

# Analise-Risco-Credito

dgoalmeida - projeto do curso da DSA

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```
% !TEX encoding = UTF-8 Unicode
```

## Estudo sobre classificação para análise de risco de credito

Objetivo desse mini projeto é avaliar o risco de concessão de credito a clientes em uma instituição financeira

```
library(ggplot2)
library(randomForest)
```

```
## randomForest 4.6-14
```

```
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##     margin
```

```
library(stringr)
library(e1071)
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

## Obtendo os dados que serão analisados.

```
credit_df = read.csv('/Users/dgoalmeida/Documents/datascience/data/credit_dataset.csv')
head(credit_df)
```

```
##   credit.rating account.balance credit.duration.months
## 1             1             1             18
## 2             1             1             9
## 3             1             2             12
## 4             1             1             12
```

```

## 5          1          1          12
## 6          1          1          10
##  previous.credit.payment.status credit.purpose credit.amount savings
## 1              3              2          1049          1
## 2              3              4          2799          1
## 3              2              4           841          2
## 4              3              4          2122          1
## 5              3              4          2171          1
## 6              3              4          2241          1
##  employment.duration installment.rate marital.status guarantor
## 1              1              4              1          1
## 2              2              2              3          1
## 3              3              2              1          1
## 4              2              3              3          1
## 5              2              4              3          1
## 6              1              1              3          1
##  residence.duration current.assets age other.credits apartment.type
## 1              4              2 21              2          1
## 2              2              1 36              2          1
## 3              4              1 23              2          1
## 4              2              1 39              2          1
## 5              4              2 38              1          2
## 6              3              1 48              2          1
##  bank.credits occupation dependents telephone foreign.worker
## 1              1              3              1          1          1
## 2              2              3              2          1          1
## 3              1              2              1          1          1
## 4              2              2              2          1          2
## 5              2              2              1          1          2
## 6              2              2              2          1          2

```

```
str(credit_df)
```

```

## 'data.frame':  1000 obs. of  21 variables:
## $ credit.rating      : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ account.balance    : int  1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 ...
## $ credit.duration.months : int  18 9 12 12 12 10 8 6 18 24 ...
## $ previous.credit.payment.status: int  3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 ...
## $ credit.purpose       : int  2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 3 ...
## $ credit.amount      : int  1049 2799 841 2122 2171 2241 3398 1361 1098 3758 ...
## $ savings            : int  1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 ...
## $ employment.duration : int  1 2 3 2 2 1 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ installment.rate    : int  4 2 2 3 4 1 1 2 4 1 ...
## $ marital.status      : int  1 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 ...
## $ guarantor           : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ residence.duration   : int  4 2 4 2 4 3 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ current.assets      : int  2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 4 ...
## $ age                 : int  21 36 23 39 38 48 39 40 65 23 ...
## $ other.credits       : int  2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ apartment.type      : int  1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ bank.credits        : int  1 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ occupation          : int  3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
## $ dependents          : int  1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 ...
## $ telephone           : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```

```
## $ foreign.worker           : int  1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
```

```
summary(credit_df)
```

```
## credit.rating account.balance credit.duration.months
## Min. :0.0 Min. :1.000 Min. : 4.0
## 1st Qu.:0.0 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:12.0
## Median :1.0 Median :2.000 Median :18.0
## Mean :0.7 Mean :2.183 Mean :20.9
## 3rd Qu.:1.0 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:24.0
## Max. :1.0 Max. :3.000 Max. :72.0
## previous.credit.payment.status credit.purpose credit.amount savings
## Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. : 250 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.: 1366 1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :2.000 Median :3.000 Median : 2320 Median :1.000
## Mean :2.292 Mean :2.965 Mean : 3271 Mean :1.874
## 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:4.000 3rd Qu.: 3972 3rd Qu.:3.000
## Max. :3.000 Max. :4.000 Max. :18424 Max. :4.000
## employment.duration installment.rate marital.status guarantor
## Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :2.000 Median :3.000 Median :3.000 Median :1.000
## Mean :2.446 Mean :2.973 Mean :2.372 Mean :1.093
## 3rd Qu.:4.000 3rd Qu.:4.000 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max. :4.000 Max. :4.000 Max. :4.000 Max. :2.000
## residence.duration current.assets age other.credits
## Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :19.00 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:27.00 1st Qu.:2.000
## Median :3.000 Median :2.000 Median :33.00 Median :2.000
## Mean :2.845 Mean :2.358 Mean :35.54 Mean :1.814
## 3rd Qu.:4.000 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:42.00 3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max. :4.000 Max. :4.000 Max. :75.00 Max. :2.000
## apartment.type bank.credits occupation dependents
## Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:3.000 1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :2.000 Median :1.000 Median :3.000 Median :1.000
## Mean :1.928 Mean :1.367 Mean :2.904 Mean :1.155
## 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max. :3.000 Max. :2.000 Max. :4.000 Max. :2.000
## telephone foreign.worker
## Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :1.000 Median :1.000
## Mean :1.404 Mean :1.037
## 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max. :2.000 Max. :2.000
```

## Análise dos dados

### Analisando dataset

`credit_df`  
`credit.rating` avaliação de crédito (variável target)  
`credit_dfa`  
`account.balance` possui saldo  
`credit_df`  
`duration.month` status do pagamento anterior  
`credit_dfpurpose`  
`propósito do crédito`  
`credit_dfa`  
`credit.amount` valor do crédito  
`credit_dfsavings?`  
`credit_dfa`  
`employment.duration` tempo empregado  
`credit_dfinstallment`  
`rate` taxa de parcelamento  
`credit_dfa`  
`estado civil`  
`credit_dfguarantor`  
`possui fiador`  
`credit_dfa`  
`residence.duration` tempo na mesma residência  
`credit_dfcurent`  
`assets` quantidade de ativos correntes  
`credit_dfa`  
`age` idade  
`credit_dfother`  
`credits` possui outros créditos  
`credit_dfa`  
`tipo de apartamento`  
`credit_dfbank`  
`credits` possui crédito no banco  
`credit_dfa`  
`occupation` tipo de ocupação (trabalho)  
`credit_dfdependents`  
`quantidade de dependentes`  
`credit_dfa`  
`telephone` possui telefone  
`credit_df`  
`foreign.worker` trabalha fora

### Análise exploratória dos dados

```
#verificando se possuem dados NA
```

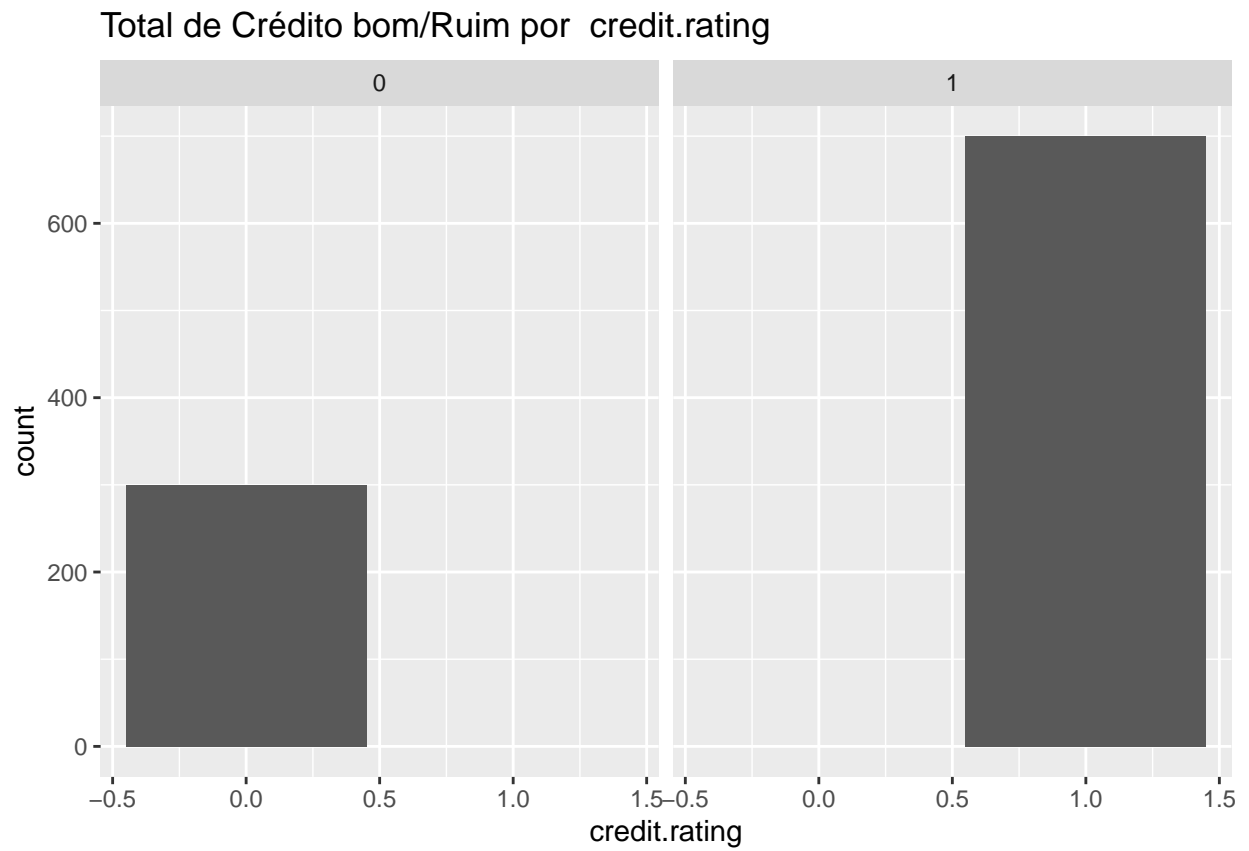
```
any(is.na(credit_df))
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

