## File: StemSentimentAnalysis.py

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import os.path as op
import numpy as np
from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
import nltk
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
from nltk import SnowballStemmer, pos_tag
# Load data
print("Loading dataset")
from glob import glob
# filenames_neg = sorted(glob(op.join('..', 'data', 'imdb1', 'neg', '*.txt')))
# filenames_pos = sorted(glob(op.join('..', 'data', 'imdb1', 'pos', '*.txt')))
filenames_neg = sorted(glob(op.join('imdb1', 'neg', '*.txt')))
filenames_pos = sorted(glob(op.join('imdb1', 'pos', '*.txt')))
#filenames_neg = ["ciao.txt", "help.txt", "ciao1.txt"]
#filenames_pos = ["ciao2.txt", "ciao3.txt", "ciao4.txt"]
texts_neg = [open(f).read() for f in filenames_neg]
texts_pos = [open(f).read() for f in filenames_pos]
stopwords = open("english.stop").read()
texts = texts_neg + texts_pos
y = np.ones(len(texts), dtype=np.int)
y[:len(texts_neg)] = 0.
print("%d documents" % len(texts))
# Initialize stemmer - no need to ignore stopwords, I check in count_words
stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")
# Start part to fill in
def count_words(texts):
   """Vectorize text : return count of each word in the text snippets
   Parameters
   texts: list of str
     The texts
   Returns
   vocabulary : dict
      A dictionary that points to an index in counts for each word.
   counts : ndarray, shape (n_samples, n_features)
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The counts of each word in each text.
        n samples == number of documents.
        n_features == number of words in vocabulary.
   # Create the set of stopwords
    stopwords_set = set()
    for word in stopwords.split("\n"):
        stopwords_set.add(word)
   # Create the set of words
   words = set()
    for text in texts:
        # Read a string from text
        for word in text.split(" "):
            # Add to set if not stopword ...
            if word not in stopwords_set:
                stemmed_word = stemmer.stem(word)
                # ... and if it's noun [NN*], verb [VB*], adverb [RB*] or adjective [
                if (pos_tag([stemmed_word])[0][1] in ['NN', 'VB', 'RB', 'JJ']):
                    words.add(stemmed_word)
   # Create vocabulary <word, index in counts>
   vocabulary = {}
   i = 0
    for word in words:
       vocabulary[word] = i
        i += 1
    # Create the counts matrix - a line for a document, a value is a frequency of ter
    n_features = len(words)
    counts = np.zeros((len(texts), n_features))
   k = 0 # index of document
   for text in texts:
        for word in text.split(" "):
            if word not in stopwords_set:
                stemmed_word = stemmer.stem(word)
                if stemmed_word in vocabulary:
                    counts[k][vocabulary[stemmed_word]] += 1 # term frequency
        k += 1
    return vocabulary, counts
class NB(BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin):
   def __init__(self):
       pass
   def fit(self, X, y):
        \# V \leftarrow extractVocabulary(texts) = (vocabulary) = X
        # N <- countDocs(texts) = len(texts)(
       self.N = X.shape[0]
       # C <- classes = unique values of y
       self.C = np.unique(y)
        # count docs in class = count 0/1 in y
        counts = np.bincount(y)
        self.prior = {}
       self.tct = {}
        for c in self.C:
            self.tct[c] = np.zeros(X.shape[1])
            # compute a priori probability
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self.prior[c] = counts[int(c)]/self.N
            # compute freq of words in class
            for i in range(len(y)):
                if y[i] == c:
                    self.tct[c] += X[i]
        # Laplacian smoothing - updating tct
        self.condprob = {}
        for c in self.C:
            self.condprob[c] = np.zeros(X.shape[1])
        for c in self.C:
            den = np.sum(self.tct[c])+len(self.tct[c])
            for t in range(len(self.tct[c])):
                self.condprob[c][t] = (self.tct[c][t]+1)/den
        return self
   def predict(self, X):
        score = np.zeros((self.N, len(self.C)))
        for c in self.C:
            score[:,int(c)] = np.log(self.prior[c])
        for x in range(X.shape[0]):
            for c in self.C:
                for t in range(X.shape[1]):
                    if X[x][t] != 0:
                        score[x,int(c)] += np.log(self.condprob[c][t])
        result = [np.argmax(score[x]) for x in range(X.shape[0])]
        return result
   def score(self, X, y):
        prediction = self.predict(X)
        return np.mean(prediction == y)
# Count words in text
vocabulary, X = count_words(texts)
# Try to fit, predict and score
nb = NB()
nb.fit(X[::2], y[::2])
# print (nb.score(X[1::2], y[1::2]))
scores = cross_val_score(nb, X[1::2], y[1::2], cv=5)
print("Accuracy: %0.2f (+/- %0.2f)" % (scores.mean(), scores.std() * 2
```