# **Final Database**

## **Daniel Gisolfi**

Section 112

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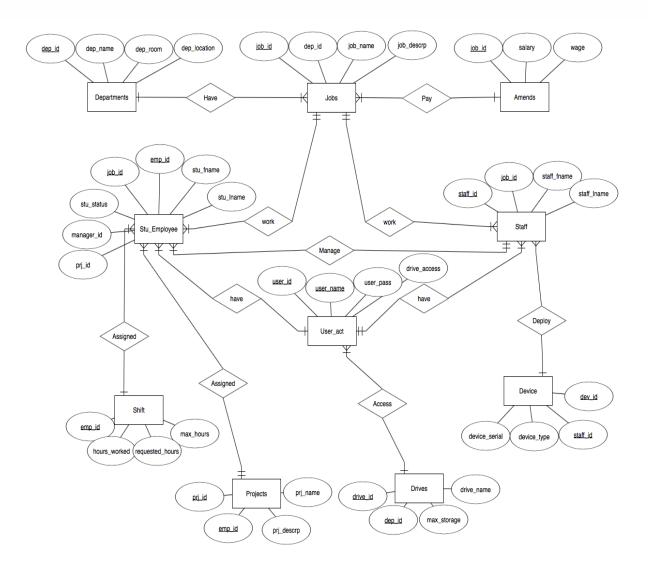
# **Database Description**

I have chosen to create a relational database of the department I work in, Marist college IT. The IT department at Marist is a perfect example of a database as there are many groups of people who interact with each other and have different access, managers, and pay. The department itself has many sub-departments that work as small pieces in the main IT department. It will be useful to represent these small sub-departments as well as their relationships with the college, technology, and others. This Database is a good representation of how the Information department currently is set up and operates, this will help in developing a working database that corresponds to this diagram.

### **Business Rules**

- Within the IT Department there are sub-departments, each sub-department has a building location, room number, and name
- There are jobs in each department and a job can only belong to one department, each job is described with a name and description as well as a corresponding department
- All jobs have amends and are paid either a salary or an hourly wage depending on the job, a job can only have one pay option
- Jobs are worked by either student employees or staff, a student employee is a student of the college works part-time at the college. A staff member is a full-time worker at the college.
- Student employees have a status of either commuter or resident and are managed by one staff member
- Student employees are assigned shifts and can only work a set amount of hours usually 20 and request a number of hours they would like to work
- Student employees are assigned projects that have set names and descriptions
- Staff may be deployed a device which has a serial and is either a desktop or laptop
- Everyone whether student employee or staff have a user account, the username is set as there first name and they set there own password
- All user accounts can be given access to drives, drives have a name and a maximum storage that cannot be exceeded(it can be increased, however)

# **ER Diagram**



## **Table Definitions**

### **Amends**

**3NF Justification** - This table is in 3rd normal form because there is a defined key: job\_id which references Jobs: job\_id and does not have any transitive dependencies, job\_id is out of the table. Additionally no partial dependencies exist.

**Table description** - This table holds all the data for what job gets paid a staff salary or an employee wage as well as what that value is. It has 2 columns for each and either can be null depending on what job it is, determined by the job\_id which is taken from the jobs table.

```
1  --Amends.sql
2  --Create and populate Amends Table
3  --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
4  --DB Management Final Project
5
6  CREATE TABLE Amends(
```

```
7
        job_id
                            int
                                               NOT NULL,
 8
        salary
                           int,
 9
        wage
                          DECIMAL(5,2));
10
    ADD CONSTRAINT fk job id Amends FOREIGN KEY (job id) REFERENCES
11
    jobs(job_id);
12
13
    -- Input all staff pay
14
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
15
        VALUES (1, 60000);
16
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
17
        VALUES (3, 60000);
18
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
19
        VALUES (5, 60000);
20
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
        VALUES (7, 60000);
21
22
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
23
        VALUES (9, 60000);
24
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
25
        VALUES (11, 60000);
26
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, salary)
27
        VALUES (13, 60000);
28
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, salary)
29
        VALUES (15, 60000);
30
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, salary)
31
        VALUES (17, 60000);
32
33
    -- Insert all employees pay
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, wage)
34
35
        VALUES (2, 10.40);
36
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, wage)
        VALUES (4, 10.40);
37
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, wage)
38
39
        VALUES (6, 10.40);
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, wage)
40
41
        VALUES (8, 10.40);
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, wage)
42
        VALUES (10, 10.40);
43
44
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, wage)
45
        VALUES (12, 10.40);
46
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, wage)
47
        VALUES (14, 10.40);
48
    INSERT INTO Amends (job_id, wage)
49
        VALUES (16, 10.40);
50
    INSERT INTO Amends (job id, wage)
51
        VALUES (18, 10.40);
```

## **Departments**

**3NF Justification** - This table is in 3rd normal form because there is a defined primary key: dep\_id and does not have any transitive dependencies. Additionally no partial dependencies exist.

