

# Game Theoretical Analysis of Resource Allocation in the InterPlanetary File System

---

David Grisham

2 May 2018

# Background

# IPFS (InterPlanetary File System)

- P2P hypermedia distribution protocol
  - **Goal:** Replace HTTP, decentralize Internet
- Content-addressed, versioned filesystem
- Git repo in a torrent

# IPFS Stack



Figure 1: The IPFS Stack

- IPFS's block exchange protocol
- Inspired by BitTorrent
- *Given a set of peers who want data, how to allocate resources?*

*Given a set of peers who want data, how to allocate resources?*

- Every user maintains reputation for each peer
  - Very complex dynamics
- **Reciprocation function**

# Objectives

- Discover Bitswap reciprocation function(s) that gives desired behavior
  - Will depend on conditions
  - Break down Bitswap dynamics
- Analytical and empirical analyses
- Implementation

# System Model



# IPFS Network as Graph

- *Nodes*: Users  $\in \mathcal{N}$
- *Edges*: Peerings; unweighted, undirected
  - *i's neighborhood*:  $\mathcal{N}_i \subseteq \mathcal{N}$

User  $i$  distributes  $B_i$  bits among peers in each round

- $b_{ji}^t$ : Total bits sent from user  $j$  to peer  $i$  from round 0 to  $t - 1$
- $d_{ji}^t$ : *debt ratio* of  $j$  as viewed by  $i$  in round  $t$ 
  - Used as peer-wise reputation

$$d_{ji}^t = \frac{b_{ji}^t}{b_{ij}^t}$$

# Reciprocation Function

- *Inputs*: Peer debt ratio, rest of peers' debt ratios
- *Output*: Peer weight
- $S_j(d_{ji}^t, \mathbf{d}_j^{-i,t}) \in [0, 1]$ 
  - e.g.  $S_j(d_{ji}^t, \mathbf{d}_j^{-i,t}) = \frac{d_{ji}^t}{d_{ji}^t + \sum_{d_{jk}^t \in \mathbf{d}_j^{-i,t}} d_{jk}^t}$

$B_j$  bits distributed among peers via weighted round-robin

$$b_{ji}^{t+1} = b_{ji}^t + S_j(d_{ji}^t, \mathbf{d}_j^{-i,t}) \times B_j$$

# Game Formulation

- *Players*: Users/nodes
- *Strategy*: Reciprocation function
- *Utility*:  $U_i = \sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}_i} b_{ji}^\infty = \sum_{t=0}^\infty u_i^t$

$$u_i^t = \sum_{t=0}^\infty \sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}_i} (b_{ji}^t - b_{ji}^{t-1})$$

- *Complexity vs. accuracy*
- Attempted formulations
  - Evolutionary game theory
  - Statistical mechanics
  - **Repeated games**

- *Infinitely repeated*
  - Discrete rounds, denoted by  $t$
- *Incomplete information*



# Objectives

- Classify Bitswap reciprocation functions
  - Conditions where useful
- **Analytical work:** Repeated game model
- **Empirical work:** Simulations
- **Implementation:** `go-ipfs`, IPTB

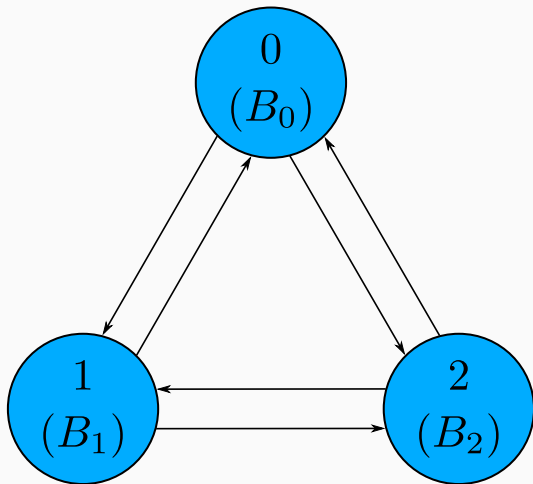
## **Preliminary Results**

- 3 node network
- Parameters
  - Resource distribution
  - Initial peer-wise reputations
- Tests whether given reciprocation function is a Nash equilibrium (NE)

