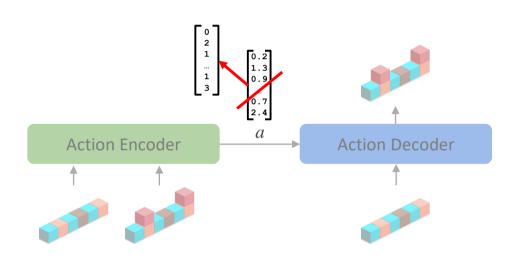


Discrete Representations





Discrete Representations



Gumbel Softmax

$$G(x_i) = \frac{\exp(x_i + \epsilon_i)}{\sum_{j=0}^k \exp(x_j + \epsilon_j)}$$



Results

Baseline Neural



Environment Learning



Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)



Results

+1.7

Baseline Neural



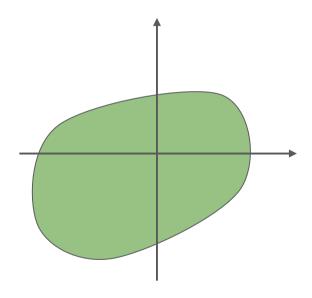
Environment Learning



Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)

Problem: What happens if the language encoder uses a different part of the space than the autoencoder?

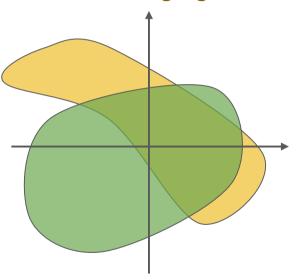




Pre-training encoder representations



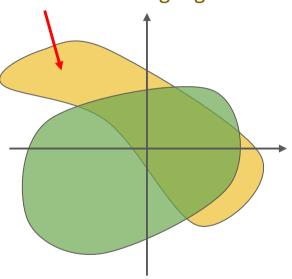
Language encoder representations



Pre-training encoder representations

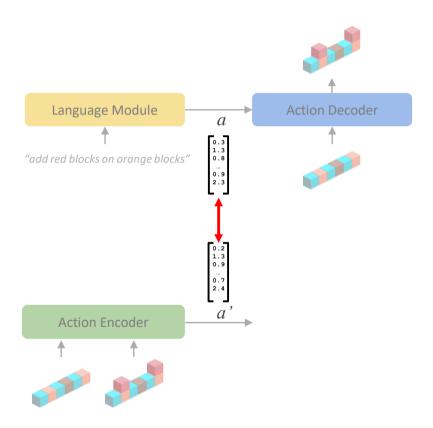


Language encoder representations

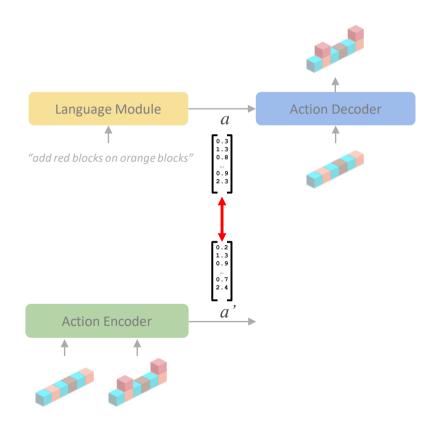


Pre-training encoder representations

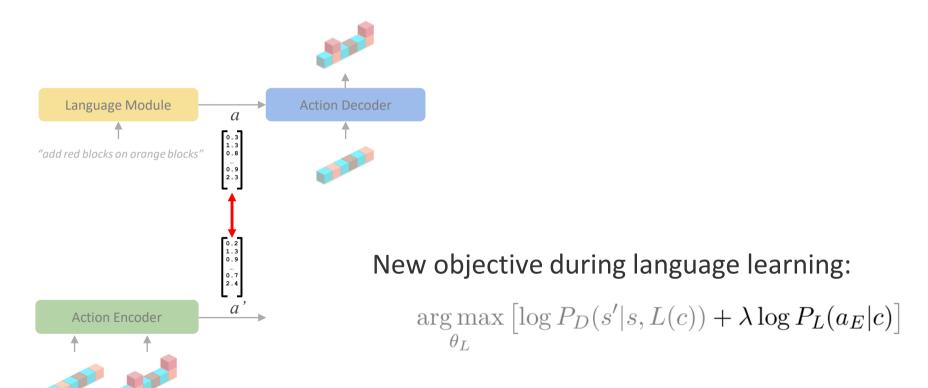














Results

+1.7

Baseline Neural



Environment Learning



Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)



Results

Baseline Neural



Environment Learning

28.5%

+.9

Logical Forms (Wang et al. 2016)



