




Daniel Gamboa


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BASIC INFO


< > Test: Computer Science - Python III  Solved: 6/6
- Module Project

 Similarity: none

 Score: 1400/1400

 Finished On: 07 Apr 2021

 Time Taken: 89m/168h

 Labels: -

Task	Solve Time	Score	Similarity
csTimeComplexity	1min	100/100	-
csSpaceComplexity	1min	100/100	-
csLongestPossible	14min	300/300	none
csSortedTwoSum	8min	300/300	none
csFindAddedLetter	16min	300/300	none
csFirstUniqueChar	41min	300/300	none

Task details: [csTimeComplexity](#)

Description:

Using Big O notation, what is the correct classification of time complexity for the function below?

```
def do_lots_of_things(items):  
    last = len(items) - 1  
    print(items[last])  
  
    middle = len(items) / 2  
    i = 0  
    while i < middle:  
        print(items[i])  
        i += 1  
  
    for num in range(100):  
        print(num)
```

☒ $O(n)$ *(Correct)*☐ $O(\log n)$ *(Incorrect)*☐ $O(n^2)$ *(Incorrect)*☐ $O(1)$ *(Incorrect)*

Task details: **csSpaceComplexity**

Description:

Using Big O notation, what is the correct classification of space complexity for the function below?

```
def do_a_couple_things(n):  
    my_list = []  
    my_second_list = [0] * 26  
  
    for _ in range(n):  
        my_list.append("lambda")  
        print(my_second_list[n % 25])  
  
    return my_list
```

☒ $O(n)$ *(Correct)*☐ $O(1)$ *(Incorrect)*☐ $O(2n)$ *(Incorrect)*☐ $O(n^2)$ *(Incorrect)*

Task details: **csLongestPossible**

Description:

Given two strings that include only lowercase alpha characters, `str_1` and `str_2`, write a function that returns a new sorted string that contains any character (only once) that appeared in `str_1` or `str_2`.

Examples:

- `csLongestPossible("aabbabbcccddef", "xxyyzzzz") -> "abcdefxyz"`
- `csLongestPossible("abc", "abc") -> "abc"`

Solution (main.py3):

```
1 def csLongestPossible(str_1, str_2):
2     combined_strings = list(str_1 + str_2)
3     combined_strings.sort()
4     combined_remove_dups = list(dict.fromkeys(combined_strings))
5     return "".join(combined_remove_dups)
6
```

Task details: **csSortedTwoSum**

Description:

Given a sorted array (in ascending order) of integers and a target, write a function that finds the two integers that add up to the target.

Examples:

- `csSortedTwoSum([3,8,12,16], 11) -> [0,1]`
- `csSortedTwoSum([3,4,5], 8) -> [0,2]`
- `csSortedTwoSum([0,1], 1) -> [0,1]`

Notes:

- Each input will have exactly one solution.
- You may not use the same element twice.

Solution (main.py3):

```
1 def csSortedTwoSum(numbers, target):
2     for i_a, n in enumerate(numbers):
3         for i_b in range(i_a + 1, len(numbers)):
4             if n + numbers[i_b] == target:
5                 return [i_a, i_b]
```

Task details: **csFindAddedLetter**

Description:

You are given two strings, `str_1` and `str_2`, where `str_2` is generated by randomly shuffling `str_1` and then adding one letter at a random position.

Write a function that returns the letter that was added to `str_2`.

Examples:

- `csFindAddedLetter(str_1 = "bcde", str_2 = "bcdef") -> "f"`
- `csFindAddedLetter(str_1 = "", str_2 = "z") -> "z"`
- `csFindAddedLetter(str_1 = "b", str_2 = "bb") -> "b"`
- `csFindAddedLetter(str_1 = "bf", str_2 = "bfb") -> "b"`

Notes:

- `str_1` and `str_2` both consist of only lowercase alpha characters.

Solution (main.py3):

```
1 def csFindAddedLetter(str_1, str_2):
2     str_1_list = list(str_1)
3     str_2_list = list(str_2)
4
5     str_1_list.sort()
6     str_2_list.sort()
7
8     for i, c in enumerate(str_1_list):
9         if c != str_2_list[i]:
10             return str_2_list[i]
11
12     return str_2_list[-1]
13
```

Task details: **csFirstUniqueChar**

Description:

Given a string, write a function that returns the index of the first unique (non-repeating) character. If there isn't a unique (non-repeating) character, return -1.

Examples:

- `csFirstUniqueChar(input_str = "lambdaschool") -> 2`
- `csFirstUniqueChar(input_str = "ilovelambdaschool") -> 0`
- `csFirstUniqueChar(input_str = "vvv") -> -1`

Notes:

- `input_str` will only contain lowercase alpha characters.

Solution (main.py3):

```
1 def csFirstUniqueChar(input_str):
2     tracker = dict.fromkeys(input_str, 0)
3     index_list = []
4
5     for i, c in enumerate(input_str):
6         tracker[c] += 1
7
8     for c, v in tracker.items():
9         if v == 1:
10             index_list.append(input_str.index(c))
11
12     if len(index_list) == 0:
13         return -1
14
15     return min(index_list)
16
```