

Concurrent programming in Rust

A Journey into Fearless Concurrency

Juan Camilo Garcia Martinez
Daniel Alejandro Melo Nuvar
Elían Gonzalez Ordóñez
Camilo Arturo Echeverry Ayala





What's on this journey?

01 Rust: not just a Metal Oxide

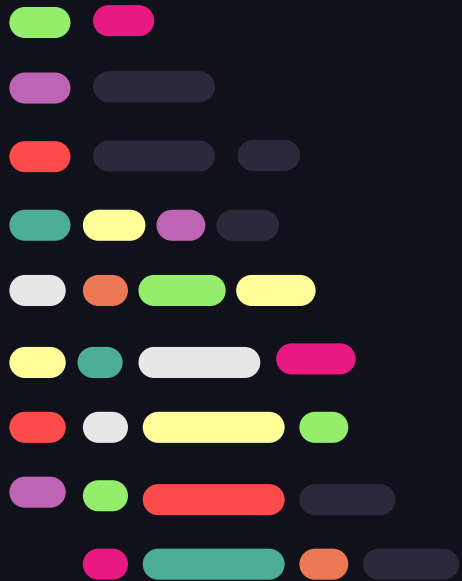
Overview of the Rust programming language!

02 Getting Rusty

How to setup your coding playground with Rust.

03 Threads and Threads!

Unleashing concurrent programming magic in Rust!





01 { ..

Rust: not just a metal oxide

Overview of the Rust programming language!



} ..



Overview of `rust`



Performant

No extra operations
as it's memory safe
through ownership,
borrowing and
lifetimes,

Type safe

Static and strong
typing, designed to
catch type errors on
compile time.

Concurrent

Designed for a
fluent experience in
threads management
and communication.





On the time machine..



2006-2010

Rust conception
and development

2018

Better tooling and
major improvements

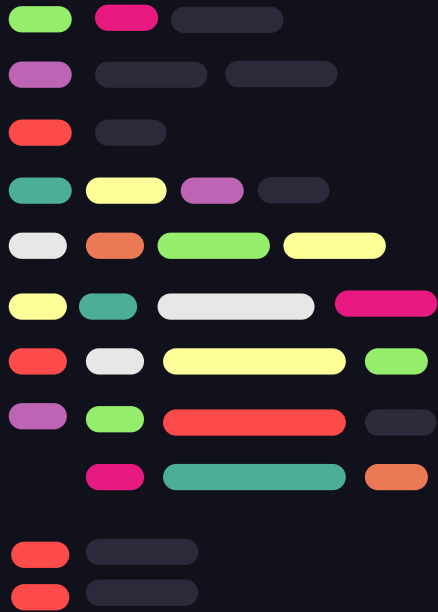
First Rust version
release
2015

Rust foundation
establishment
2021





What it's used for?



CLI tools

Useful program
with a CLI
interface.

Web development

Building and
maintenance of
websites.

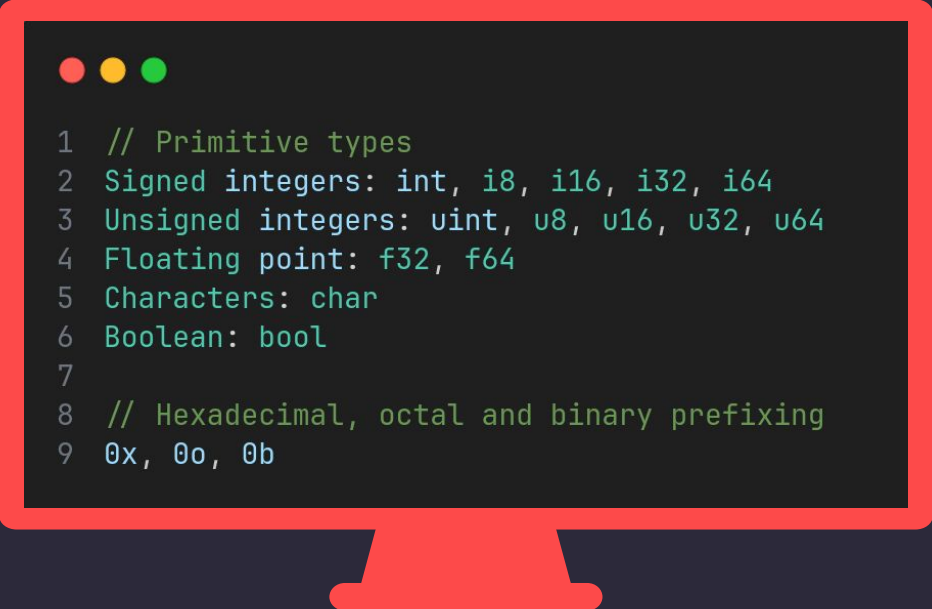
Systems programming

Aims to produce
software for the
hardware.

