

## INTRODUCTION TO WEB DEVELOPMENT

## Introduction to Web Development

#### **Course Outline**

- What does a web developer do?
- What software do I need to install to get started?
- What do I need to know about my computer and the Internet to get started with web development?





## Part 1: What does a Web Developer Do?

## • Why Web Development & Who It's For?

Web development is packed with challenging concepts, theories and projects.

Above all, this is one of the few jobs, where demand increases faster than supply.

There is a reasonable entry barrier.

Once you overcome it, new doors open for you that are unlikely to close throughout your career.

Web development is your entry ticket to IT.

#### Web development is for you if

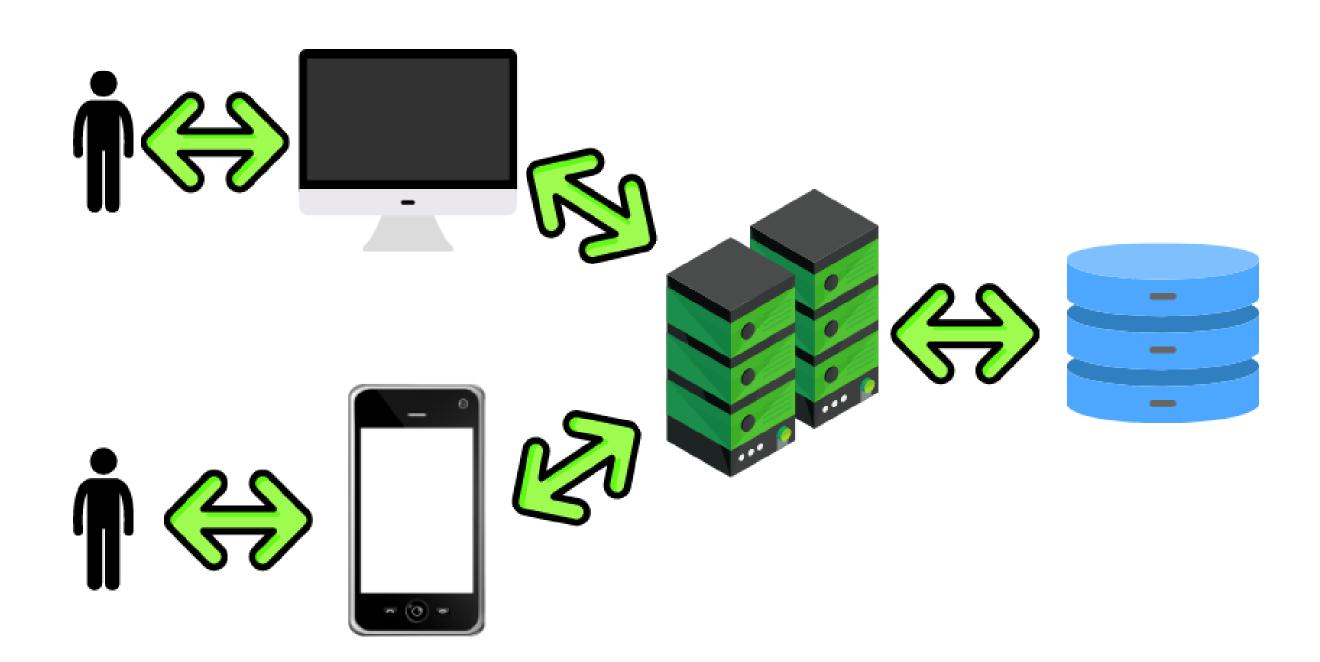
- You are someone who appreciates visually stunning websites and applications and wondered how all that happened
- You are passionate about creating real-life web solutions for businesses
- You are currently considering career change but do not know where to start
- You are an entrepreneur and want to launch your business online yourself
- You are employed in a field that you either do not enjoy anymore and looking something that provides tremendous freelancing opportunities
- You recently graduated from college but want to add something practical to your portfolio



## Frontend and Backend Development

Frontend developer: creates websites and web applications that interact with the end user.