**Table description** - This table defines the specifics of each sub-department within IT, including the name, location and room number of each department. This is necessary to refer to when finding what staff or employees are located where.

```
--Departments.sql
 1
    -- Create and populate Departments Table
    --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
    -- DB Management Final Project
5
    CREATE TABLE Departments(
 6
7
        dep_id
                                              NOT NULL,
 8
        dep_name
                       VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
       dep_location VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
9
        dep room
10
                      int.
                                      NOT NULL);
11
12
13
14
   ADD CONSTRAINT pk dep id PRIMARY KEY (dep id);
15
16
   INSERT INTO Customers (dep id, dep name, dep location, dep room)
17
        VALUES (1, 'Desktop', 'Donnelly', 101);
18
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep id, dep name, dep location, dep room)
19
       VALUES ( 2, 'Resnet', 'Donnelly', 101);
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep id, dep name, dep location, dep room)
        VALUES (3, 'Help Desk', 'Donnelly', 258);
21
22
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep id, dep name, dep location, dep room)
23
        VALUES (4, 'Web Services', 'Library', 310);
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep id, dep name, dep location, dep room)
        VALUES (5, 'Applications', 'Donnelly', 260);
25
26
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep id, dep name, dep location, dep room)
        VALUES ( 6, 'Digital Education', 'Donnelly', 260);
27
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep_id, dep_name, dep_location, dep_room)
        VALUES (7, 'Networking', 'Donnelly', 110);
29
30
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep_id, dep_name, dep_location, dep_room)
31
        VALUES ( 8, 'Telecom', 'Donnelly', 110);
    INSERT INTO Customers (dep_id, dep_name, dep_location, dep_room)
32
        VALUES ( 9, 'Card Services', 'Donnelly', 110);
33
```

## **Devices**

**3NF Justification** - This table exists in 3rd normal form, there is a primary key and the transitive dependency was taken out of the table and exists as a foreign key, additionally there are no partial dependencies

**Table description** - This table defines what devices are deployed to who. This is only an option for staff and is a value of either Laptop or Desktop for dev\_type. Additionally, there is a dev\_id and a serial number to identify the device.

```
--Devices.sql
 2
   --Create and populate Devices Table
 3
   --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
4
   --DB Management Final Project
5
 6
   CREATE TABLE Devices(
                                   NOT NULL,
     dev_id int
7
     staff_id int
                                    NOT NULL,
8
9
      dev_type VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll,
     dev_serial VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll);
10
11
   ADD CONSTRAINT pk_dev_id PRIMARY KEY (dev_id);
12
   ADD CONSTRAINT fk staff id dev FOREIGN KEY (staff id) REFERENCES
13
    Staff(staff id);
14
15
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
16
       VALUES (1, 1, 'Desktop', 'F3K8D7B5');
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev id, staff id, dev type, dev serial)
17
      VALUES (2, 2, 'Desktop', 'V6K8D7B5');
18
19
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
       VALUES (3, 3, 'Laptop', 'J7K8D7B5');
20
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
21
       VALUES (4, 4, 'Desktop', 'Q8K8D7B5');
22
23
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
       VALUES (5, 5, 'Laptop', 'P3K8D7B5');
24
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
25
       VALUES (6, 6, 'Laptop', 'S3K8D7B5');
26
27
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
       VALUES (7, 7, 'Laptop', 'L3K8D7B5');
28
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev id, staff id, dev type, dev serial)
29
       VALUES (8, 8, 'Desktop', 'D3K8D7B5');
30
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev_id, staff_id, dev_type, dev_serial)
31
       VALUES (9, 9, 'Desktop', 'T3K8D7B5');
32
33
   INSERT INTO shifts (dev id, staff id, dev type, dev serial)
       VALUES (10, 10, 'Laptop', 'R3K8D7B5');
34
```

