We Know $C_{n} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4^{n-2}} C_{n-1} & \text{if } n > 0 \end{cases}$ Pseudo Code Exercise 2.13 a) # Define the function that calculates Un der Catalan (n): return 1 return (4.n-2/n+1). Catan (N-1) < using the formula print (Catalan (100)) = to print Cion Exercise 3. It tiest we write a program that reads the data & makes a graph Data = load 1xt ("sunspots.txt", float) # Gets the file x= data [:1000, 0]# month # chooses the columns
y= Jata [:1000, 1]# Sunspot number # & it displays only the first
1000 Zata point y_aveg = np. zeros (y)

for in range (r, len (y) -r):
y-aveg [i] = 1/(2*r+1) * np. sum (y [i-r:i+r+1]) # Malee the plot plt. xlabel () plt. ylabel ()
plt. plot (x, y)
plt. plot (y-avey)
plt. litle () plt. legend () pl+. show() Exercise 3.2 # Write a program that reads the file & creates a density plot donta = loud 1xt (stm. +xt", ploat) pH. Imshow (data ...) # to create the density plot group ()#some for this file, that is the best color scheme (earsier to understand) pH. title () plt.show ()