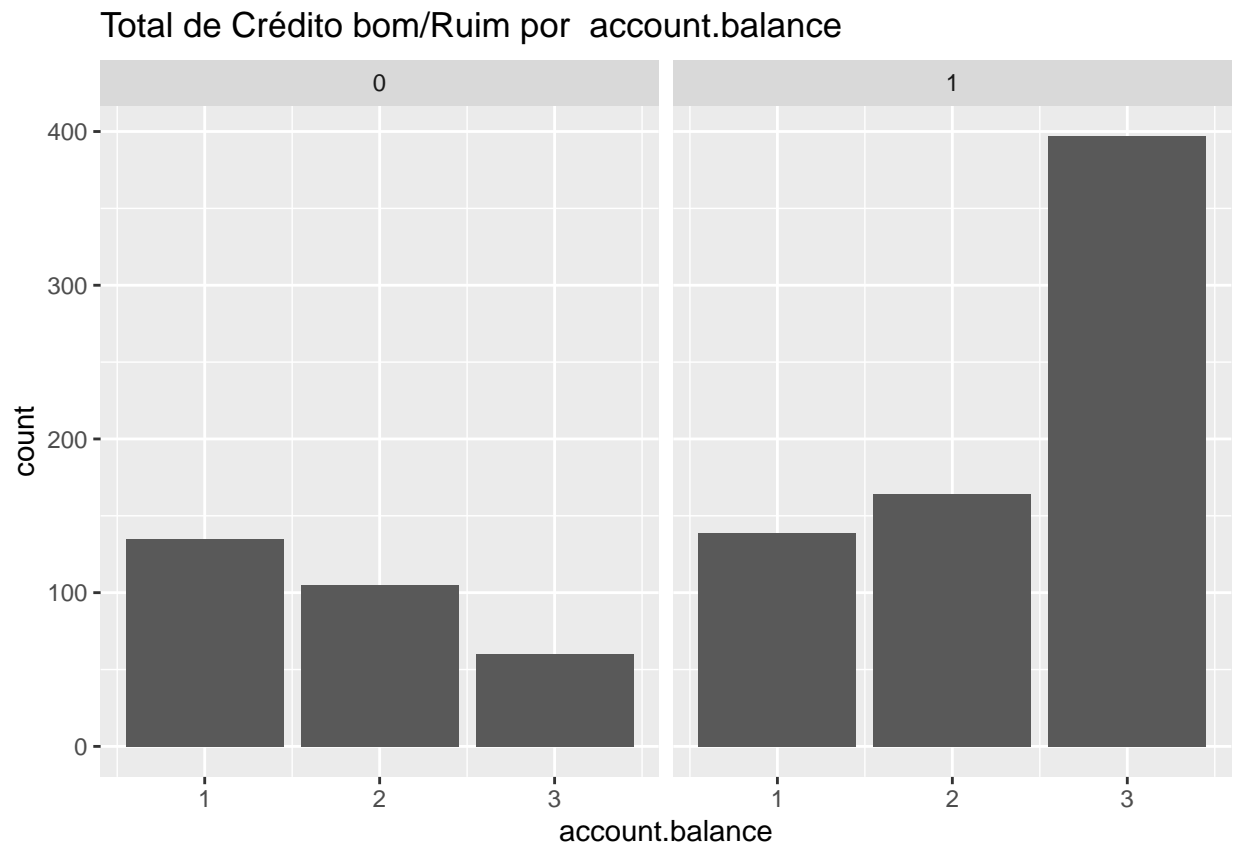
```
# executando a função lapply que recebe um vetor com o nome das features e uma função para plotar um
```

```
lapply(colnames(credit_df), function(x){  
  ggplot(credit_df, aes_string(x)) +  
    geom_bar() +  
    facet_grid(. ~ credit.rating) +  
    ggtitle(paste("Total de Crédito bom/Ruim por ", x))  
})
```

```
## [[1]]
```