Network programming

Programs that
communicate
across network.

{ Rust primitives



```
1 // Primitive types
2 Signed integers: int, i8, i16, i32, i64
3 Unsigned integers: uint, u8, u16, u32, u64
4 Floating point: f32, f64
5 Characters: char
6 Boolean: bool
7
8 // Hexadecimal, octal and binary prefixing
9 0x, 0o, 0b
```





```
1 //functions
2 fn <name>(<args>) → <return type> {
3     <statements>
4 }
```

{ Rust
functions

}

{ Rust conditionals





```
1 // Rust loops
2 loop {
3     // Loop until break
4     <statements>
5 }
6
7 // Rust for loop
8 for <var> in <iterable> {
9     <statements>
10 }
11
12 // Rust while loop
13 while <condition> {
14     // Loop until condition is false
15     <statements>
16 }
```

{

Rust loops

}

{ Rust matches



```
1 // Rust match statement
2 match <value> {
3     <pattern1> | ... | <patternN> => <statements>,
4     <pattern1> | ... | <patternM> => <statements>,
5     ...
6 }
```





```
1 // Rust structs
2 struct <name> {
3     <field1>: <type1>,
4     <field2>: <type2>,
5     ...
6 }
```

Rust
{ structures

}



02 { ..

Getting Rusty

How to setup your coding playground with Rust.





But, how it's installed?



Rustup

Rust installer and
version management tool

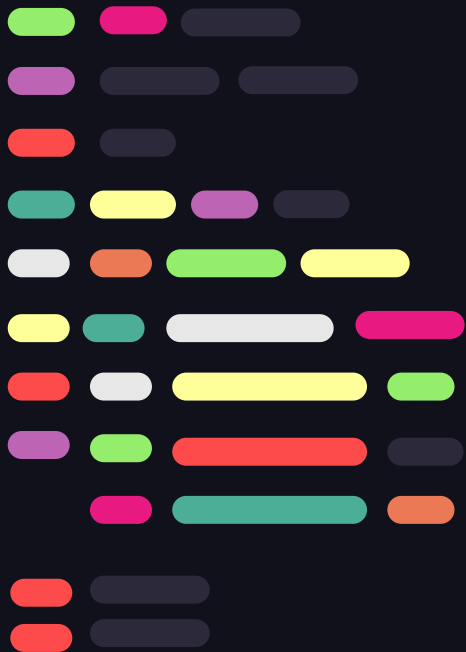
Cargo

Rust build and package
manager, automatically
installed with **Rustup**.





Start a new project



Start new project with **cargo new**
<project-name>:

Generates:

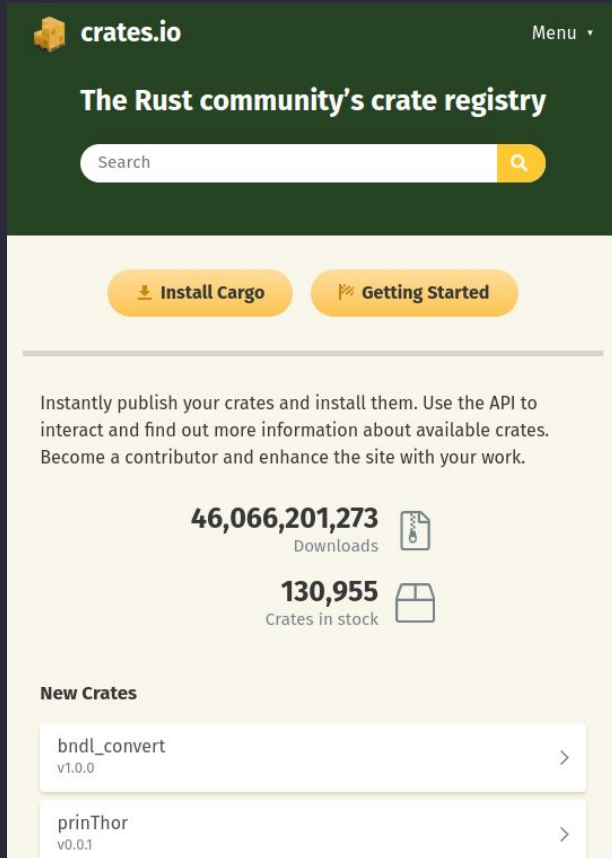
Cargo.toml: metadata of the project
src/main.rs: application code