## User 0:

1. Follows reciprocation function
2. Deviates from reciprocation function

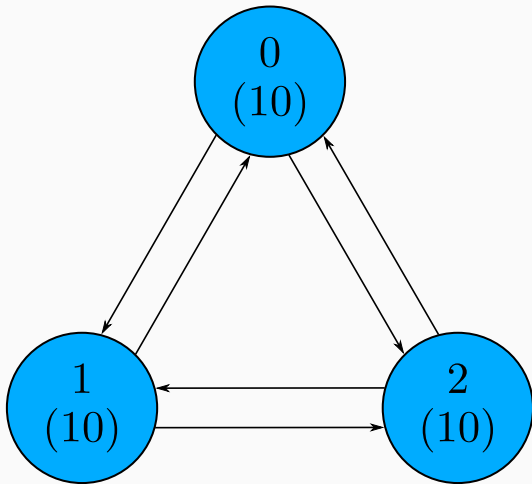
## 3-Node Network



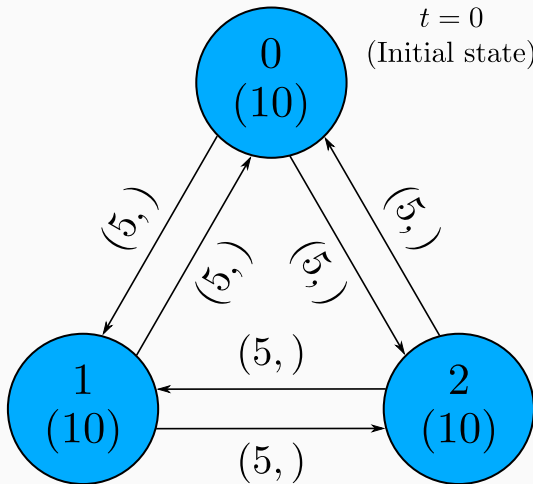
## Example 1

- **Reciprocation function:** Linear
- **Initial ledgers:** Split
- **Resource distribution:**  $[10, 10, 10]$