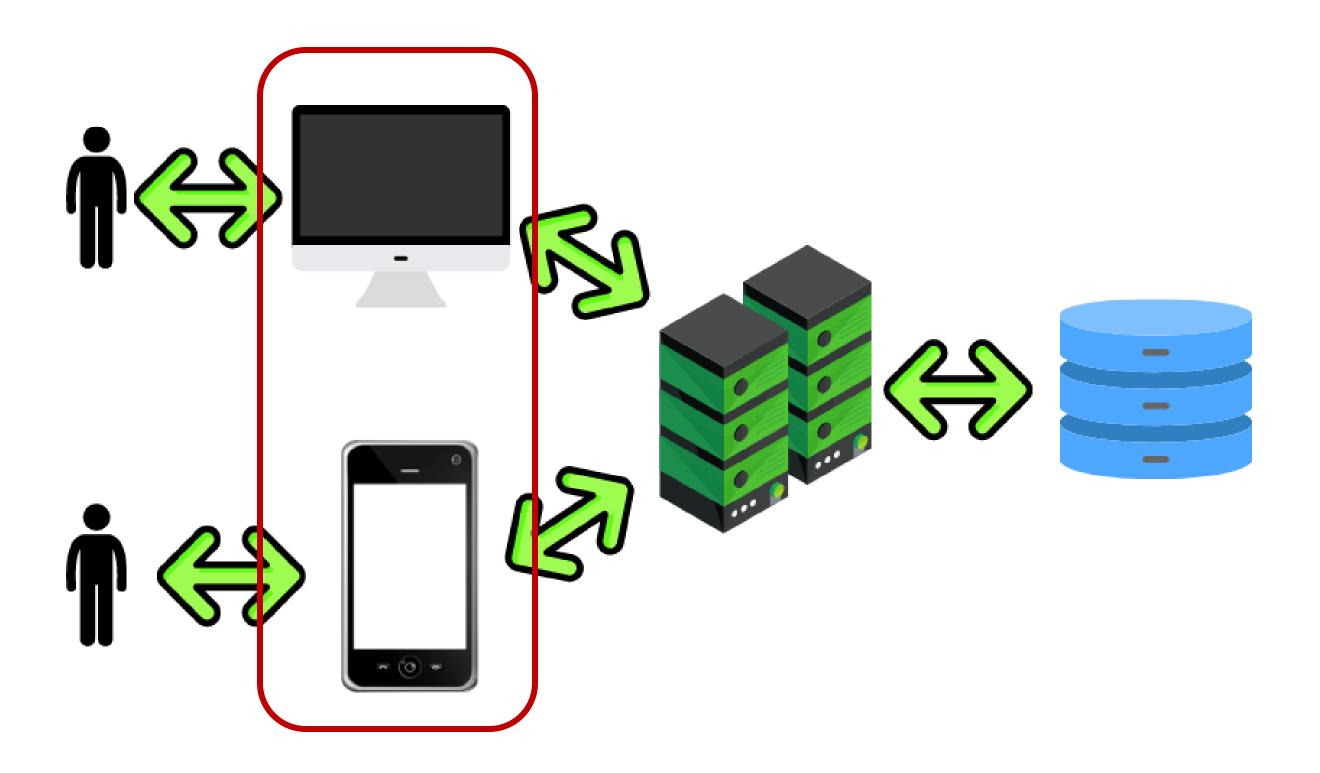
**Backend developer**: reads/writes databases, files, and other assets in persistent storage; organizes and prepares data for other backend and frontend services. Authenticates and authorizes users.