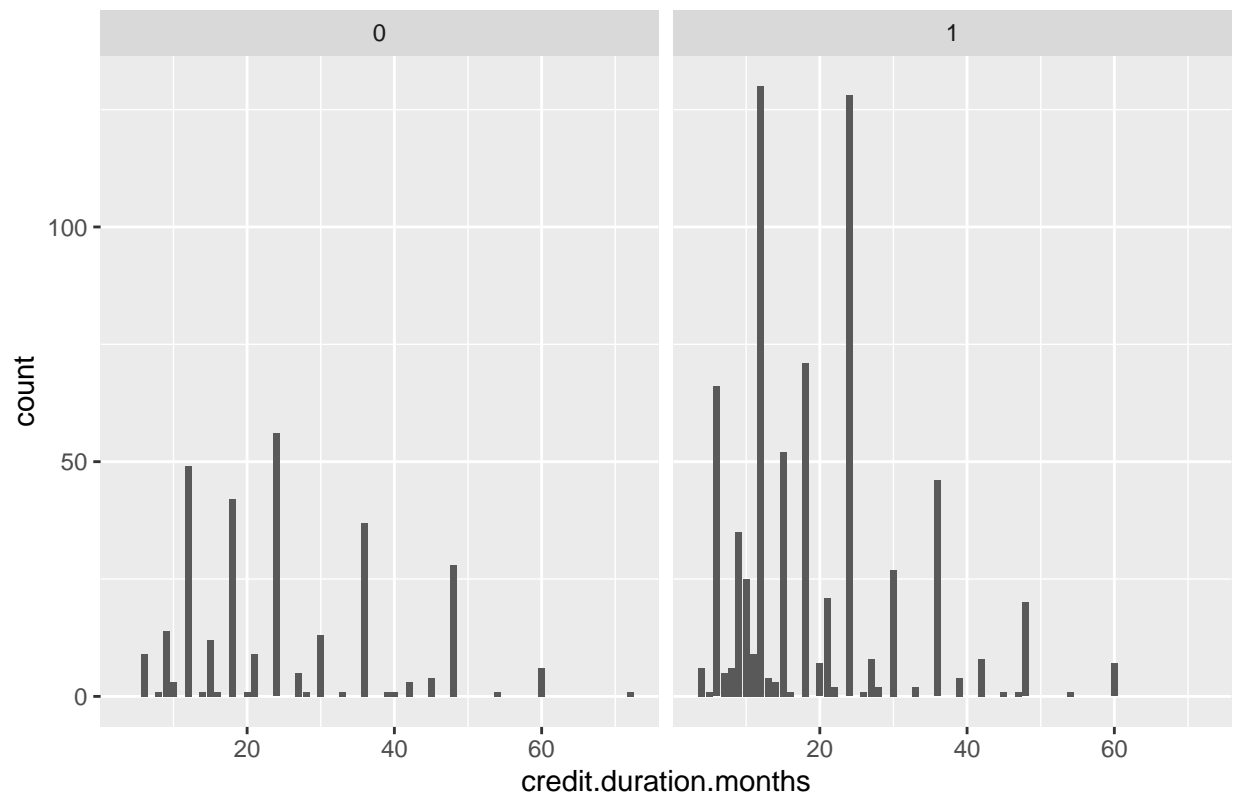


```
##  
## [[2]]
```

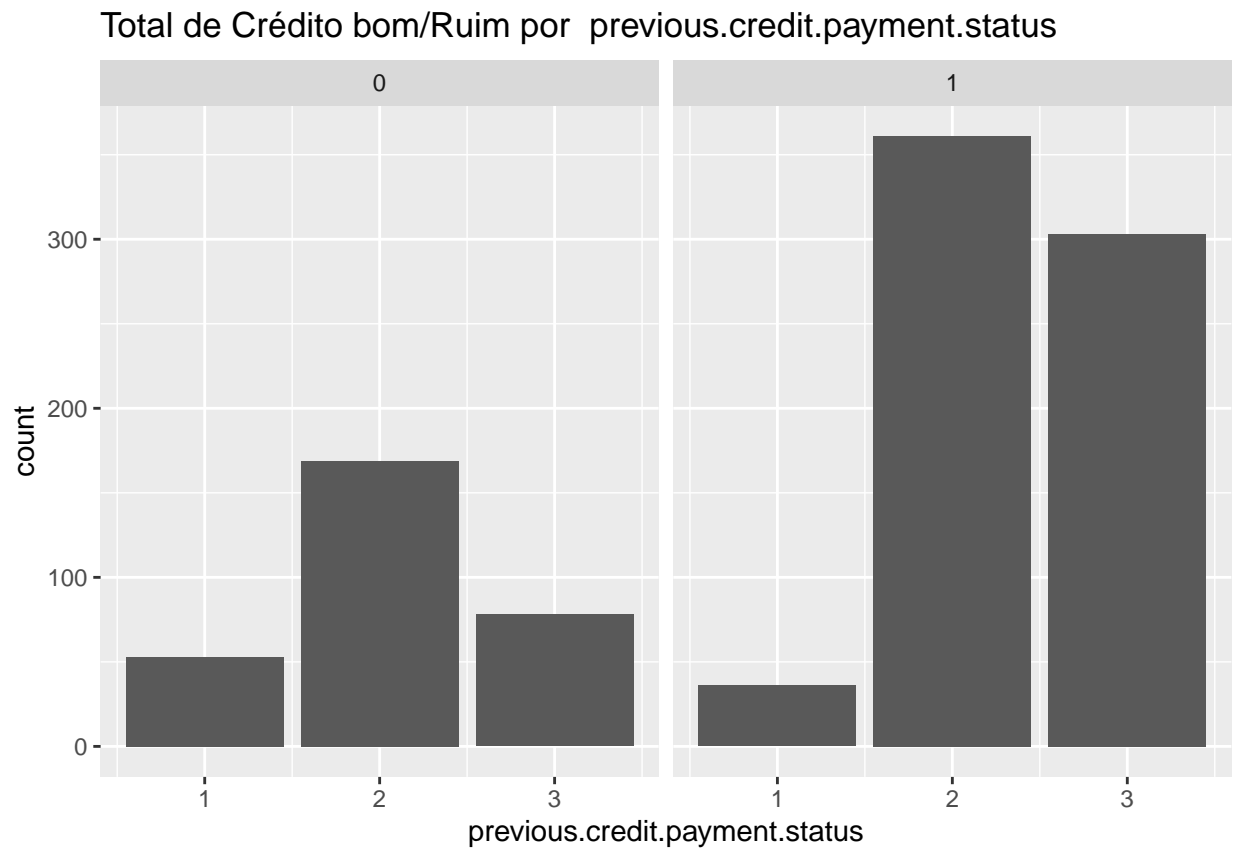


```
##  
## [[3]]
```

Total de Crédito bom/Ruim por credit.duration.months



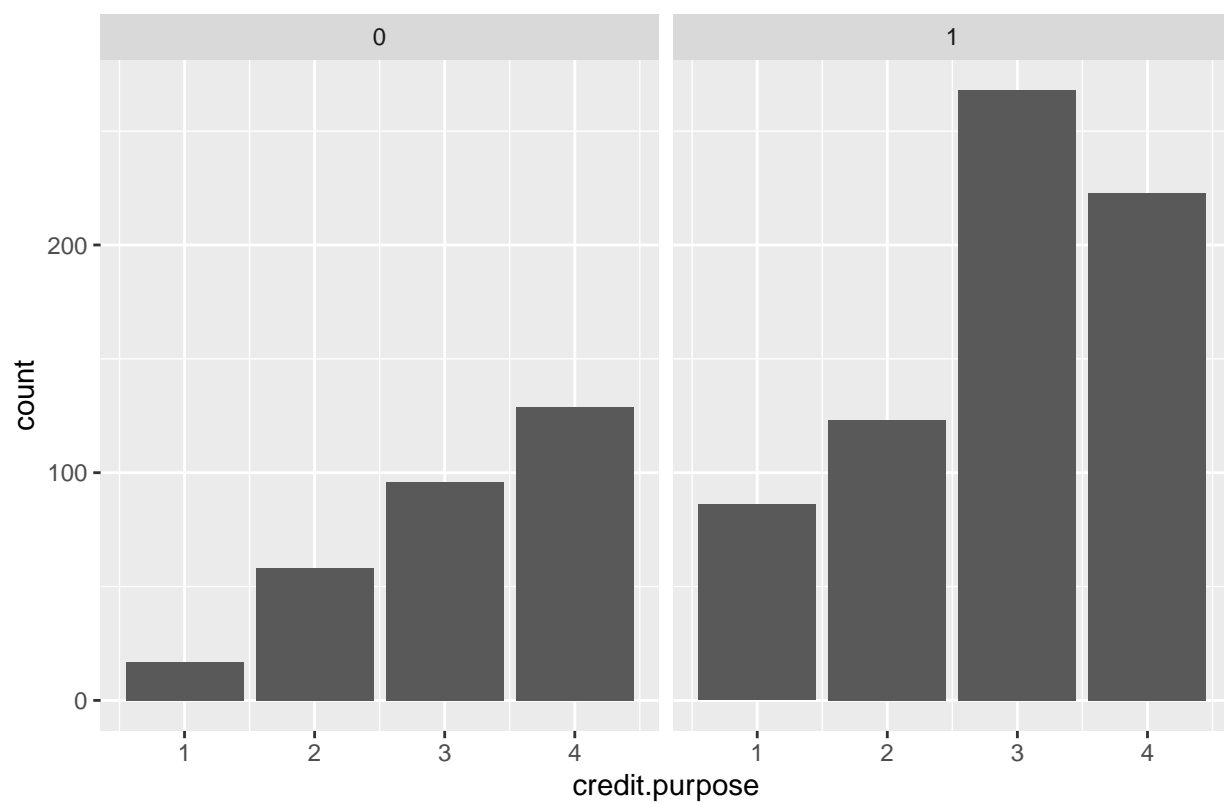
```
##
## [[4]]
```



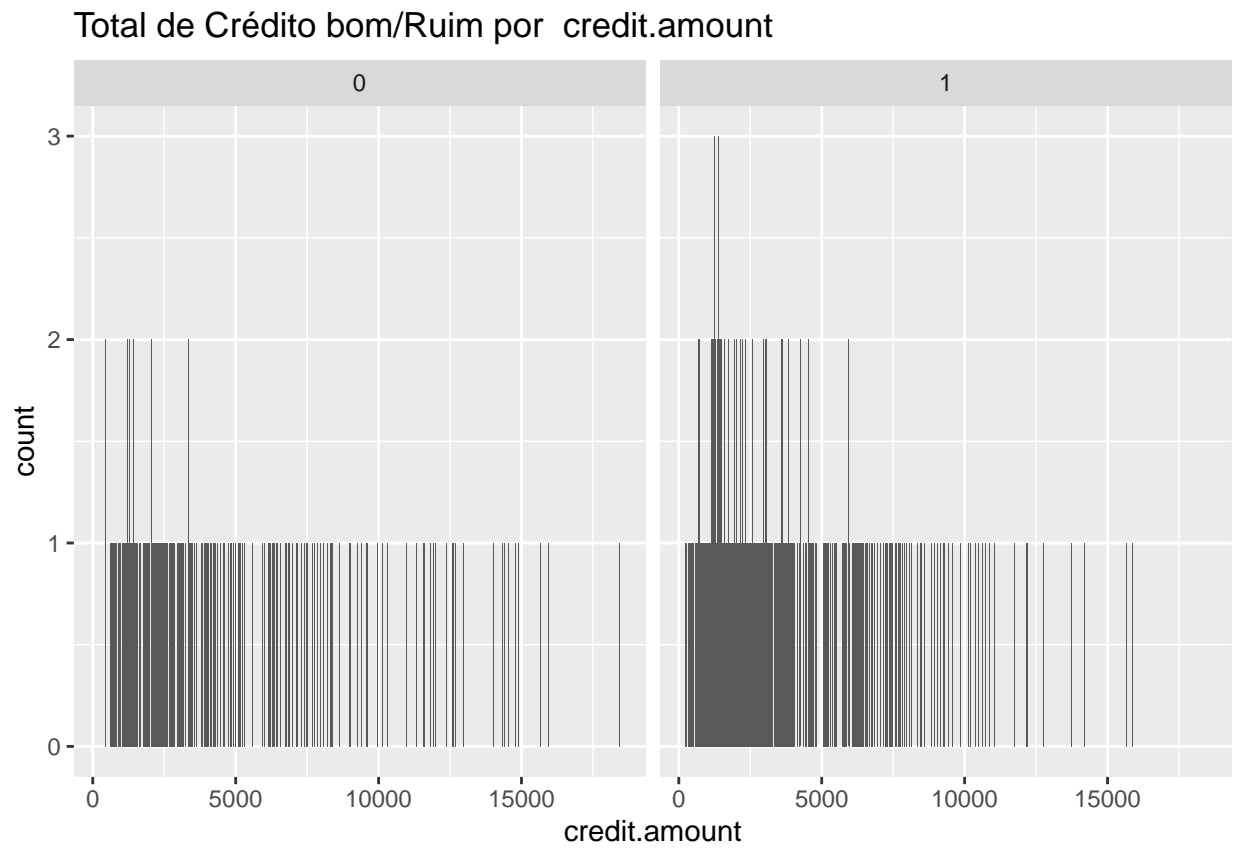
```
##  
## [[5]]
```



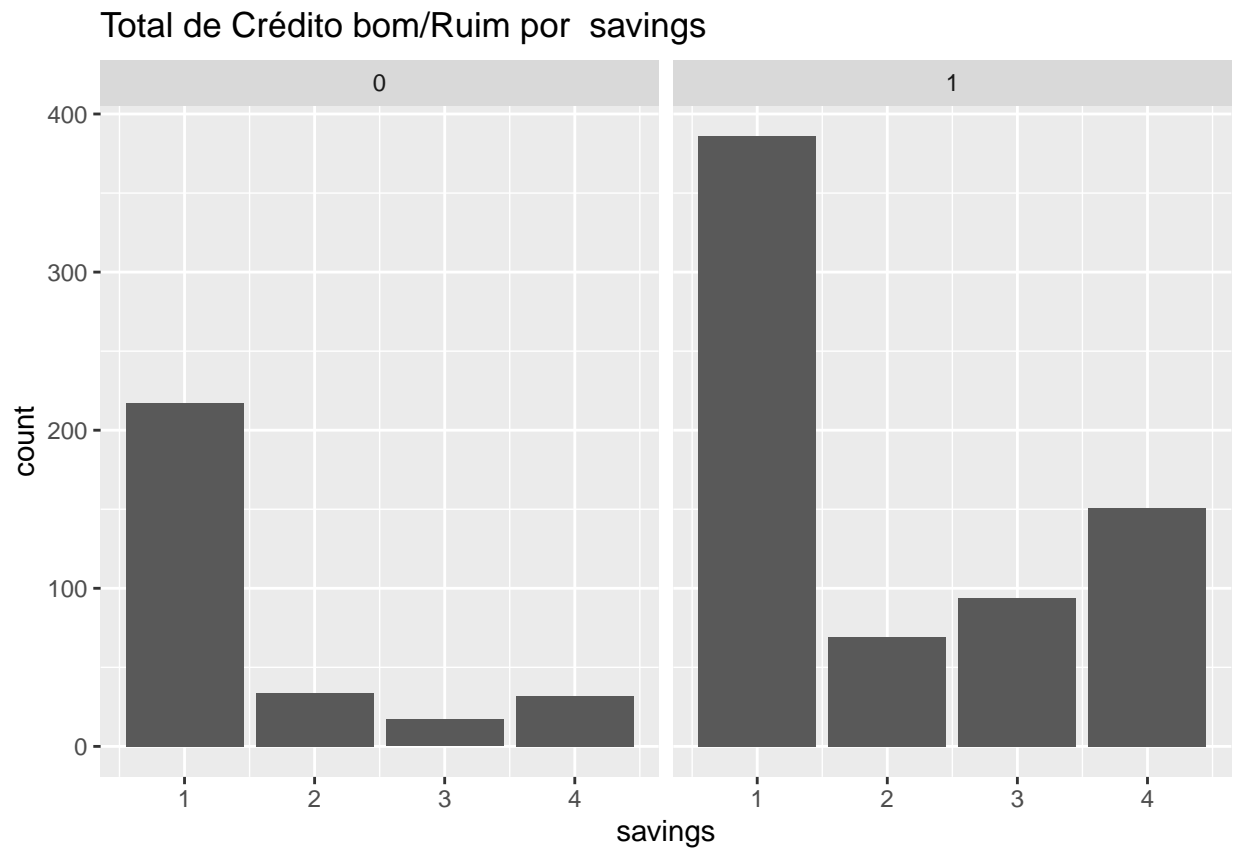
Total de Crédito bom/Ruim por credit.purpose