## **Drives**

**3NF Justification** - This table is in 3rd normal form because there is a primary key: drive\_id and does not have any transitive dependencies, departments is out of the table. Additionally, no partial dependencies exist

**Table description** - This table holds all the data for all shared drives across the department. There are departments with drives and some without, it is even possible for a department to have more than one. Each Drive has an ID, a corresponding department ID, a name and the maximum storage of the drive, which can be altered to allow more room

```
--Drives.sql
    --Create and populate Drives Table
 2
3
    --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
4
    -- DB Management Final Project
   CREATE TABLE Drives(
 6
7
       drive_id
                       int
                                         NOT NULL,
                        int
8
      dep_id
                                           NOT NULL,
9
      drive name
                        VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll,
                         VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll);
10
       max storage
11
12
    ADD CONSTRAINT pk_drive_id PRIMARY KEY (drive_id);
13
    ADD CONSTRAINT fk dep id drive FOREIGN KEY (dep id) REFERENCES
    Departments(dep id);
14
15
16
   INSERT INTO Drives (drive id, dep id, drive name, max storage)
17
        VALUES (1, 1, 'DesktopSharedDrive', '3TB');
18
    INSERT INTO Drives (drive_id, dep_id, drive_name, max_storage)
19
        VALUES (2, 2, 'ResnetSharedDrive', '1TB');
    INSERT INTO Drives (drive id, dep id, drive name, max storage)
20
        VALUES (3, 3, 'HelpDeskSharedDrive', '5TB');
21
    INSERT INTO Drives (drive_id, dep_id, drive_name, max_storage)
22
        VALUES (4, 4, 'WebServicesSharedDrive', '2TB');
23
    INSERT INTO Drives (drive id, dep id, drive name, max storage)
24
        VALUES (5, 5, 'ApplicationsSharedDrive', '1TB');
25
    INSERT INTO Drives (drive_id, dep_id, drive_name, max_storage)
26
        VALUES (6, 6, 'DigitalEducationSharedDrive', '500GB');
27
    INSERT INTO Drives (drive id, dep id, drive name, max storage)
28
        VALUES (7, 7, 'NetworkingSharedDrive', '2TB');
29
   INSERT INTO Drives (drive_id, dep_id, drive_name, max_storage)
30
31
        VALUES (8, 8, 'TelecomSharedDrive', '2TB');
32
   INSERT INTO Drives (drive_id, dep_id, drive_name, max_storage)
        VALUES (9, 9, 'CardServicesSharedDrive', '4TB');
33
34
   INSERT INTO Drives (drive id, dep id, drive name, max storage)
        VALUES (10, 1, 'DesktopDevicesSharedDrive', '10TB');
35
```

# **Jobs**

**3NF Justification** - The jobs table has a primary key of job\_id defined to refer to jobs further down the tables, it also has a foreign key referring to the department in which a job belongs. There are no partial dependencies within the table