String Manipulation Task

```
c replace consonants with p x
```

s fines

s' pxipxepx

```
c add a letter k before every b
```

s rabbles

 s^\prime rakbkbles

```
c replace vowel consonant pairing with v g
```

s thatched

s' thygchyg

c add b for the third letter

s thanks

s' thbanks



Baseline Neural





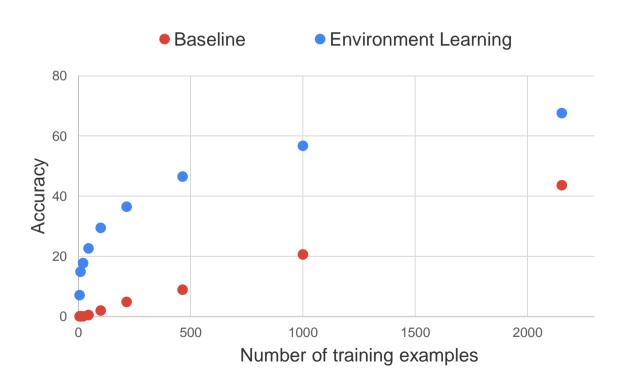
Baseline Neural



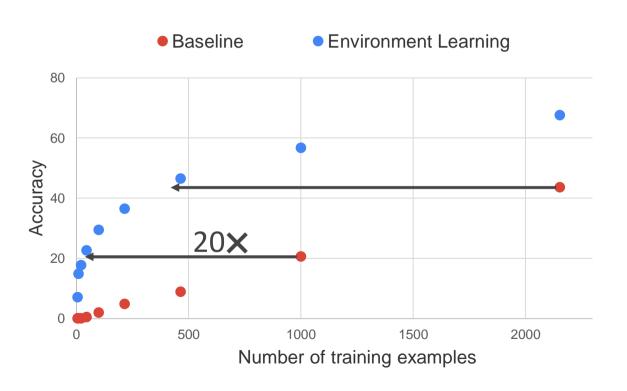
Environment Learning

46.5%



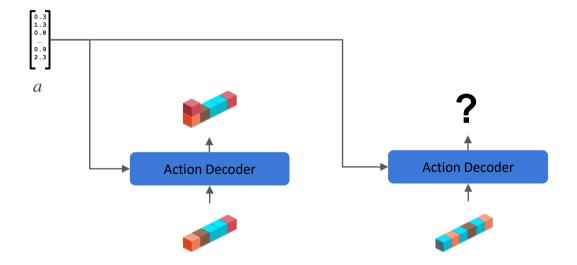




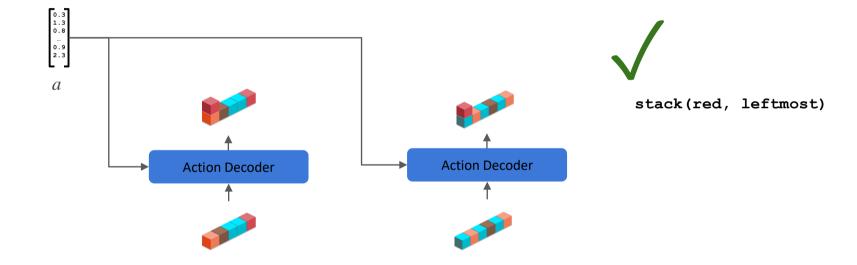


Question: Do our representations behave like logical forms?

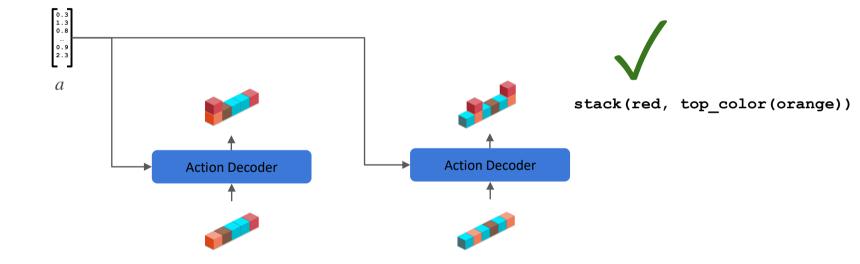




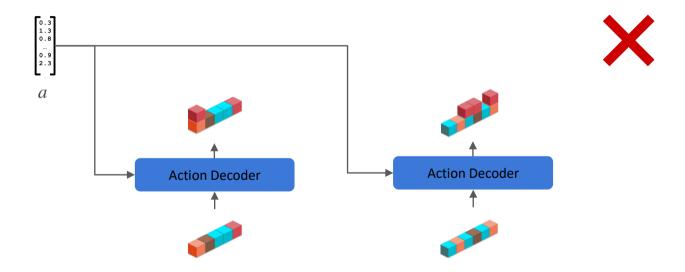
















84% consistent with logical form16%





Conclusions

Neural models struggle from lack of inductive bias

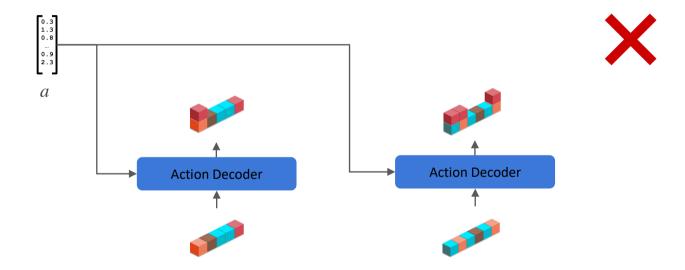
It is possible to learn good representations with unsupervised observation

Mapping to pre-learned representations makes instruction following more data efficient



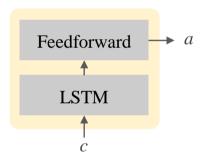
Thanks!





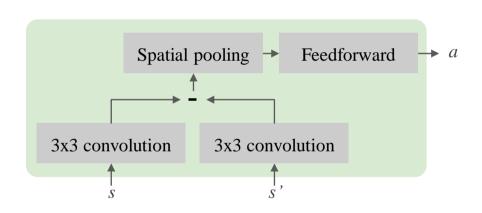


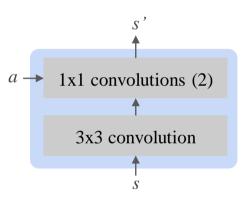
Language Module





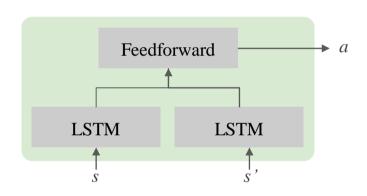
Block Stacking Modules

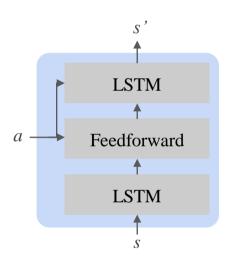






String Manipulation Modules







Transition Examples