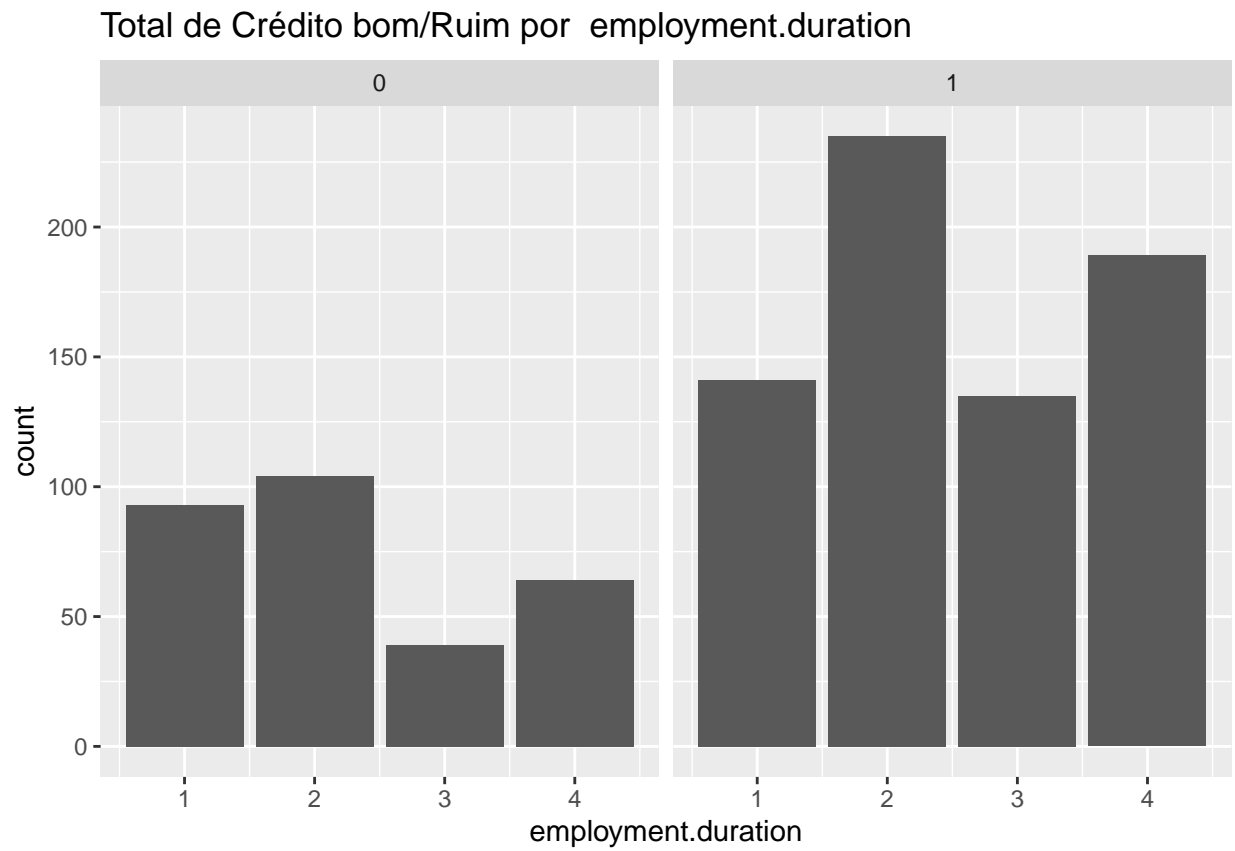
```
##  
## [[6]]
```



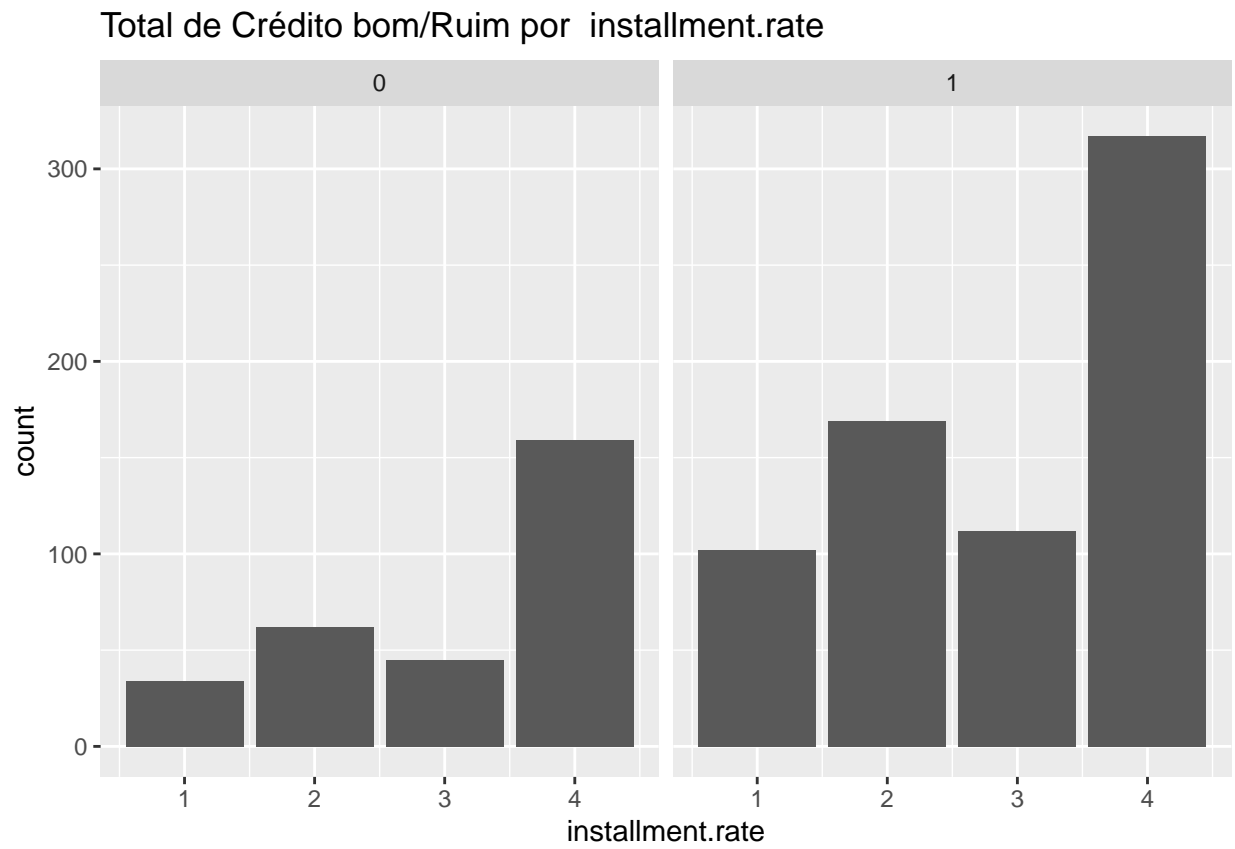
```
##  
## [[7]]
```



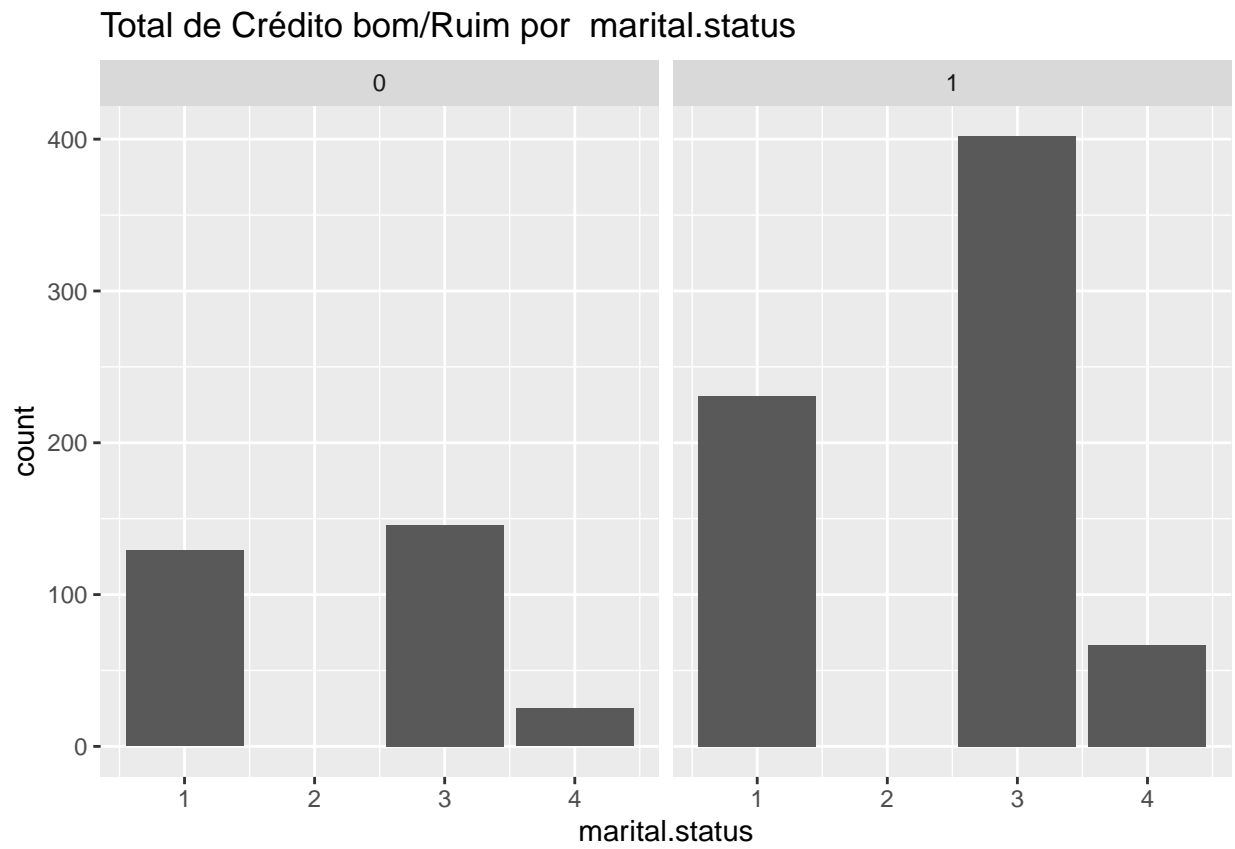
```
##  
## [[8]]
```



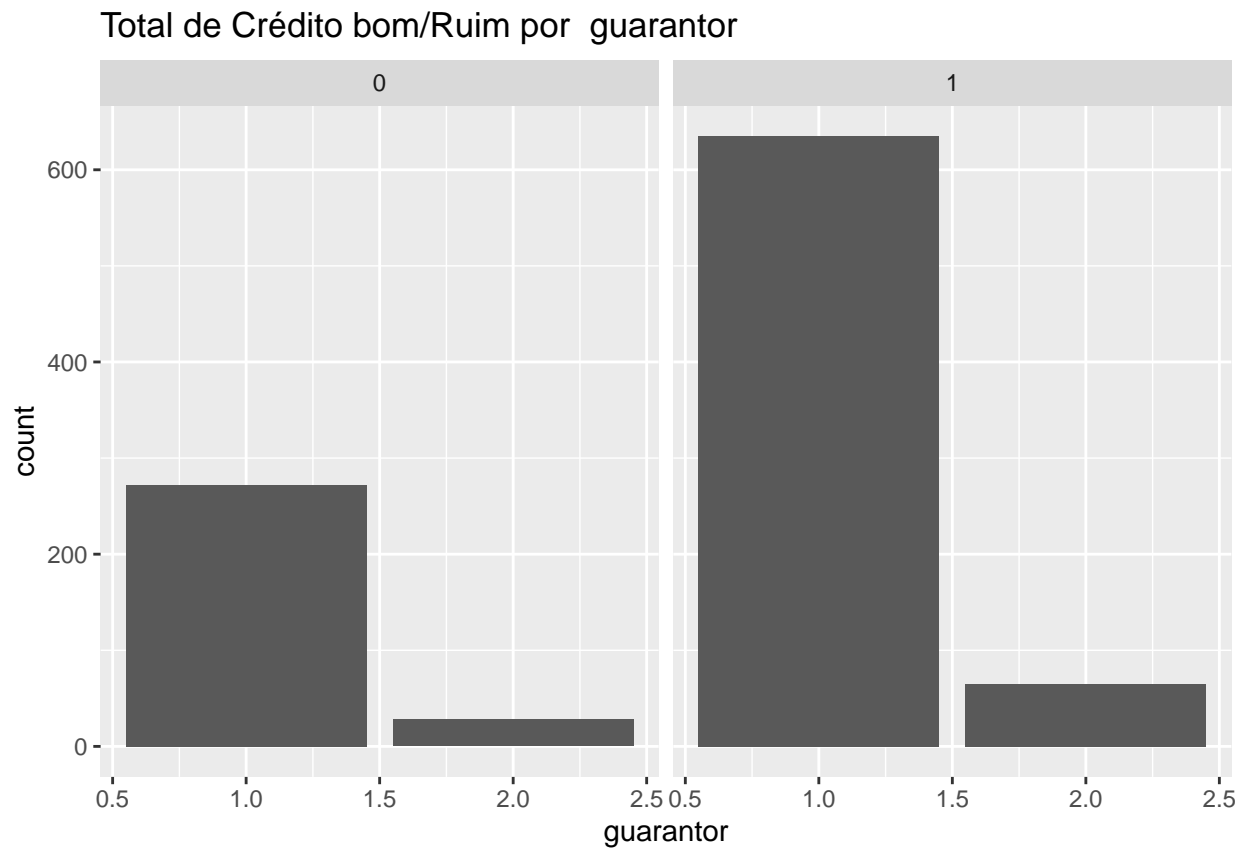