**Table description** - This table defines a job with a name and description for each regardless if a person is a staff or a student employee there job is derived from the jobs table along with what department it belongs to.

```
--jobs.sql
    -- Create and populate Jobs Table
 3
    -- Author: Daniel Gisolfi
 4
    -- DB Management Final Project
 5
 6
    CREATE TABLE Jobs (
 7
       job id
                           int
                                              NOT NULL,
       dep id
                         int
                                             NOT NUll,
9
                        VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
       job name
10
        job_descrp
                        VARCHAR2(40) NOT NULL);
11
    ADD CONSTRAINT pk job id PRIMARY KEY (job id);
12
13
    ADD CONSTRAINT fk_dep_id_jobs FOREIGN KEY (dep_id) REFERENCES
    Departments(dep_id);
14
15
16
    -- Insert all entries for all departments
17
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
18
        VALUES ( 1, 1, 'Desktop Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the Desktop
    department');
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
19
20
        VALUES ( 2, 1, 'Desktop Employee', 'Works in the Desktop department');
21
22
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
        VALUES ( 3, 2, 'Resnet Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the Resnet
23
    department');
24
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
25
        VALUES ( 4, 2, 'Resnet Employee', 'Works in the Resnet department');
26
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
27
        VALUES ( 5, 3, 'Help Desk Admin', 'Manages employees and runs the Help
28
    Desk department');
29
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
30
        VALUES ( 6, 3, 'Help Desk Employee', 'Works in the Help Desk
    department');
31
```

```
32
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
33
        VALUES ( 7, 4, 'Web Services Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the Web
    Services department');
34
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
        VALUES ( 8, 4, 'Web Services Employee', 'Works in the Web Services
35
    department');
36
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
37
38
        VALUES ( 9, 5, 'Applications Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the
    Applications department');
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
39
40
        VALUES ( 10, 5, 'Applications Employee', 'Works in the Applications
    department');
41
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
42
        VALUES ( 11, 6, 'Digital Education Admin', 'Manage employees and runs
43
    the Digital Education department');
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
44
        VALUES ( 12, 6, 'Digital Education Employee', 'Works in the Digital
45
    Education department');
46
47
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
48
        VALUES ( 13, 7, 'Networking Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the
    Networking department');
49
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
        VALUES ( 14, 7, 'Networking Employee', 'Works in the Networking
50
    department');
51
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job id, dep id, job name, job descrp)
52
        VALUES ( 15, 8, 'Telecom Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the Telecom
53
    department');
54
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
55
        VALUES ( 16, 8, 'Telecom Employee', 'Works in the Telecom department');
56
57
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
58
        VALUES ( 17, 9, 'Card Services Admin', 'Manage employees and runs the
    Card Services department');
59
    INSERT INTO Jobs (job_id, dep_id, job_name, job_descrp)
60
        VALUES ( 18, 9, 'Card Services Employee', 'Works in the Card Services
    department');
```

## **Projects**

**3NF Justification** - This table has a primary key: prj\_id without partial dependencies and its transitive dependency was removed in making it a foreign key

**Table description** - The projects table defines projects that are assigned to stu\_employees only, staff assign these projects and oversee them but that relationship exists in one table higher Stu\_Employee. Each table has a designated id, name description and a corresponding emp\_id referring to Stu\_Employee.

```
--Projects.sql
2
   --Create and populate Projects Table
   --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
3
   --DB Management Final Project
4
5
6
   CREATE TABLE Projects(
7
      prj_id
                      int
                                        NOT NULL,
     emp_id
                      int
                                        NOT NULL,
8
9
      prj name
                     VARCHAR2(30) NOT NUll,
     10
11
   ADD CONSTRAINT pk prj id PRIMARY KEY (prj id);
12
   ADD CONSTRAINT fk_emp_id_prj FOREIGN KEY (emp_id) REFERENCES
13
   Stu_Employee(emp_id);
14
15
   INSERT INTO Projects (prj id, emp id, prj name, prj descrp)
16
       VALUES (1, 3, 'Request Organization', 'Organizing all requests for data
   access');
   INSERT INTO Projects (prj id, emp id, prj name, prj descrp)
17
       VALUES (2, 1, 'Device Deployemnt', 'Organizing all device
18
   deployemnts');
   INSERT INTO Projects (prj_id, emp_id, prj_name, prj_descrp)
19
       VALUES (3, 2, 'Device Repairs', 'Organizing all personal device
20
   repairs');
```

## **Shifts**

**3NF Justification** - This table has a designated key of emp\_id which is a foreign key to Stu\_Employee. There are no transitive or partial dependencies making this table 3rd normal form

**Table description** - The Shifts table designates how many hours an employee has, will and can work. There is a set max amount of hours and is subject to change if it is during the semester or not. The table is connected to the Stu\_Employee through the foreign key emp\_id

```
--Shifts.sql
 2
    -- Create and populate Shifts Table
 3
    --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
 4
    -- DB Management Final Project
 5
    CREATE TABLE Shifts(
 6
 7
       emp_id
                        int
                                   NOT NULL,
      requested_hours int
 8
                                    NOT NULL,
      hours_worked int
 9
                                 NOT NUll,
       max hours
                                  NOT NUll);
10
                       int
11
12
   ADD CONSTRAINT fk_emp_id_shift FOREIGN KEY (emp_id) REFERENCES
    shifts(emp id);
13
14
15
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp_id, requested_hours, hours_worked, max_hours)
       VALUES (1, 17, 15, 20);
16
17
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp_id, requested_hours, hours_worked, max_hours)
       VALUES (2, 10, 12, 20);
18
19
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
20
       VALUES (3, 12, 11, 20);
21
    INSERT INTO shifts (emp_id, requested_hours, hours_worked, max_hours)
22
       VALUES (4, 18, 10, 20);
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
23
       VALUES (5, 20, 15, 20);
24
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
25
26
        VALUES (6, 17, 13, 20);
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
27
        VALUES (7, 18, 16, 20);
28
   INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
29
        VALUES (8, 14, 11, 20);
30
31 INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
32
       VALUES (9, 10, 4, 20);
33 INSERT INTO shifts (emp id, requested hours, hours worked, max hours)
34
       VALUES (10, 13, 9, 20);
```

## Staff

**3NF Justification** - This table includes a primary and foreign key, no data is repeated and is void of any partial or transitive dependencies making the table is in at least 3rd normal form.