## Example 1 – Non-Deviating

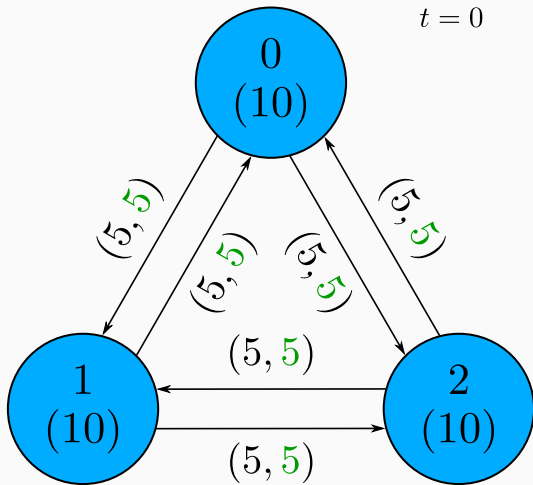


## Example 1 – Non-Deviating

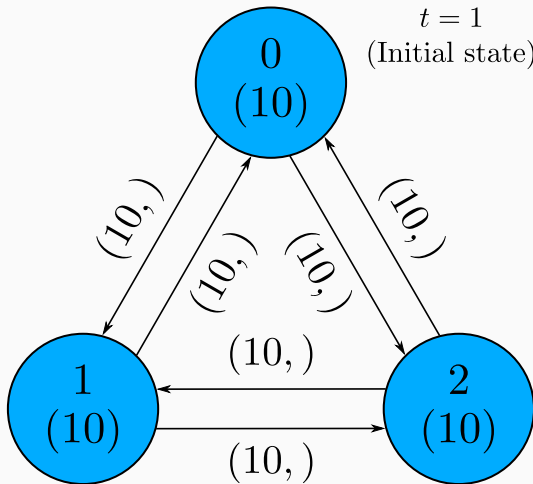




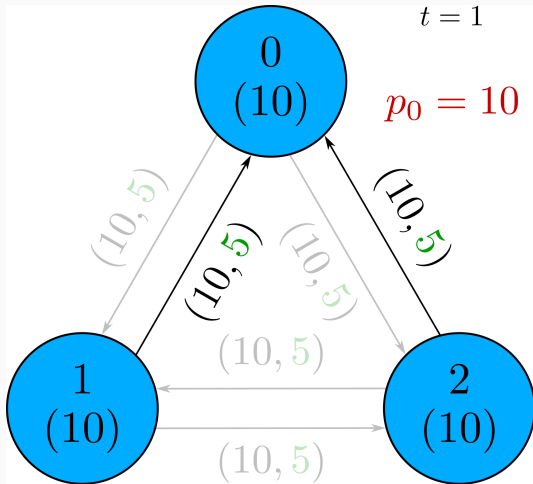
## Example 1 – Non-Deviating



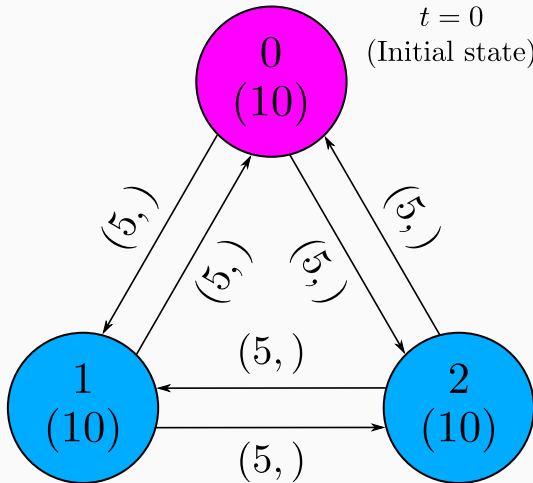
## Example 1 – Non-Deviating



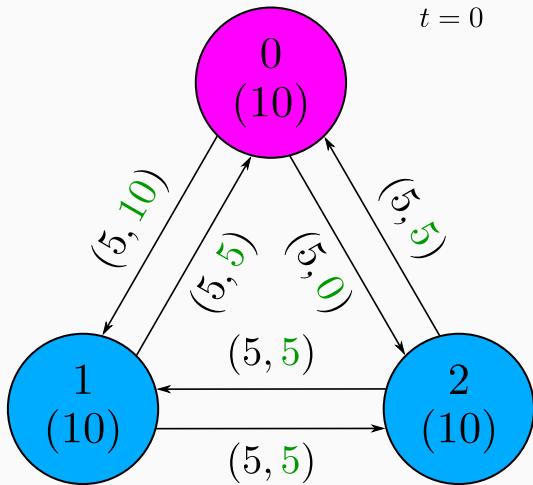
## Example 1 – Non-Deviating



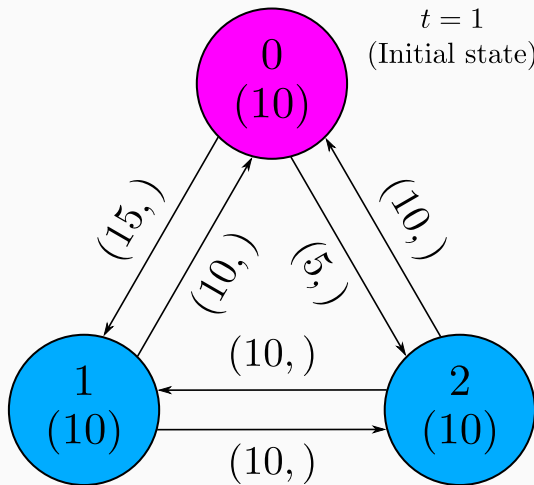