```
##  
## [[9]]
```



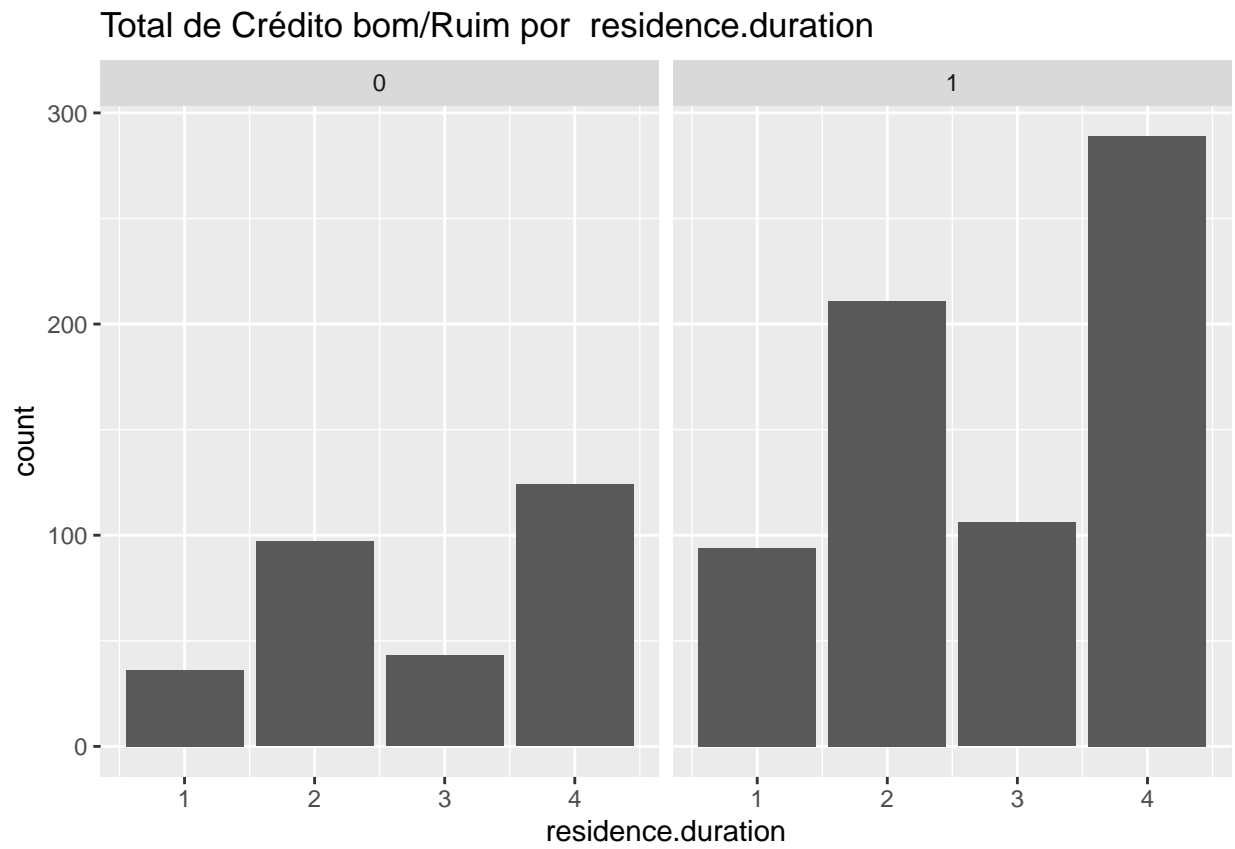
```
##  
## [[10]]
```



```
##  
## [[11]]
```



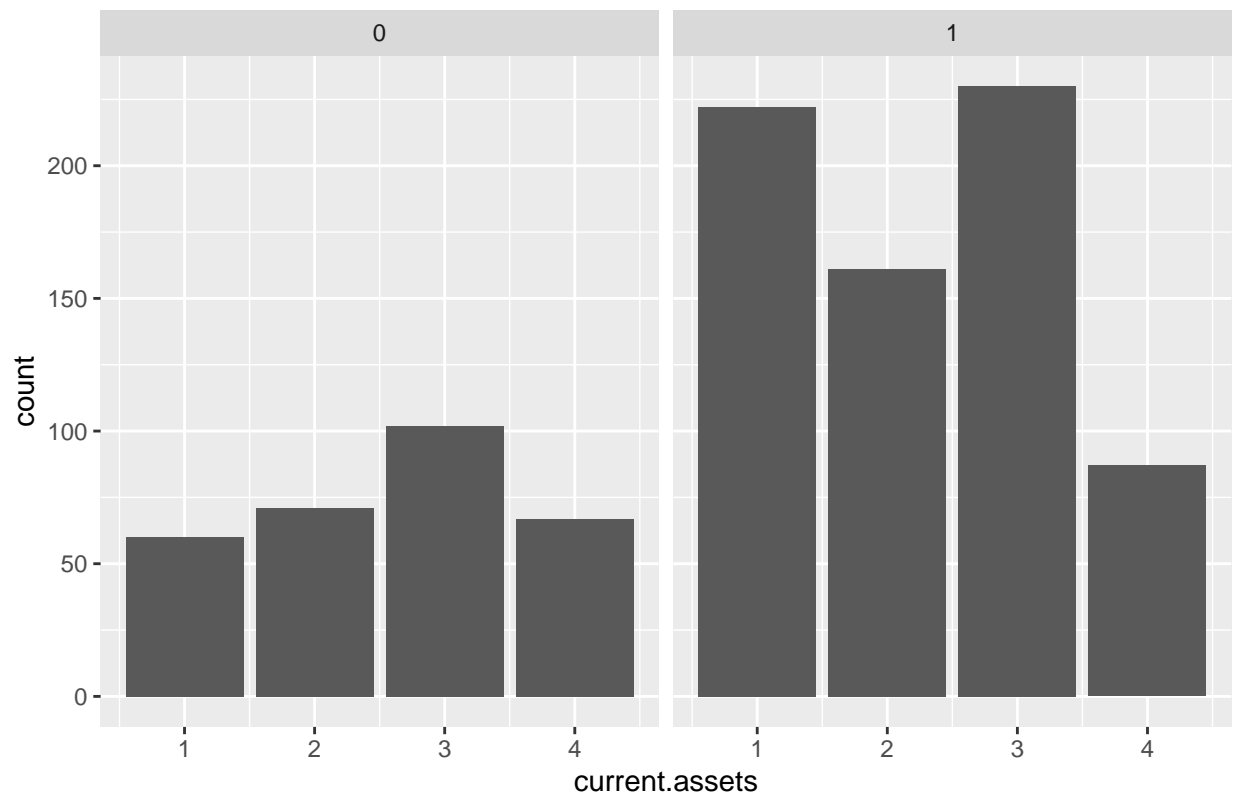
```
##  
## [[12]]
```



```
##  
## [[13]]
```