**Table description** - If a person is full time, and not a student they are classified as staff, and have there owned ID as well as first and last name. This table keeps track of who is staff in order to derive who gets a device, what pay they receive etc.

```
--Staff.sql
 2
    -- Create and populate Staff Table
 3
    --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
4
   -- DB Management Final Project
 5
   CREATE TABLE Staff(
 6
7
       staff_id int
                                        NOT NULL,
                       int
       job_id
                                           NOT NULL,
8
                        VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll,
9
      staff fname
      staff lname VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll);
10
11
   ADD CONSTRAINT pk_staff_id PRIMARY KEY (staff_id);
12
   ADD CONSTRAINT fk job id staff FOREIGN KEY (job id) REFERENCES
    jobs(job id);
14
15
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff_id, job_id, stu_fname, stu_lname)
       VALUES (1, 1, 'Nick', 'Smith');
16
17
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff_id, job_id, stu_fname, stu_lname)
       VALUES (2, 3, 'Marty', 'Philips');
18
19
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
20
       VALUES (3, 5, 'Katherine', 'Jacobs');
21
    INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
22
       VALUES (4, 7, 'Harry', 'Potter');
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
23
       VALUES (5, 9, 'Christopher', 'Depalma');
24
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
25
       VALUES (6, 11, 'Chuck', 'Bass');
26
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
27
       VALUES (7, 13, 'Elizabeth', 'Brown');
28
   INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
29
       VALUES (8, 15, 'Greg', 'Demassi');
30
31 INSERT INTO Staff (staff id, job id, stu fname, stu lname)
       VALUES (9, 17, 'Parker', 'Cannon');
32
33 INSERT INTO Staff (staff_id, job_id, stu_fname, stu_lname)
       VALUES (10, 19, 'Kaitlin', 'Defranco');
34
```

## Stu\_Employee

**3NF Justification** - This table includes a primary and two foreign keys, no data is repeated although the job\_id and emp\_id are similar each is necessary. The table doesn't include any partial or transitive dependencies making the table is in at least 3rd normal form.

**Table description** - This a large table containing a employees full name and status of whether or not they commute or reside on campus. Additionally it is connected to the Staff table to derive who manages each employee.

```
--Stu Employee.sql
 1
 2
    -- Create and populate Student Employee Table
 3
    --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
4
    -- DB Management Final Project
 5
 6
    CREATE TABLE Stu_Employee(
7
                                         NOT NULL,
        emp id
                          int
        job id
                          int
8
                                         NOT NULL,
9
       manager_id
                          int
                                         NOT NULL,
10
        stu fname
                         VARCHAR2(20)
                                         NOT NUll,
11
       stu lname
                         VARCHAR2(20)
                                         NOT NUll,
                          SET('resident','commuter') NOT NULL,);
12
        stu status
13
14
    ADD CONSTRAINT pk_emp_id PRIMARY KEY (emp_id);
    ADD CONSTRAINT fk job id emp FOREIGN KEY (job id) REFERENCES jobs(job id);
15
    ADD CONSTRAINT fk manager id emp FOREIGN KEY (manager id) REFERENCES
    Staff(staff id);
17
18
   INSERT INTO Stu Employee (emp id, job id, manager id, stu fname, stu lname,
    stu status)
        VALUES (1, 2, 1, 'Ian', 'Smith', 'resident');
19
20
    INSERT INTO Stu Employee (emp id, job id, manager id, stu fname, stu lname,
    stu status)
21
        VALUES (2, 4, 2, 'Marco', 'James', 'commuter');
    INSERT INTO Stu Employee (emp id, job id, manager id, stu fname, stu lname,
    stu status)
23
        VALUES (3, 6, 3, 'Erin', 'mills', 'resident');
    INSERT INTO Stu_Employee (emp_id, job_id, manager_id, stu_fname, stu_lname,
24
    stu status)
        VALUES (4, 8, 4, 'Frankie', 'shayman', 'resident');
25
    INSERT INTO Stu_Employee (emp_id, job_id, manager_id, stu_fname, stu_lname,
2.6
    stu_status)
27
        VALUES (5, 6, 5, 'Daniel', 'Gisolfi', 'commuter');
    INSERT INTO Stu Employee (emp id, job id, manager id, stu fname, stu lname,
28
    stu_status)
        VALUES (6, 10, 6, 'Anthony', 'Diamco', 'resident');
29
   INSERT INTO Stu Employee (emp id, job id, manager id, stu fname, stu lname,
30
    stu status)
        VALUES (7, 12, 7, 'Brendan', 'Kelly', 'resident');
31
32
    INSERT INTO Stu_Employee (emp_id, job_id, manager_id, stu_fname, stu_lname,
    stu status)
33
        VALUES (8, 14, 8, 'Maya', 'James', 'resident');
    INSERT INTO Stu_Employee (emp_id, job_id, manager_id, stu_fname, stu_lname,
34
    stu status)
        VALUES (9, 16, 9, 'Nicole', 'Ferone', 'resident');
35
```

```
INSERT INTO Stu_Employee (emp_id, job_id, manager_id, stu_fname, stu_lname,
    stu_status)

VALUES (10, 18, 10, 'James', 'Corcoran', 'commuter');

INSERT INTO Stu_Employee (emp_id, job_id, manager_id, stu_fname, stu_lname,
    stu_status)

VALUES (11, 4, 2, 'Gerald', 'Hawthorne', 'commuter');
```