## Example 1 – Deviating



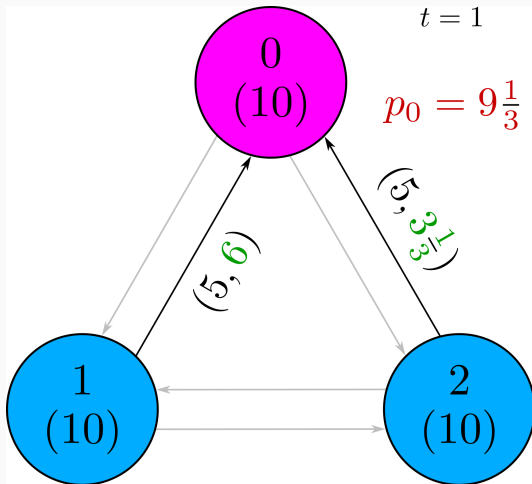
## Example 1 – Deviating



## Example 1 – Deviating



## Example 1 – Deviating

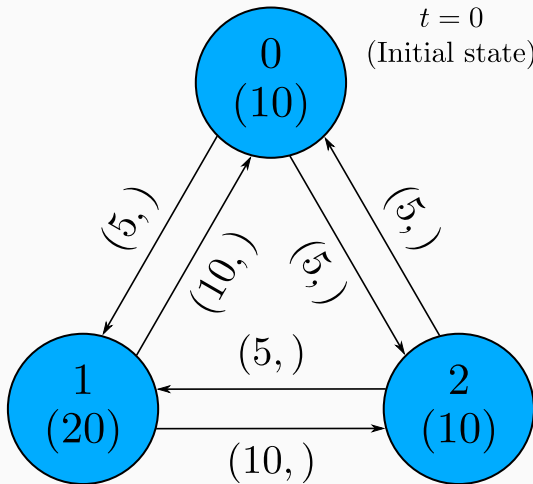


## Example 2

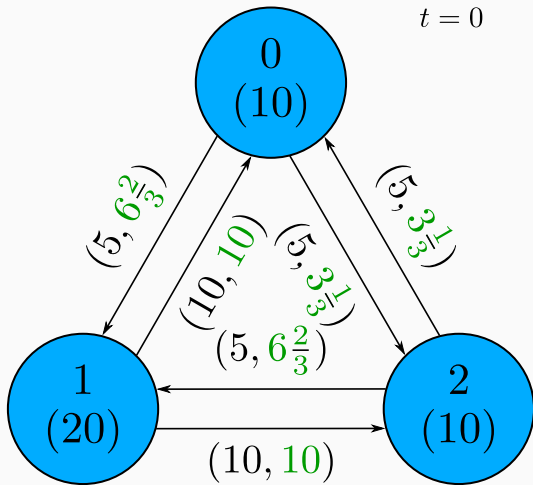
- **Reciprocation function:** Linear
- **Initial ledgers:** Split
- **Resource distribution:**  $[10, 20, 10]$