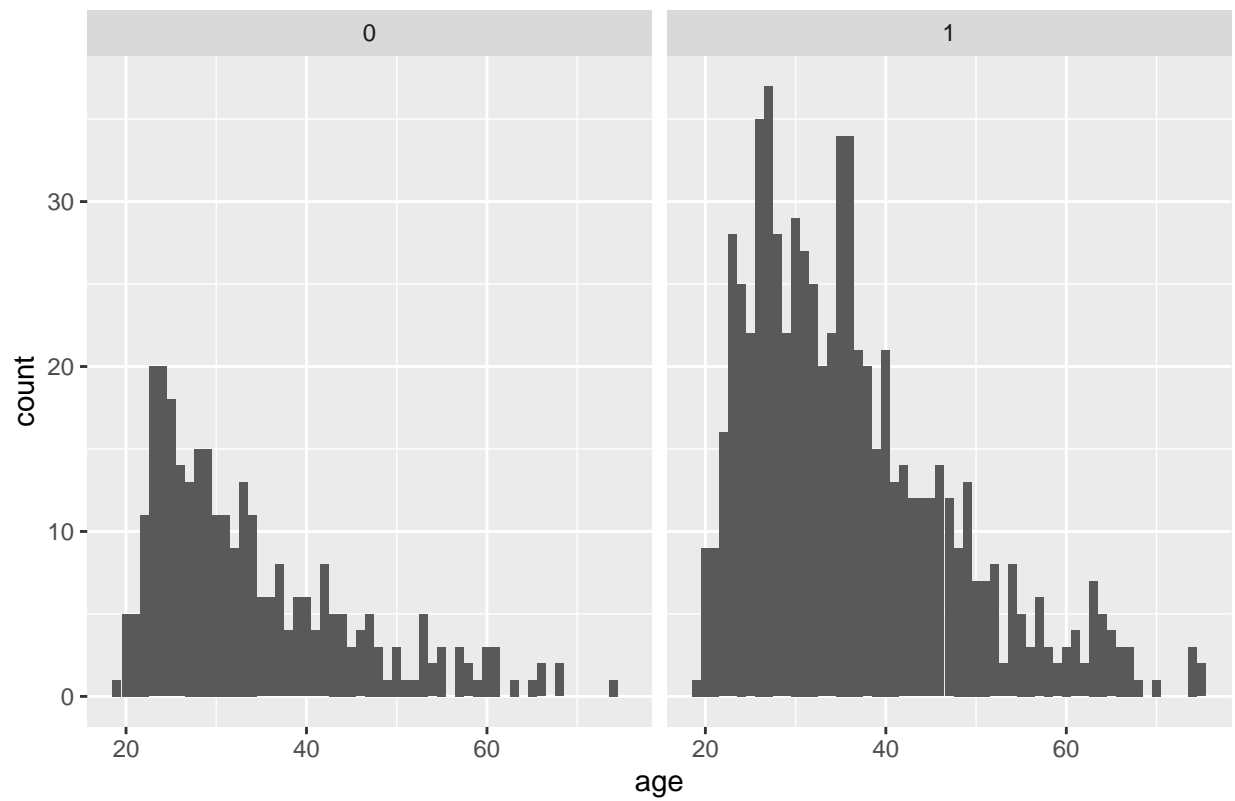


Total de Crédito bom/Ruim por current.assets

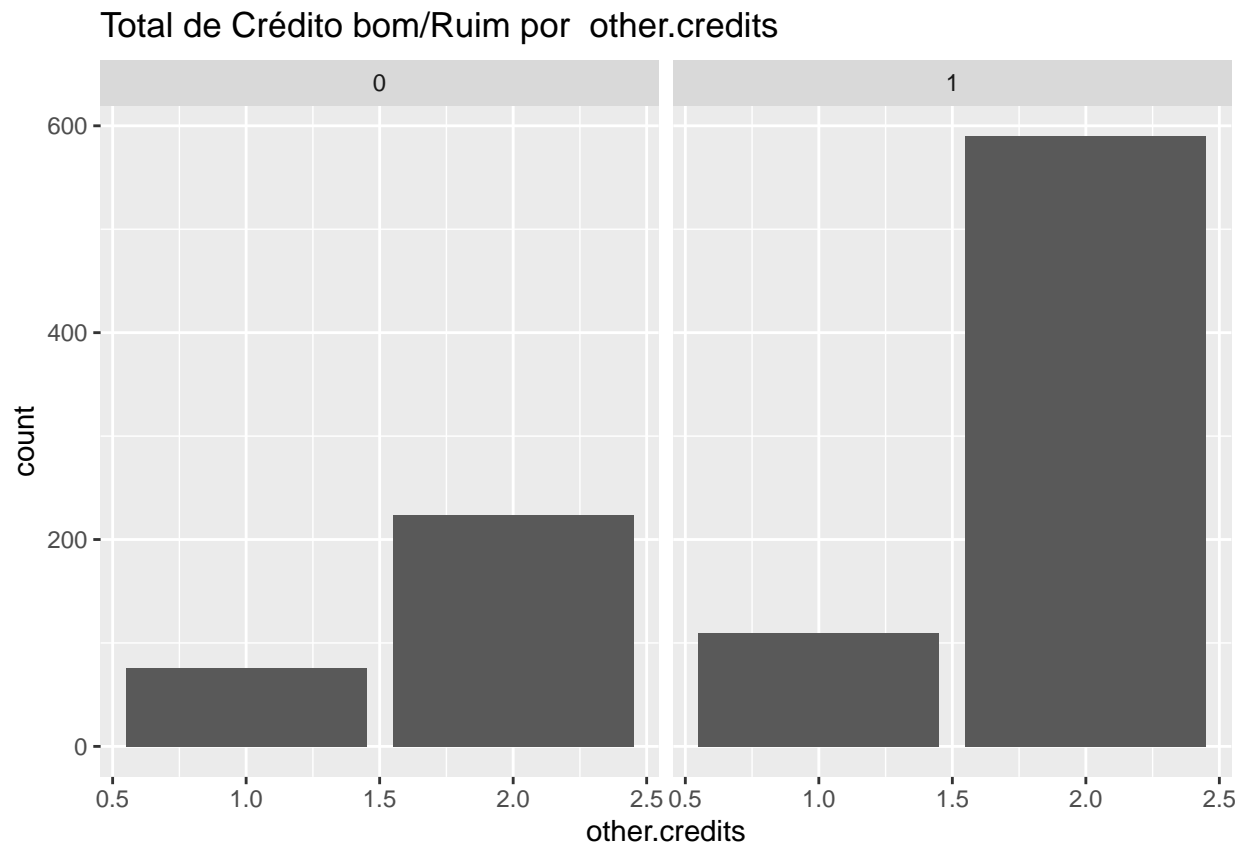


```
##  
## [[14]]
```

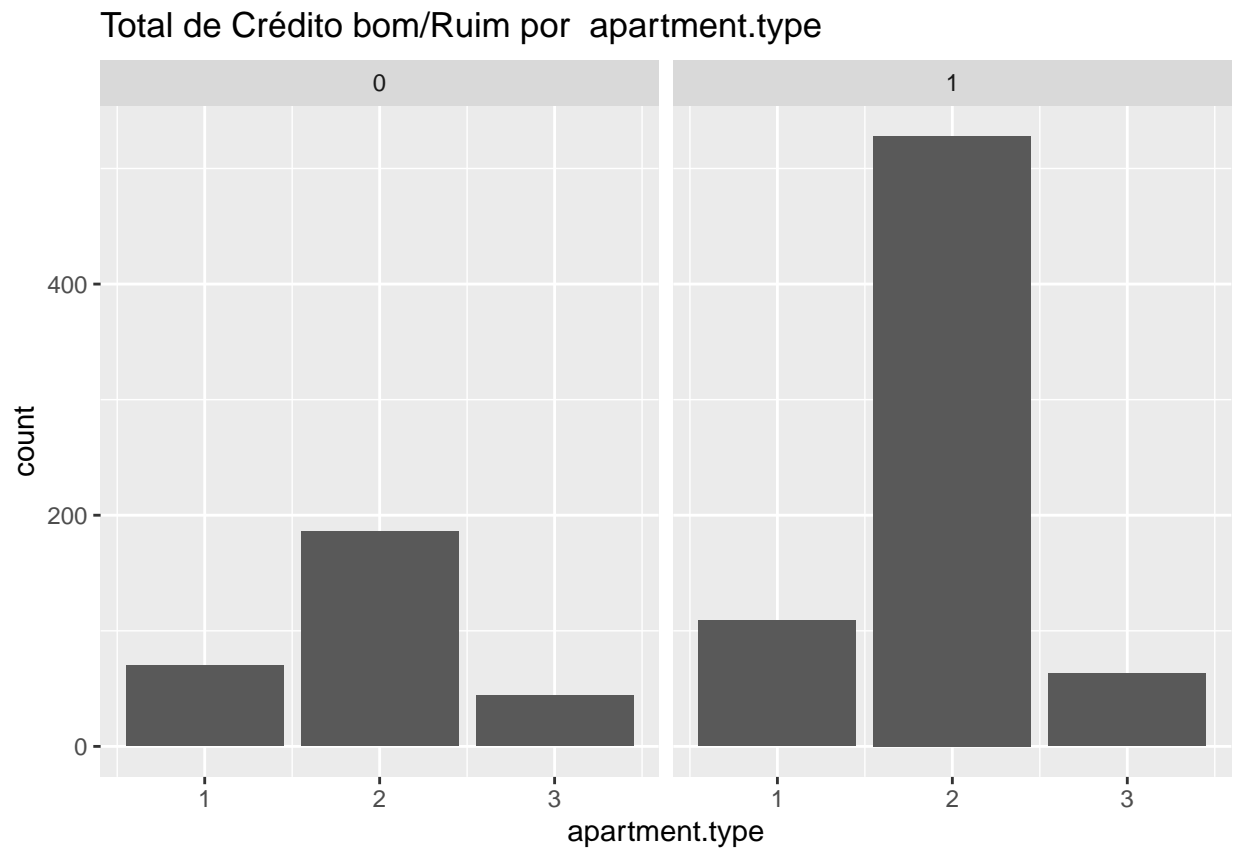
Total de Crédito bom/Ruim por age



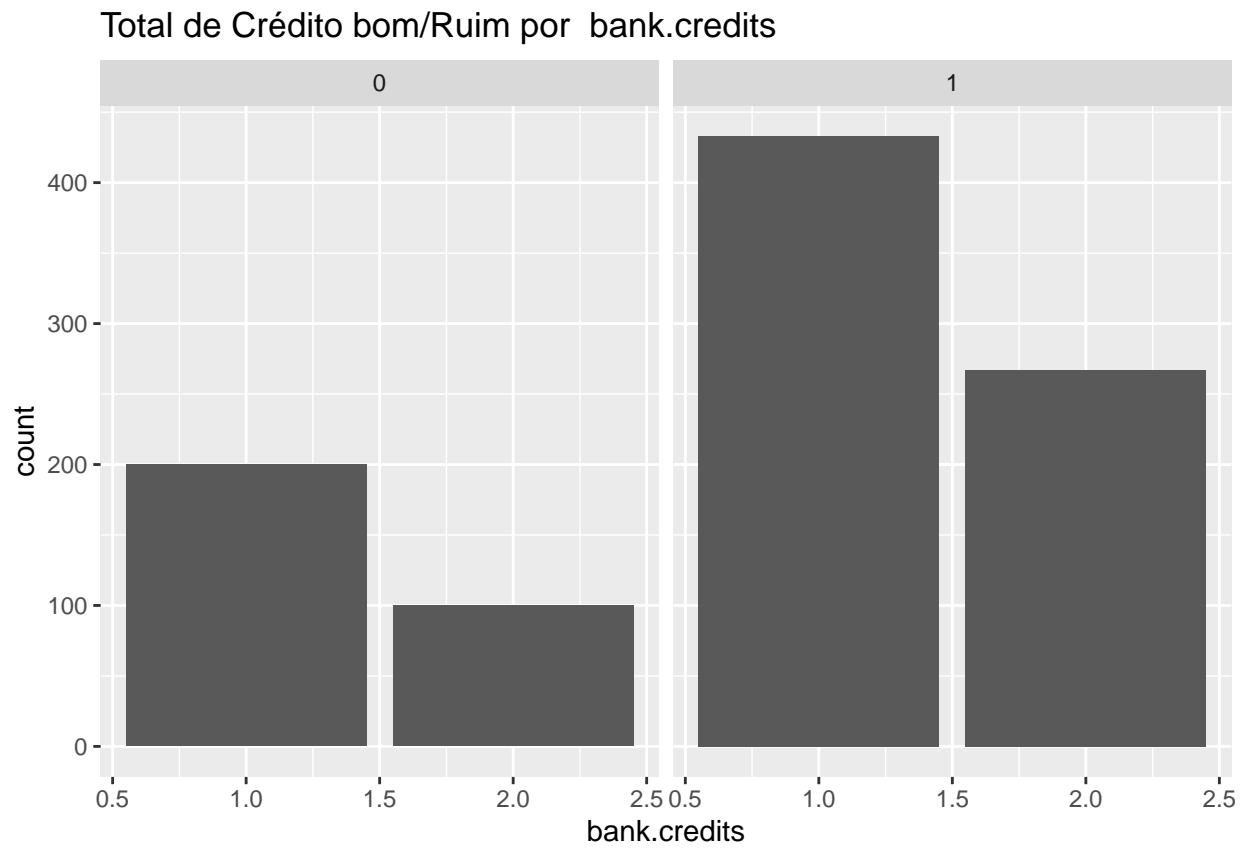