## User\_Act

**3NF Justification** - This table has 2 possible keys either emp\_id or staff\_id which depends on their job in the jobs table. Additionally, the transitive and partial dependencies have been removed making it a table in 3rd normal form.

**Table description** - All student employees and staff are users, each with their own account, the username is derived from there first name and the password is created by the user they would be hashed and salted but for now I left them as astricts as there is no need to retrieve them. Additionally, most users have access to at least one drive if not more so the access is stored in this table as well.

```
--User Act.sql
   --Create and populate Users Table
3
   --Author: Daniel Gisolfi
4
   --DB Management Final Project
5
   CREATE TABLE User Act(
 6
7
      staff_user_id
                       int,
8
       emp_user_id
                         int,
      drive_access int,
9
                      VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll,
       user name
10
       user_pass VARCHAR2(20) NOT NUll);
11
12
   CONSTRAINT fk staff user id FOREIGN KEY (staff user id) REFERENCES
    Staff(staff id);
   CONSTRAINT fk_emp_user_id FOREIGN KEY (emp_user_id) REFERENCES
14
    Stu_Employee(emp_id);
15
16
   --input staff
17
   INSERT INTO User_Act (staff_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
       VALUES (1, 3, 'Nick', '*****');
18
   INSERT INTO User Act (staff user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
19
       VALUES (2, 6, 'Marty', '*****');
20
    INSERT INTO User Act (staff user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
21
       VALUES (3, 5, 'Katherine', '*****');
22
   INSERT INTO User Act (staff user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
23
       VALUES (4, 7, 'Harry', '*****');
24
```

```
25
    INSERT INTO User Act (staff user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
        VALUES (5, 8, 'Christopher', '*****');
26
27
    INSERT INTO User Act (staff user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
        VALUES (6, 3, 'Chuck', '*****');
28
29
    INSERT INTO User_Act (staff_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
30
        VALUES (7, 9, 'Elizabeth', '*****');
31
    INSERT INTO User_Act (staff_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
        VALUES (8, 10, 'Greg', '*****');
32
    INSERT INTO User_Act (staff_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
33
        VALUES (9, 1, 'Parker', '*****');
34
35
    INSERT INTO User_Act (staff_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
        VALUES (10, 5, 'Kaitlin', '*****');
36
37
38
    --input Employees
    INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
        VALUES (1, 4, 'Ian', '*****');
40
   INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
41
        VALUES (2, 3, 'Marco', '*****');
42
   INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
43
       VALUES (3, 6, 'Erin', '*****');
44
   INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
45
46
        VALUES (4, 2, 'Frankie', '*****');
47
    INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
48
        VALUES (5, 8, 'Daniel', '*****');
    INSERT INTO User Act (emp user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
49
        VALUES (6, 7, 'Anthony', '*****');
50
    INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
51
        VALUES (7, 9, 'Brendan', '*****');
52
53
    INSERT INTO User Act (emp user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
54
        VALUES (8, 3, 'Maya', '*****');
55
    INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, drive_access, user_name, user_pass)
        VALUES (9, 5, 'Nicole', '*****');
56
   INSERT INTO User Act (emp user id, drive access, user name, user pass)
57
        VALUES (10, 7, 'James', '*****');
5.8
59
   INSERT INTO User_Act (emp_user_id, , user_name, user_pass)
        VALUES (11, 'Gerald', '*****');
```

