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Problem I. Run Huffman algorithm Scheme SICP code (an adaptation into Racket is also allowed) on the example from week 3 lectures (figures 1-2). Provide examples of encoding and decoding.

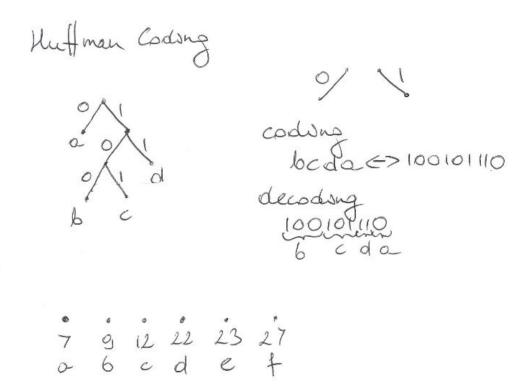
All programming targets were achieved to the 3rd degree. Below is proof of program correctness.

The following code was implemented from the week 3 lectures (figures 1-2). We chose to implement this in Racket.

```
#lang racket
;Leaves of the tree are represented by a list consisting of the symbol leaf
the symbol at the leaf, and the weight;
(define (make-leaf symbol weight)
 (list 'leaf symbol weight))
(define (leaf? object)
 (eq? (car object) 'leaf))
(define (symbol-leaf x) (cadr x))
(define (weight-leaf x) (caddr x))
Creating left branch and right branch
(define (make-code-tree left right)
 (list left
        right
        (append (symbols left) (symbols right))
        (+ (weight left) (weight right))))
(define (left-branch tree) (car tree))
(define (right-branch tree) (cadr tree))
(define (symbols tree)
 (if (leaf? tree)
      (list (symbol-leaf tree))
      (caddr tree)))
Defining the weight of the tree
(define (weight tree)
 (if (leaf? tree)
      (weight-leaf tree)
      (cadddr tree)))
```

```
9 ;Decoding Huffman Tree
8 (define (decode bits tree)
    (define (decode-1 bits current-branch)
      (if (null? bits)
          10
          (let ((next-branch
                 (choose-branch (car bits) current-branch)))
            (if (leaf? next-branch)
                (cons (symbol-leaf next-branch)
                      (decode-1 (cdr bits) tree))
                (decode-1 (cdr bits) next-branch)))))
    (decode-1 bits tree))
 (define (choose-branch bit branch)
    (cond ((= bit 0) (left-branch branch))
          ((= bit 1) (right-branch branch))
          (else (error "bad bit -- CHOOSE-BRANCH" bit))))
2 ;Encoding the message
 (define (encode message tree)
    (if (null? message)
        O
        (append (encode-symbol (car message) tree)
                (encode (cdr message) tree))))
5 (define (encode-symbol symbol tree)
    (cond ((not (memq symbol (symbols tree)))
           (error "bad symbol -- ENCODE-SYMBOL" symbol))
          ((leaf? tree) '())
          ((memq symbol (symbols (left-branch tree)))
           (cons 0 (encode-symbol symbol (left-branch tree))))
          ((memq symbol (symbols (right-branch tree)))
           (cons 1 (encode-symbol symbol (right-branch tree))))))
6 ;Merging new leaves onto a branch
5 (define (adjoin-set x set)
    (cond ((null? set) (list x))
          ((< (weight x) (weight (car set))) (cons x set))</pre>
          (else (cons (car set)
                      (adjoin-set x (cdr set))))))
9 ;Creating pairs to merge
8 (define (make-leaf-set pairs)
    (if (null? pairs)
        '()
        (let ((pair (car pairs)))
          (adjoin-set (make-leaf (car pair) ; symbol
                                 (cadr pair)) ; frequency
                      (make-leaf-set (cdr pairs))))))
```

Figure 1:



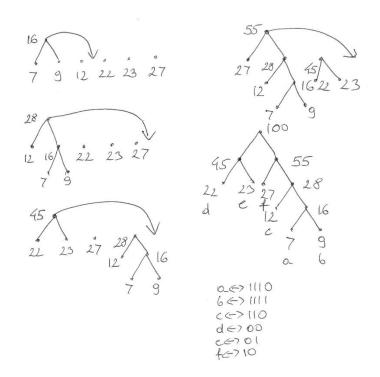
This is the Racket implementation for this tree:

This is the output of the above code:

```
Encoding figure 1 - 'BCDA'
'(1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0)
Decoding figure 1 - 'BCDA'
'(B C D A)
```

It is clear that the output from the program matches what is shown in Figure 1.

Figure 2:



This is the Racket implementation for this tree:

This is the output of the above code:

```
Encoding figure 2 - 'BCDA'
'(1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0)
Decoding figure 2 - 'BCDA'
'(B C D A)
```

It is clear that the output from the program matches what is shown in Figure 2.