```
##  
## [[15]]
```



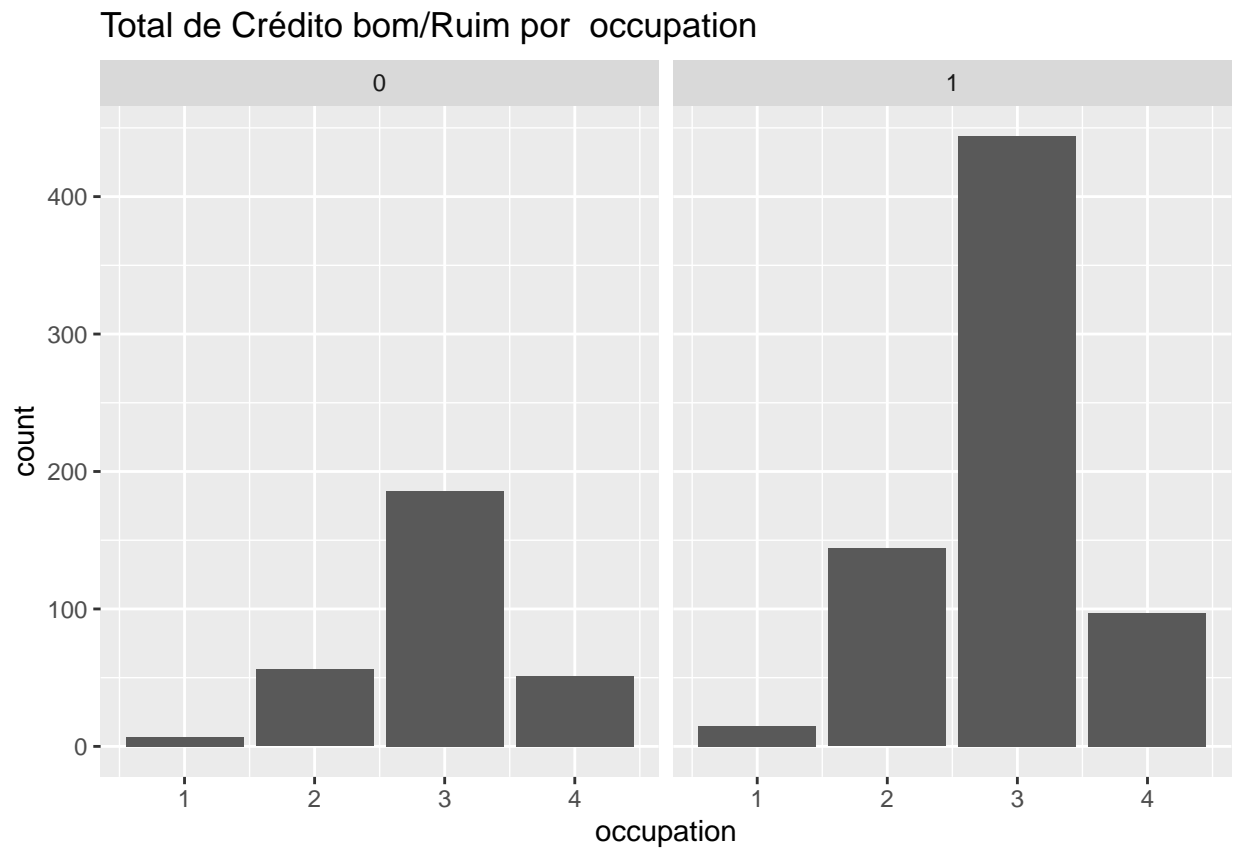
```
##  
## [[16]]
```



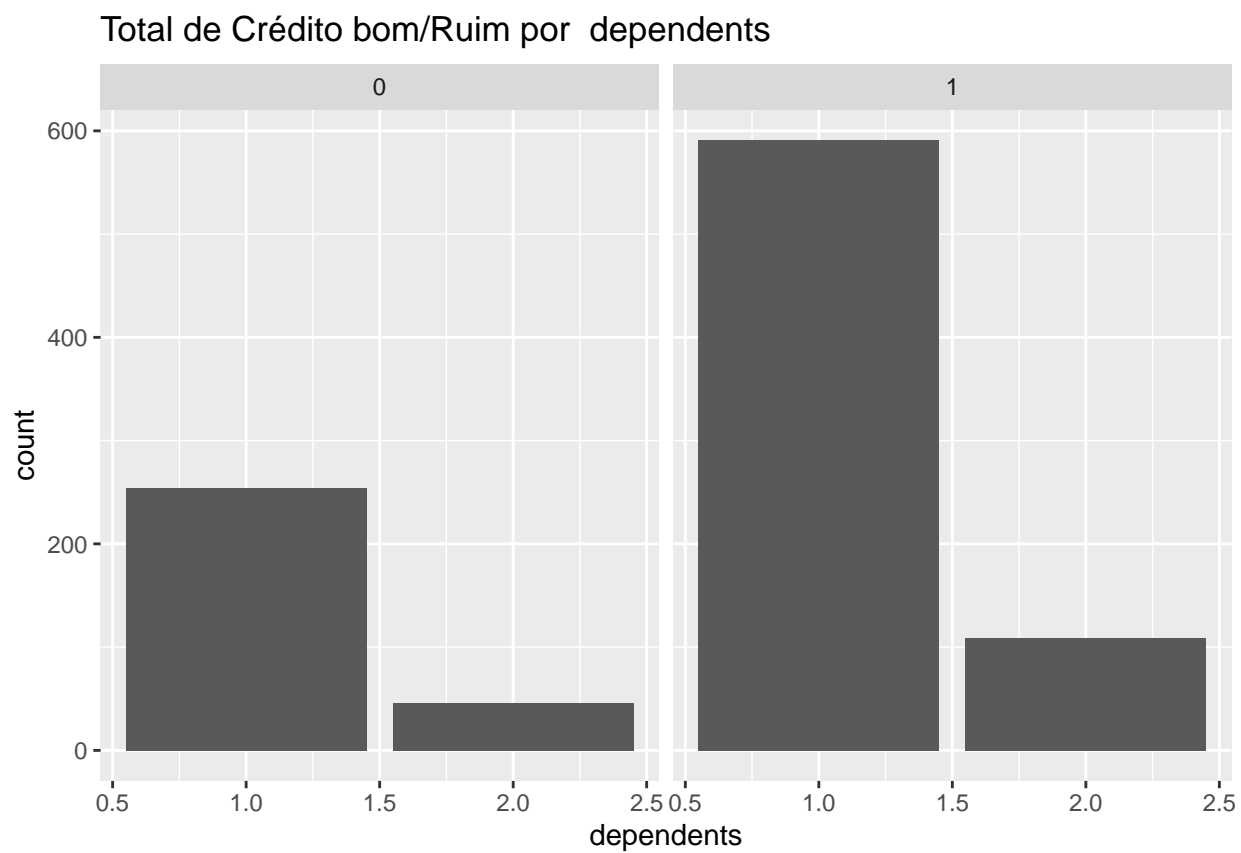
```
##  
## [[17]]
```



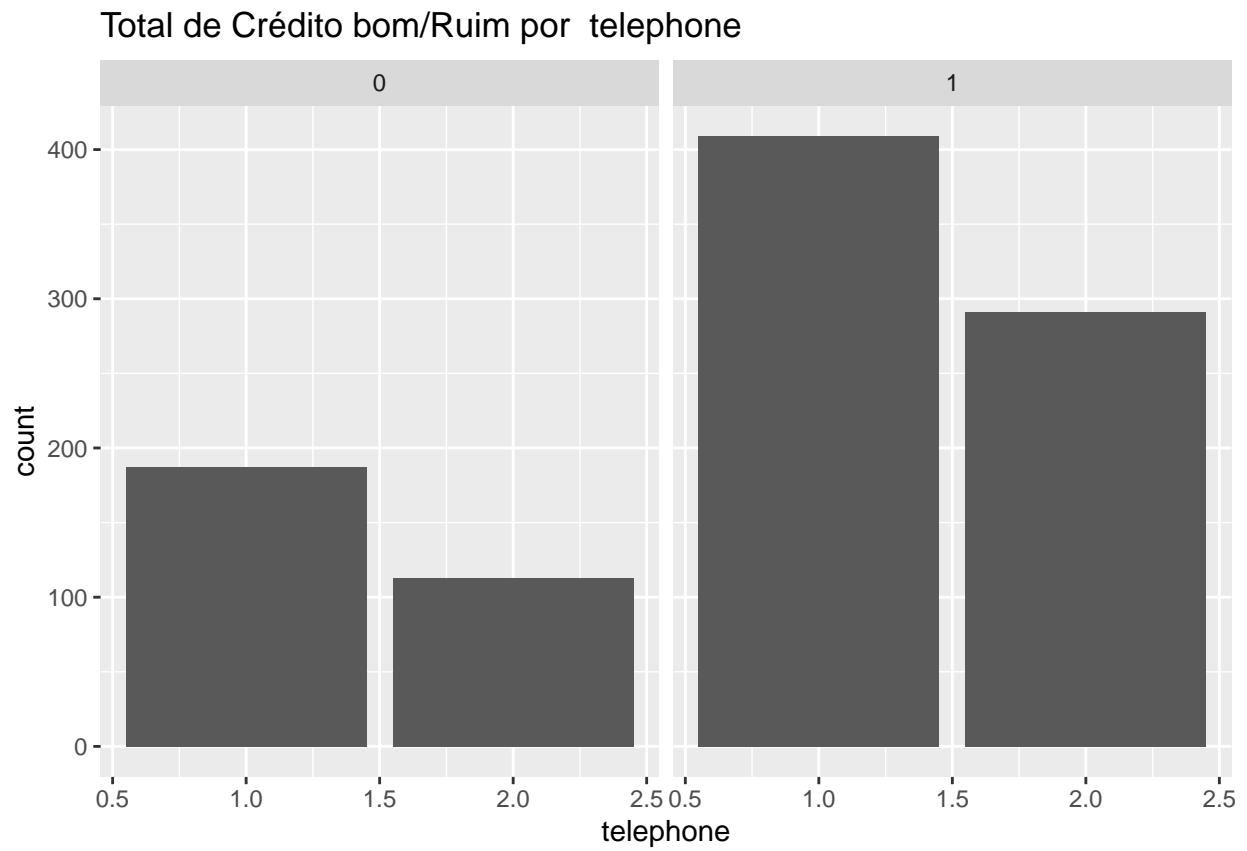
```
##  
## [[18]]
```



```
##  
## [[19]]
```