# **Queries**

## **Query 1**

Name every job that has an employee who works more than 10 hours

```
SELECT jobs.job_name
2
    FROM jobs
3
    WHERE NOT EXISTS
        (SELECT *
4
5
        FROM Stu_Employee
 6
        WHERE Jobs.job_id = Stu_Employee.job_id
7
        AND NOT EXISTS
8
            (SELECT *
9
            FROM Shifts
10
            WHERE Stu_Employee.emp_id = Shifts.emp_id
                  Shifts.Requested_worked > 10));
11
            AND
```

#### Result

1	Desktop Admin	
2	Desktop Employee	
3	Resnet Admin	
4	Help Desk Admin	
5	Help Desk Employee	
6	Web Services Admin	
7	Applications Admin	
8	Applications Employee	
9	Digital Education Admin	
10	Digital Education Employee	
11	Networking Admin	
12	Networking Employee	
13	Telecom Admin	
14	Card Services Admin	

**Cardinality** = 14

# **Query 2**

Get the last name of students who only work 17 hours

```
SELECT Stu_Employee.stu_lname
FROM Stu_Employee
WHERE EXISTS

(SELECT *
FROM Shifts
WHERE Shifts.requested_hours = 17
AND Shifts.emp_id = Stu_Employee.emp_id);
```

```
$STU_LNAME

1 Smith
2 Diamco
3 Hawthorne
```

# **Query 3**

Name the students who do not have access to a drive

```
SELECT Stu_Employee.stu_lname
FROM Stu_Employee
WHERE EXISTS

(SELECT *
FROM User_act
WHERE drive_access IS NULL
AND Stu_Employee.emp_id = User_act.emp_user_id);
```

#### Result



Cardinality = 1

# Query 4

Get the names of student employees and the projects they work on if any

```
SELECT DISTINCT Stu_Employee.stu_lname , Projects.prj_name
FROM Stu_Employee LEFT JOIN Projects
ON Stu_Employee.emp_id = Projects.emp_id;
```

		₱ PRJ_NAME
1	mills	Request Organazation
2	Diamco	(null)
3	Smith	Device Deployemnt
4	Gisolfi	(null)
5	Hawthorne	(null)
6	shayman	(null)
7	Kelly	(null)
8	James	Device Repairs
9	James	(null)
10	Ferone	(null)
11	Corcoran	(null)

# **Query 5**

Get all Drive Access numbers and the user's that have access to them if any

```
SELECT DISTINCT Stu_Employee.stu_lname, User_act.drive_access
FROM Stu_Employee RIGHT JOIN User_act
ON Stu_Employee.emp_id = User_act.emp_user_id;
```

		⊕ DRIVE_ACCESS
1	shayman	2
2	Gisolfi	8
3	Diamco	7
4	(null)	7
5	(null)	6
6	James	3
7	Kelly	9
8	(null)	5
9	(null)	8
10	Hawthorne	(null)
11	(null)	1
12	(null)	3
13	Smith	4
14	mills	6
15	Ferone	5
16	Corcoran	7
17	(null)	10
18	(null)	9

# **Query 6**

Get the names of all people with jobs at Marist separated by if they are a student employee or staff

```
SELECT DISTINCT Stu_Employee.stu_lname, Staff.staff_lname
FROM Stu_Employee FULL OUTER JOIN Staff
ON Stu_Employee.job_id = Staff.job_id;
```