Hello world project with **cargo new**



And the libraries?, installing **crates**

Install with `cargo add`
`<package-name>` from
[creates.io](https://crates.io), the version is
saved in `Cargo.toml` file



The screenshot shows the crates.io website, which is the Rust community's crate registry. The header is dark green with the crates.io logo and a menu icon. Below the header is a search bar. The main content area is light yellow and features two buttons: "Install Cargo" and "Getting Started". Below these buttons, there is a section with statistics: "46,066,201,273 Downloads" and "130,955 Crates in stock". At the bottom, there is a section titled "New Crates" listing two crates: "bndl_convert v1.0.0" and "prinThor v0.0.1".

crates.io Menu ▾

The Rust community's crate registry

Search

Install Cargo Getting Started

Instantly publish your crates and install them. Use the API to interact and find out more information about available crates. Become a contributor and enhance the site with your work.

46,066,201,273 Downloads

130,955 Crates in stock

New Crates

- bndl_convert v1.0.0
- prinThor v0.0.1



Integrations




Mutability



Values fall into two types:

- **Mutable**: The compiler allows the variable to be written to and read from.
- **Immutable**: The compiler only allows the variable to be read from.



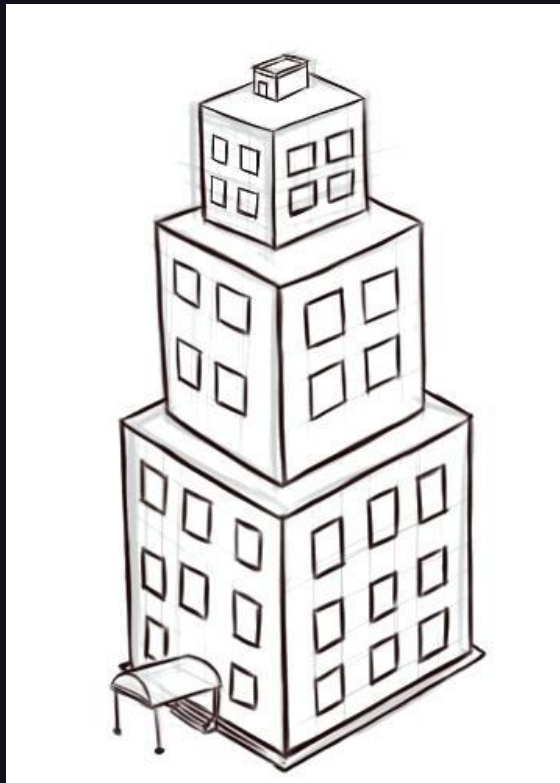
```
1 fn main() {  
2     let mut x = 5;  
3     let y = 10;  
4     println!("{}", x);  
5     x = 13;  
6     println!("x= {} y = {}", x, y);  
7 }  
8
```



Memory Management: Ownership

Three ways:

- Explicit allocation and releasing of memory.
- Garbage collection
- Rust uses a third approach: memory is managed through a system of ownership



Rules of Ownership

1. A variable called its "owner".
2. Only one owner at a time.
3. When the owner goes out of scope, the value will be dropped.



```
1 fn main() {  
2     // s is not valid here  
3     let s = "hello"; //valid from here  
4     // do stuff with s  
5 } //this scope is now over, and s is no longer valid  
6  
7
```

When `s` comes into scope, it is valid. it remains valid until it goes out of scope.



Scope-Based Resource Management

Rust uses the end of scope as the place to deconstruct and deallocate a resource.

This is called a `drop`.

```
1 struct Bar {  
2     x: i32,  
3 }  
4  
5 struct Foo {  
6     bar: Bar  
7 }  
8  
9 fn main(){  
10     let foo = Foo { bar: Bar{ x: 42 } };  
11     println!("{}", foo.bar.x);  
12     // foo is dropped first  
13     // Then foo.bar is dropped  
14 }
```



Move semantics and Ownership

When doing assignments or passing function arguments **by value (not reference)**, the ownership of the resources is transferred.