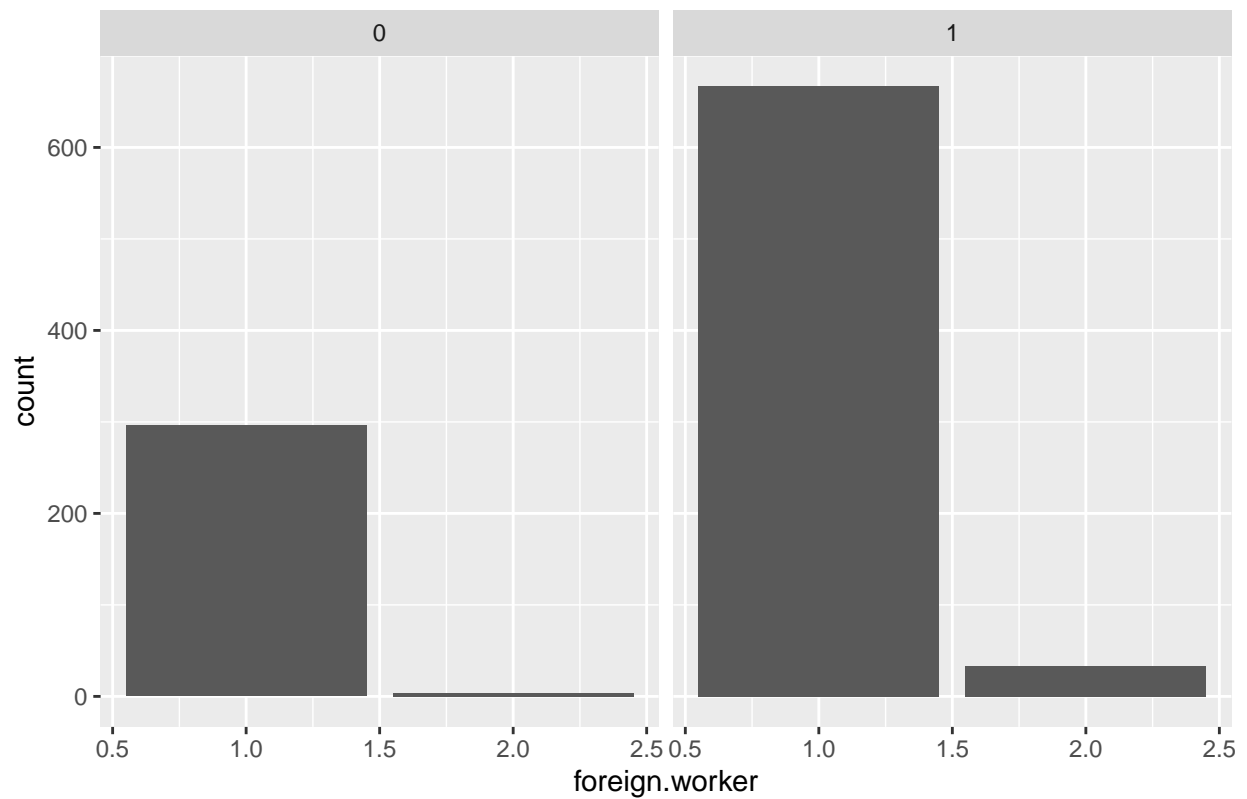
```
##  
## [[20]]
```



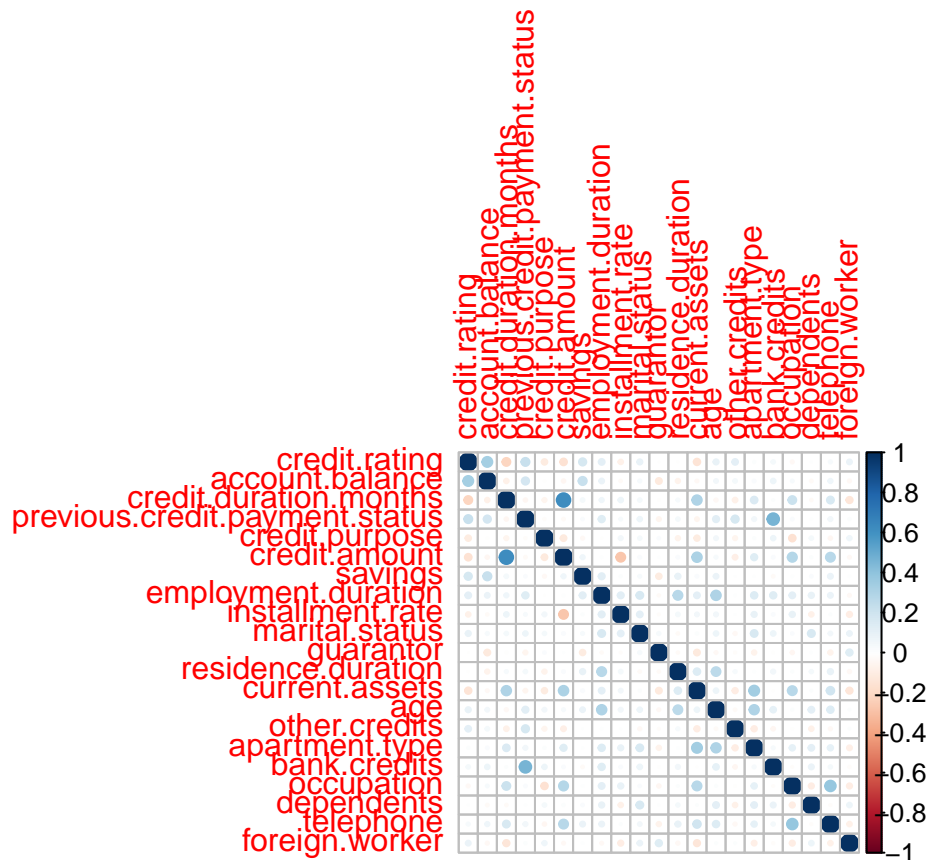
```
##  
## [[21]]
```



Total de Crédito bom/Ruim por foreign.worker



```
# criando um grafico de correlação  
corrplot::corrplot(cor(credit_df))
```



```
# convertendo a variavel target em fator (como vou usar algoritmos de suport vector machine, ele precis
#target seja um fator para executar como modelo de classificação)
credit_df$credit.rating = as.factor(credit_df$credit.rating)

#Normalizando dados que estão com escala diferente
credit_df$credit.duration.months = scale(credit_df$credit.duration.months, center = T, scale = T)
credit_df$age = scale(credit_df$age, center = T, scale = T)
credit_df$credit.amount = scale(credit_df$credit.amount, center = T, scale = T)
```

efetuando seleção de variaveis. verifica quais são mais importantes para o modelo

usar randomForest para verogicar variaveis mais relevantes definindo numero de arvores igual a 100 definindo tamanho dos nos = 10 definindo importance = TRUE para retornar grau de importancia de uma variavel

```
modelo = randomForest(
  credit.rating ~ .,
  data = credit_df,
  ntree = 100,
  nodesize = 10, importance = T)

importance = as.data.frame(modelo$importance)

# pegando apenas as variaveis mais relevantes para o experimento, de acordo com a
```

```
row_names = rownames(importance[importance$MeanDecreaseAccuracy >= mean(importance$MeanDecreaseAccuracy)])
library(stringr)
```

```
formula_ = as.formula(paste('credit.rating ~', str_c(row_names, collapse = ' + ')))
```

```
# função para gerar dados de treino e de test
splitData = function(dataframe, seed = NULL){
  if(!is.null(seed)) set.seed(seed)
  index = 1:nrow(dataframe)
  trinindex = sample(index, trunc(length(index)/2))
  trainset = dataframe[trinindex,]
  testset = dataframe[-trinindex,]
  list(trainset = trainset, testset = testset)
}
```

```
# gerando dados de treino e test
split = splitData(credit_df, seed = 808)
```

```
#separando dados
dados_treino = split$trainset
dados_test = split$testset
```

```
# Usando modelo de classificação SVM
svm_model = svm(formula_, data = dados_treino)
```

```
#####
# Treinando modelo
pred = predict(svm_model, newdata = dados_test, type = 'prob')
```

```
# Analisando resultado do treinamento
table(dados_test$credit.rating, pred)
```

```
##      pred
##      0   1
##  0  58  99
##  1  26 317
```

```
round(prop.table(table(dados_test$credit.rating, pred))
      * 100, digits = 1)
```

```
##      pred
##      0   1
##  0 11.6 19.8
##  1  5.2 63.4
```

```
# verificando acuracia
mean(pred == dados_test$credit.rating)
```

```
## [1] 0.75
```

```
#Gerando confusion matrix com library caret
caret::confusionMatrix(as.factor(dados_test$credit.rating), as.factor(pred))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##           Reference
## Prediction    0    1
##           0  58  99
##           1  26 317
##
##           Accuracy : 0.75
##           95% CI : (0.7096, 0.7874)
##       No Information Rate : 0.832
##       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##           Kappa : 0.336
##
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 1.196e-10
##
##           Sensitivity : 0.6905
##           Specificity : 0.7620
##           Pos Pred Value : 0.3694
##           Neg Pred Value : 0.9242
##           Prevalence : 0.1680
##           Detection Rate : 0.1160
##       Detection Prevalence : 0.3140
##           Balanced Accuracy : 0.7262
##
##           'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
# Usando modelo de classificação randomforest
modelo_r_forest = randomForest(formula_, data = dados_treino)
```

```
# Treinando modelo
pred_forest = predict(modelo_r_forest, newdata = dados_test)
```

```
# Analisando resultado do treinamento
table(dados_test$credit.rating, pred_forest)
```

```
##      pred_forest
##           0    1
##    0  75  82
##    1  44 299
```

```
round(prop.table(table(dados_test$credit.rating, pred_forest))
) * 100, digits = 1)
```

```
##      pred_forest
##           0    1
##    0 15.0 16.4
##    1  8.8 59.8
```

```
# verificando acuracia
mean(pred_forest == dados_test$credit.rating)
```

```
## [1] 0.748
```

```
#Gerando confusion matrix com library caret
#library(caret)
caret::confusionMatrix(as.factor(dados_test$credit.rating), as.factor(pred_forest))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##           Reference
## Prediction  0    1
##           0  75  82
##           1  44 299
##
##           Accuracy : 0.748
##           95% CI   : (0.7075, 0.7855)
##        No Information Rate : 0.762
##        P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.7855530
##
##           Kappa : 0.374
##
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.0009799
##
##           Sensitivity : 0.6303
##           Specificity : 0.7848
##           Pos Pred Value : 0.4777
##           Neg Pred Value : 0.8717
##           Prevalence : 0.2380
##           Detection Rate : 0.1500
##           Detection Prevalence : 0.3140
##           Balanced Accuracy : 0.7075
##
##           'Positive' Class : 0
##
```