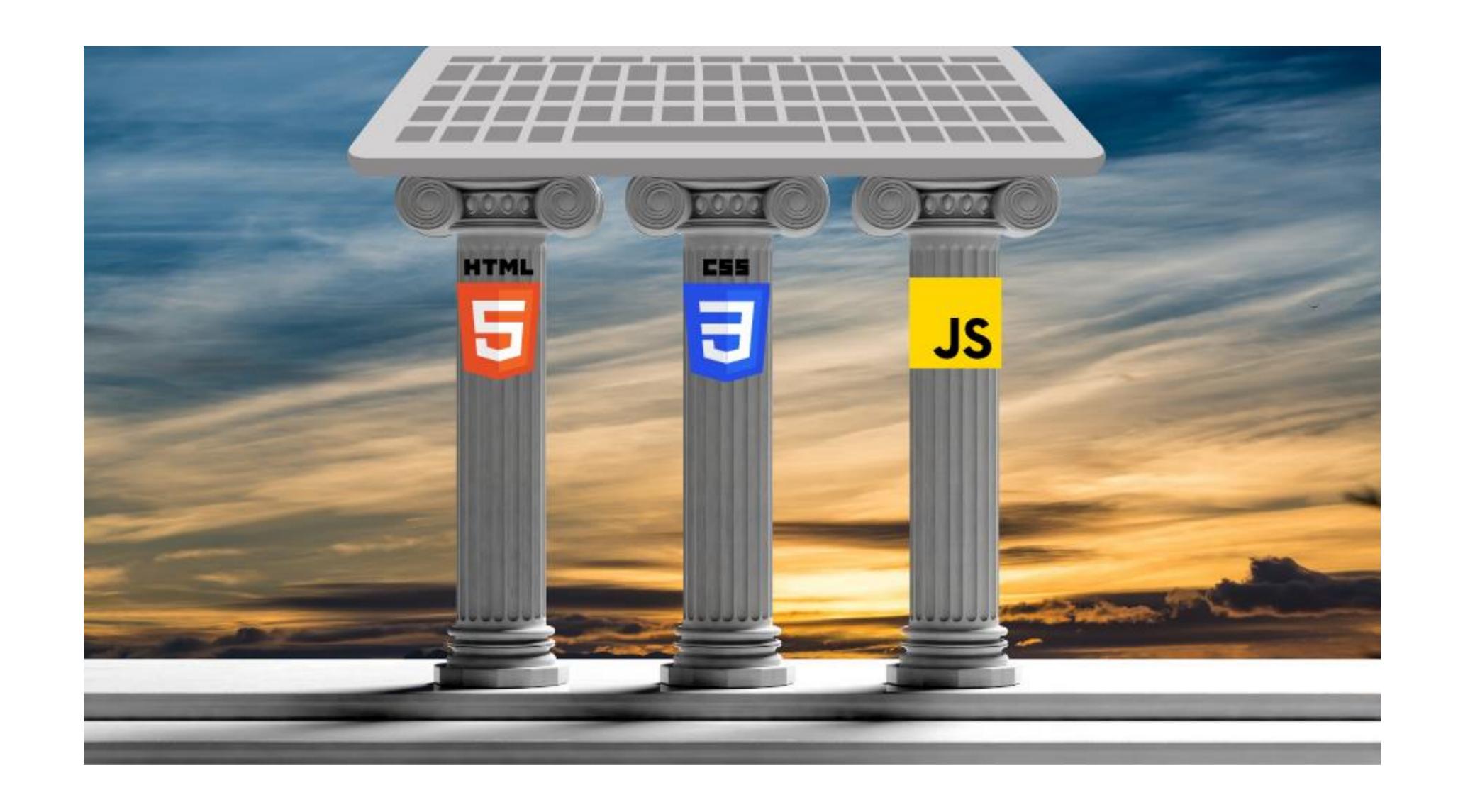
## Technologies in Frontend Development

#### Frontend development:

- Core technologies: HTML, CSS, JavaScript.
- Frameworks, libraries (examples): Sass, Bootstrap, React, Redux, jQuery, TypeScript