	<b>♦ STU_LNAME</b>	
1	(null)	Jacobs
2	Diamco	(null)
3	(null)	Bass
4	(null)	Demassi
5	(null)	Cannon
6	(null)	Smith
7	Gisolfi	(null)
8	Hawthorne	(null)
9	(null)	Brown
10	(null)	Defranco
11	Kelly	(null)
12	shayman	(null)
13	(null)	Philips
14	(null)	Depalma
15	Smith	(null)
16	Corcoran	(null)
17	James	(null)
18	Ferone	(null)
19	(null)	Potter
20	mills	(null)

# **Query 7**

Get the Department, Job, salary, user\_name and device type deployed to them for all staff with an ID grater than 5

```
SELECT Departments.dep_name, jobs.job_name, Amends.salary,
User_act.user_name, devices.dev_type
FROM Departments, jobs, Amends, staff, User_act, Devices
WHERE Departments.dep_id = jobs.dep_id
AND jobs.job_id = Amends.job_id
AND jobs.job_id = Staff.job_id
AND Staff.staff_id = User_act.staff_user_id
AND Devices.staff_id = staff.staff_id
AND Staff.staff_id > 5;
```

			<b> ⊕</b> SALARY		
1	Digital Education	Digital Education Admin	60000	Chuck	Laptop
2	Networking	Networking Admin	60000	Elizabeth	Laptop
3	Telecom	Telecom Admin	60000	Greg	Desktop
4	Card Services	Card Services Admin	60000	Parker	Desktop

# **Query 8**

Get the number of hours still needed to be worked by an employee to reach requested hours as well as there name

```
SELECT Stu_Employee.stu_lname, SUM(Shifts.requested_hours -
Shifts.hours_worked)
FROM Stu_Employee, Shifts
WHERE Shifts.hours_worked < Shifts.requested_hours
AND Stu_Employee.emp_id = Shifts.emp_id
GROUP BY Stu_Employee.stu_lname;</pre>
```

#### **Result**

		<b>♦</b> HOURSLEFTTOWORK
1	Gisolfi	5
2	Smith	2
3	mills	1
4	shayman	8
5	Diamco	4
6	Kelly	2
7	James	3
8	Ferone	6
9	Corcoran	4
10	Hawthorne	10

**Cardinality** = 10

# **Query 9**

Show all staff and employees and what their jobs are

```
SELECT Jobs.Job_name, Stu_Employee.Stu_lname
FROM Jobs, Stu_Employee
WHERE Jobs.job_id = Stu_Employee.job_id

UNION

SELECT Jobs.job_name, Staff.Staff_lname
FROM Jobs, Staff
WHERE Jobs.job_id = Staff.job_id;
```

#### Result

		<b>⊕</b> STU_LNAME
1	Applications Admin	Depalma
2	Applications Employee	Diamco
3	Card Services Admin	Cannon
4	Card Services Employee	Corcoran
5	Desktop Admin	Smith
6	Desktop Employee	Smith
7	Digital Education Admin	Bass
8	Digital Education Employee	Kelly
9	Help Desk Admin	Jacobs
10	Help Desk Employee	Gisolfi
11	Help Desk Employee	mills
12	Networking Admin	Brown
13	Networking Employee	James
14	Resnet Admin	Philips
15	Resnet Employee	Hawthorne
16	Resnet Employee	James
17	Telecom Admin	Demassi
18	Telecom Employee	Ferone
19	Web Services Admin	Potter
20	Web Services Employee	shayman

## Cardinality = 20

# Query 10

Give the last name and room number of where all IT Members work

```
SELECT Departments.dep_room, Staff.staff_lname LastName
 2
    FROM Departments, Jobs, Staff
    WHERE Departments.dep_id = Jobs.dep_id
 3
    AND Jobs.job_id = Staff.job_id
 4
 5
 6
    UNION
 7
 8
   SELECT Departments.dep_room, Stu_Employee.stu_lname LastName
9
   FROM Departments, Jobs, Stu_Employee
10
   WHERE Departments.dep_id = Jobs.dep_id
11
   AND Jobs.job_id = Stu_Employee.job_id
12
   Order By LastName;
13
```

	DEP_ROOM	<b>⊕</b> LASTNAME
1	260	Bass
2	110	Brown
3	110	Cannon
4	110	Corcoran
5	110	Demassi
6	260	Depalma
7	260	Diamco
8	110	Ferone
9	258	Gisolfi
10	101	Hawthorne
11	258	Jacobs
12	101	James
13	110	James
14	260	Kelly
15	101	Philips
16	310	Potter
17	101	Smith
18	258	mills
19	310	shayman

**Cardinality** = 19