This is called a **move**.

```
1 fn foo(s: String) {  
2     // s is moved into foo, and s is no longer valid  
3     println!("{}", s);  
4 }  
5  
6 fn main() {  
7     let s = String::from("Hello, world!");  
8     foo(s);  
9     //println!("{}", s); will not compile  
10  
11 }
```



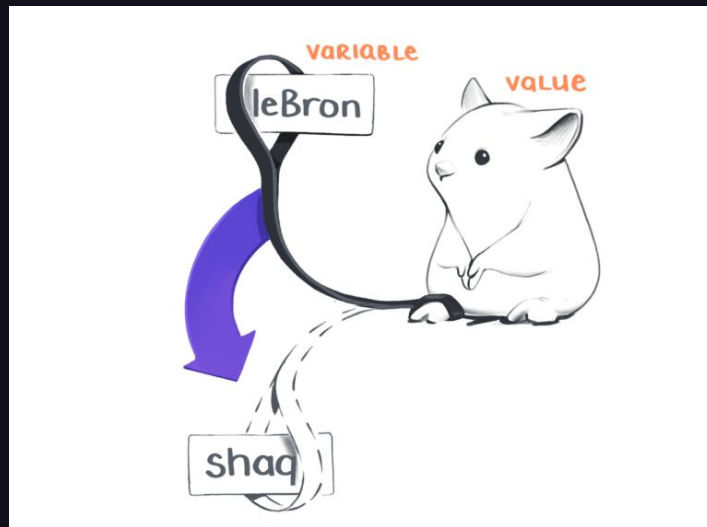
Borrowing

You can **borrow ownership**.

Instead of passing objects by value, we can pass these objects by reference.

The **borrow checker** guarantees that references always point to valid objects.

All of this ensures that programs are **memory safe**.





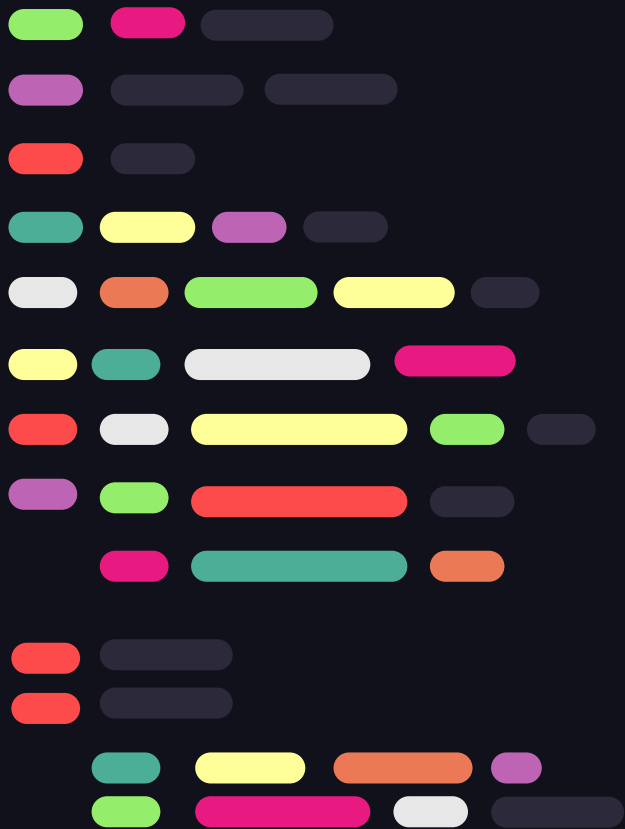
03 { ..

Threads and Threads

Unleashing concurrent programming magic in Rust!



} ..



Jupyter Notebook!

Access live Rust code with the shown
concepts here : [Notebook](#)





Resources

- Drawing Skill. Building Image. Retrieved from <https://www.drawingskill.com/art/39893>
- JetBrains. Rust in the Dev Ecosystem. Retrieved from <https://www.jetbrains.com/lp/devecosystem-2021/rust/>
- Brson. A Guide to Rust Syntax. Retrieved from <https://gist.github.com/brson/9dec4195a88066fa42e6>
- OpenAI. Chat GPT as a powered Search Engine. Retrieved from <https://chat.openai.com/>