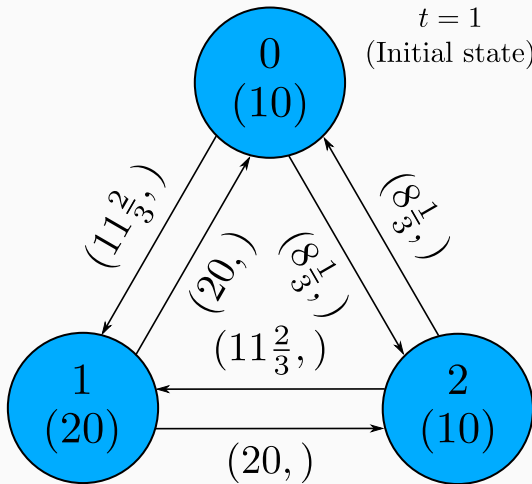
## Example 2 – Non-Deviating



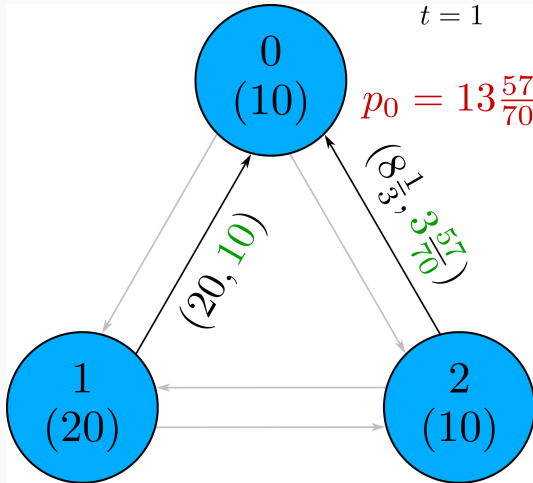
## Example 2 – Non-Deviating



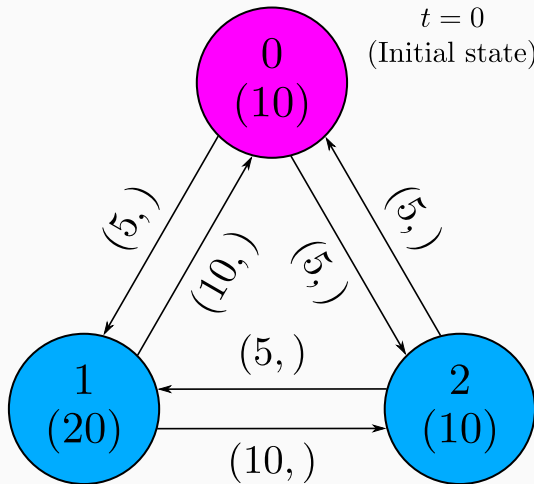
## Example 2 – Non-Deviating



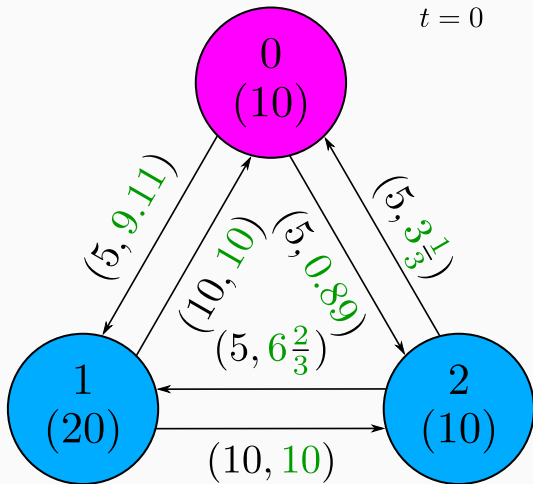
## Example 2 – Non-Deviating



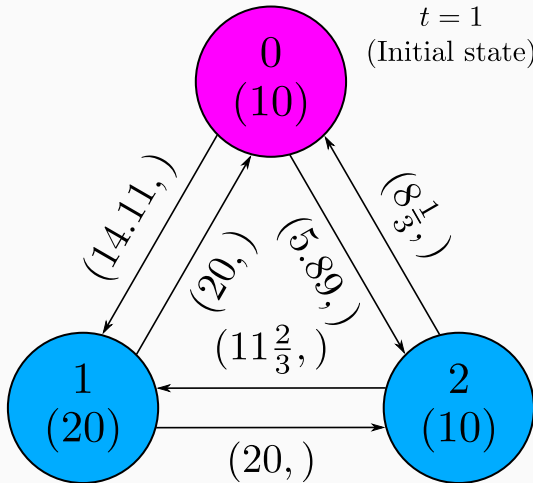
## Example 2 – Deviating



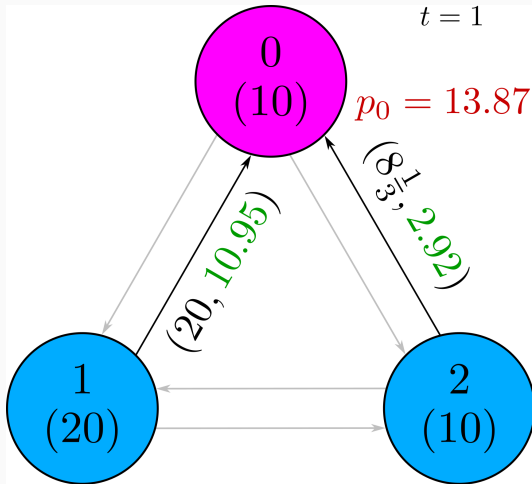
## Example 2 – Deviating



## Example 2 – Deviating



## Example 2 – Deviating





## Summarized Results

Case	Payoff
<b>Example 1 (ND)</b>	<b>10</b>
Example 1 (D)	$9\frac{1}{3}$
Example 2 (ND)	13.68
Example 2 (D)	13.87

## Conclusions

- Homogeneous resource distributions
  - Any RF (trivially) NE
- Non-homogeneous resource distributions
  - NE not yet found

- Verified results of strategy simulator
- Mathematica notebook
- Intractable for nontrivial reciprocation functions
  - **Next step:** Alternative functions/representations

- Beta strategy-integration into `go-ipfs`
- IPTB: IPFS nodes in Docker containers
- Scripted tests

# Plan

1. **Repeated game analysis**
  - Balances model accuracy with complexity
2. **Evolutionary game theory** (if time allows)
  - Good model, but high complexity

## 1. **Strategy simulator**

- Complements repeated game analysis

## 2. **Bitswap tests**

- Test actual IPFS nodes

# Timeline



- **Thesis**
  - Layout
  - Write intro/background, results so far
- **Implementation:** IPTB simulations
- **Simulation:** Continue evaluating strategies
- **Analytical:** Simplify intractable cases

- **Thesis**
  - Update results as they come
  - Plots and visualizations
  - Check formatting with writing center
- **Implementation:** IPTB simulations
- **Simulation:** Continue evaluating strategies
- **Analytical:** Evaluate results, re-orient

- **Thesis:** Primary focus
- **Implementation:** Finish up lingering work here