## The Three Pillars of Frontend Development



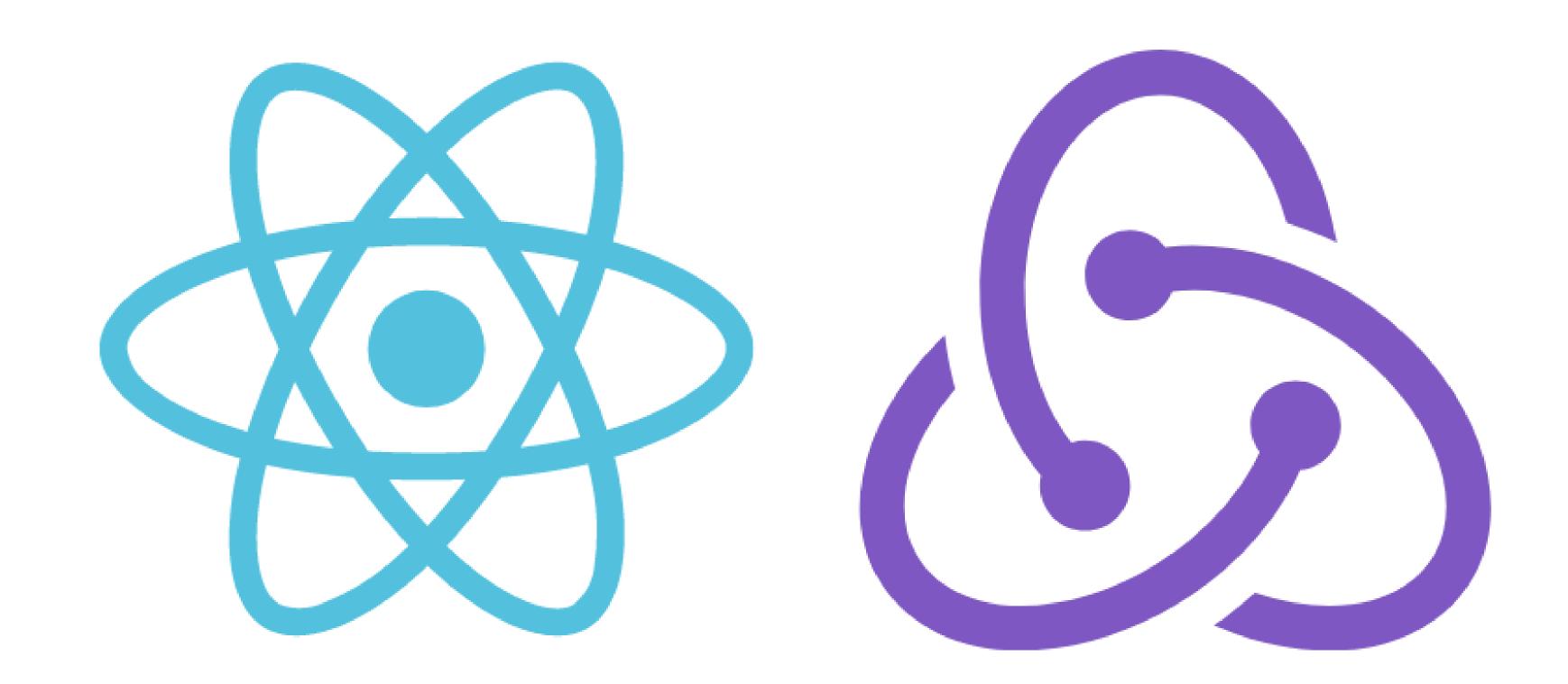
## Bootstrap 5 CSS Framework



## TypeScript



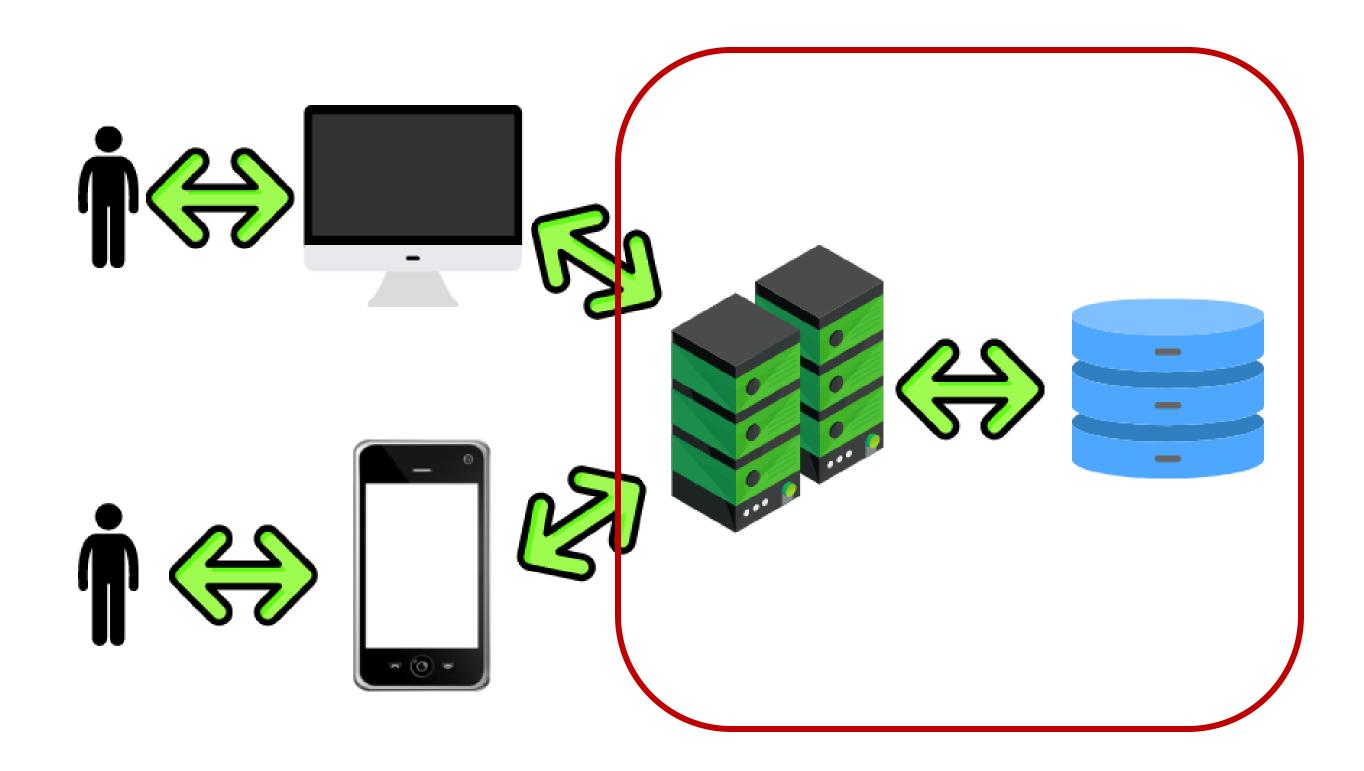
## React.js, Redux



## Technologies in Backend Development

#### **Backend development:**

- Core technologies: Python, node.js, SQL, Mongo.db
- Frameworks, libraries (examples): Django, Express



## SQL or MongoDB







## Node.js + express



## • How to get hired as a Web Developer?

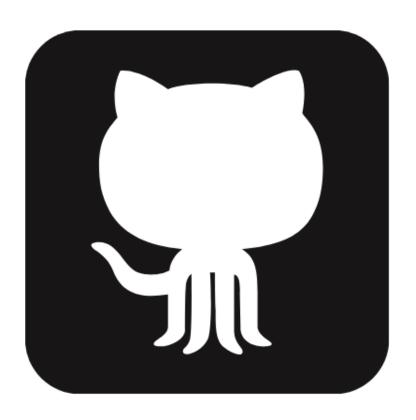
- 1. Time management, learn how to learn
- 2. Increase your competence and problemsolving skills
- 3. Build cool portfolio projects on GitHub
- 4. Career changer application package
- 5. Gain interviewing experience and continue building cool things



## Portfolio and GitHub Profile

#### Your most important assets

- Snapshots on what it is like to work with you
- Quality over quantity
- Anyone can write anything in their resume. Writing code and talking about it during an interview reveals a lot more about you



## • How to get hired as a Web Developer?

#### **Common myths**

- 1. BSc, MSc, PhD
- 2. To gain experience, you need verifiable work experience
- 3. Certifications
- 4. Something is wrong with me
- 5. My performance has to be perfect
- 6. I need to meet all requirements in the job ad



## Part 2: Installing software for web development

### Browsers

#### Install Google Chrome to get started

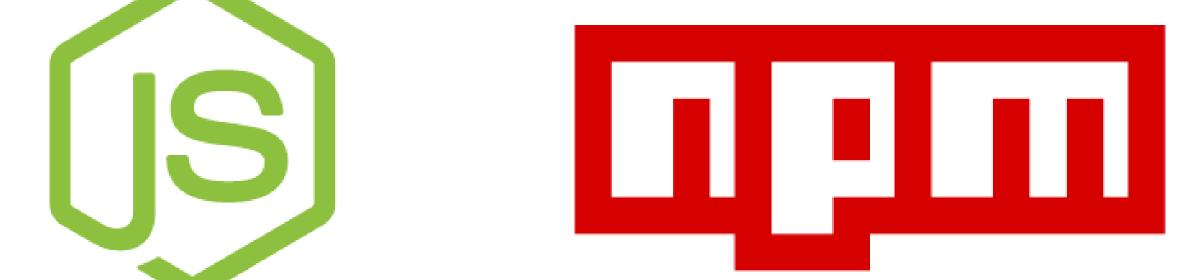
- https://www.google.com/intl/en\_us/chrome/
- Later, install browsers with significant market share
- Browser trends: <a href="https://financesonline.com/browser-trends/">https://financesonline.com/browser-trends/</a>



## Node.js and Node Package Manager (npm)

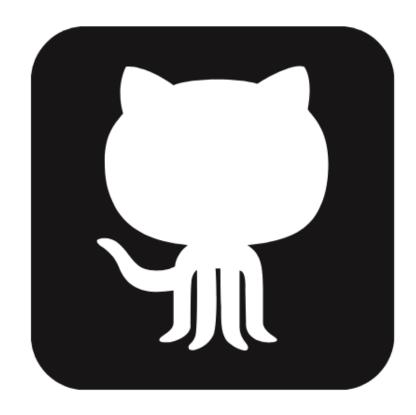
Install the LTS (Long-Term Support) version of Node+npm from here: <a href="https://nodejs.org/en/">https://nodejs.org/en/</a>





## Git and GitHub

- Register an account on github.com
- Download git on git-scm.com
- Optional for Windows users: <a href="https://gitforwindows.org/">https://gitforwindows.org/</a>



## • Integrated Development Environment

- Visual Studio Code (<a href="https://code.visualstudio.com/">https://code.visualstudio.com/</a>)
- Most popular option (<a href="https://stateofjs.com/">https://stateofjs.com/</a>)
- Extra packages (demo)
- Integrated terminal
- Example: html, css, JavaScript, node



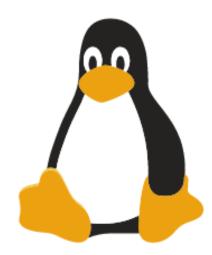


# Part 3: Folders, Files, Terminal, Computer Networks

## Operating Systems

- Manages files and folders
- Running applications
- Scheduling tasks
- Network communication
- Performs computation
- Handles Input-Output devices
- Manages credentials







## Terminal, Command Prompt

```
rom 192.168.1.1: bytes=32
From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=5ms
From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=174ms
 from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=191ms
  From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=205ms
   From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=36ms
  From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=100ms
hytes=32 time=100ms
hytes=32 time=100ms
   From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 times.

bytes=32 times.

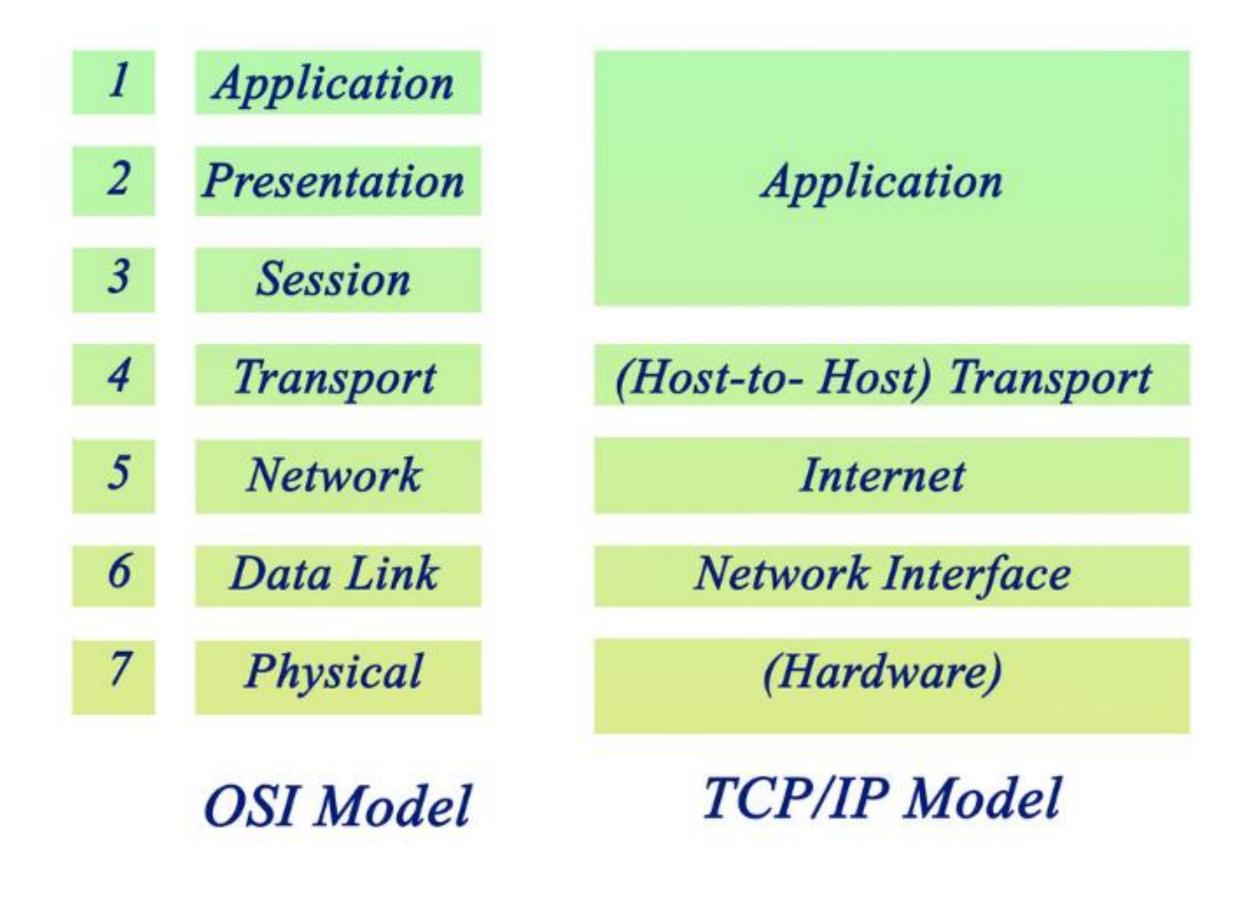
bytes=32 times.

bytes=32 times.
     From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32
     From 192.168.1.1: bytes
```

## Network communication

- A combination of protocols help you use the services of other servers
- Layers: ISO-OSI model (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OSI\_model">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OSI\_model</a>)
- TCP/IP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet\_protocol\_suite)

## Network communication



(source: canva.com)

## • Addressing a resource on the Internet

- URL (Universal Resource Locator): <a href="https://www.google.com">https://www.google.com</a>
- IP address: 42.250.74.206
  - Terminal: ping google.com
- Special IP address: 127.0.0.1 or localhost
  - Exercise: launch the Live Server on Visual Studio Code

## Http

- HyperText Transfer Protocol
- Application layer
- Built on top of TCP
- What happens when you enter a URL in the browser of your client computer?
  - 1. Client requests IP address from DNS (Domain Name Server)
  - 2. Client receive IP address from DNS
  - Client sends an HTTP request to the server having the previously requested IP address
  - 4. The requested resource is transferred from the server to the client via TCP

## Https

- HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure
- Encrypted HTTP connection
- Web development: it is not possible refer to http resources on an https page

### Ports

- Imagine them as gates, where messages are received from the network
- Port 80: http. Port 443: https.
- Ports below 1024 are reserved for system processes. The rest are open to software developers.

## Checkpoint

- 1. Know how to navigate in the file system of your OS using Finder or Windows Explorer
- 2. Know how to use the terminal
- 3. Know what a URL is
- 4. Understand why sending http://127.0.0.1:5000/index.html to your friend is not too useful
- 5. Understand that https websites cannot refer to http resources

## Summary, next steps

- Tasks and technologies used in Frontend, Backend, Full Stack Web Development
- Necessary software for web development
- Operating systems and Networking basics for web development

#### **Next steps:**

- Start with the principles of Frontend Development
  - HTML, CSS, JavaScript
  - WYSIWYG: immediate gratification
- Time management: learning Web Development is a marathon, not a sprint