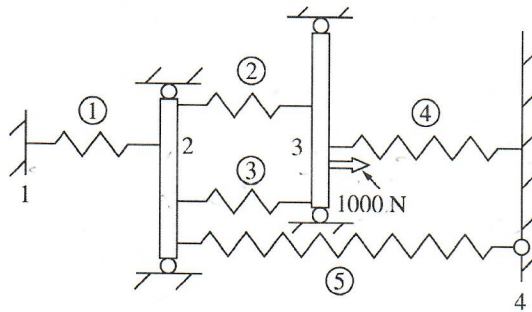


- 2.17 For the five-spring assemblage shown in Figure P2-17, determine the displacements at nodes 2 and 3 and the reactions at nodes 1 and 4. Assume the rigid vertical bars at nodes 2 and 3 connecting the springs remain horizontal at all times but are free to slide or displace left or right. There is an applied force at node 3 of 1000 N to the right.



■ Figure P2-17

Let $k^{(1)} = 500 \text{ N/mm}$, $k^{(2)} = k^{(3)} = 300 \text{ N/mm}$, and $k^{(4)} = k^{(5)} = 400 \text{ N/mm}$.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \begin{Bmatrix} f_{1x} \\ f_{2x} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} u_1 & u_2 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 500 & -500 \\ -500 & 500 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{Bmatrix} \\ \text{2x2} & \uparrow [k^{(1)}] \end{matrix}$$

$$[k^{(2)}] = [k^{(3)}] = \begin{matrix} u_2 & u_3 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 300 & -300 \\ -300 & 300 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{Bmatrix} u_2 \\ u_3 \end{Bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$[k^{(4)}] = \begin{matrix} u_3 & u_4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 400 & -400 \\ -400 & 400 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{Bmatrix} u_3 \\ u_4 \end{Bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$[k^{(5)}] = \begin{matrix} u_2 & u_4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 400 & -400 \\ -400 & 400 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{Bmatrix} u_2 \\ u_4 \end{Bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$[K]_{4 \times 4} = \begin{bmatrix} u_1 & u_2 & u_3 & u_4 \\ 500 & -500 & 0 & 0 \\ -500 & (500+300) & (-300) & -400 \\ 0 & (-300) & (300) & -400 \\ 0 & -400 & -400 & (400+400) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} F_{ix} \\ F_{ix} \\ F_{ix} \\ F_{iy} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 500 & -500 & 0 & 0 \\ -500 & 1500 & -600 & -400 \\ 0 & -600 & 1000 & -400 \\ 0 & -400 & -400 & 800 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

egs. 2 & 3

$$\begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 1000 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1500 & -600 \\ -600 & 1000 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Solve w/ Matlab

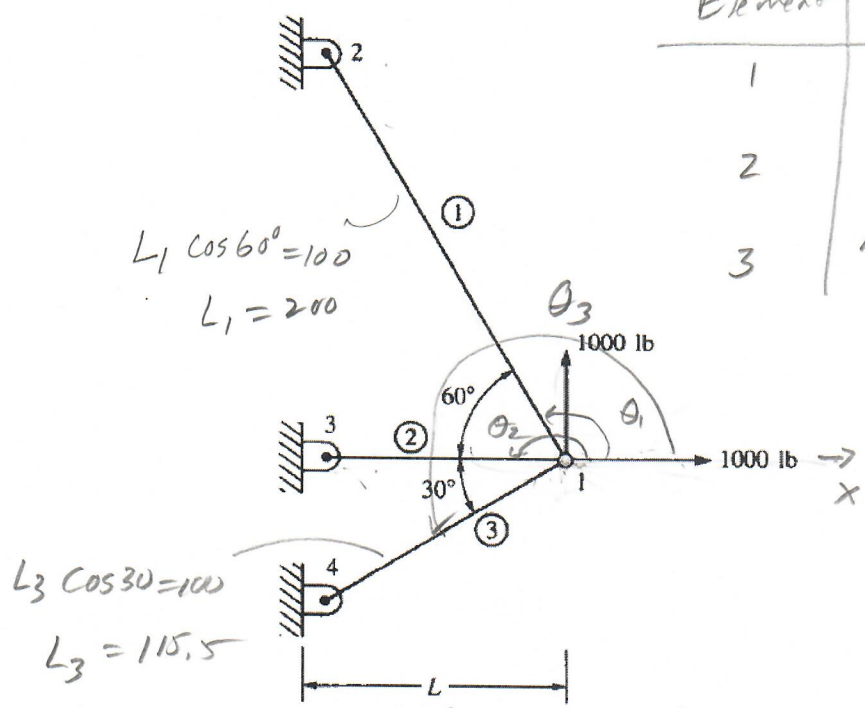
$$\begin{array}{l} u_2 = 0.5263 \text{ mm} \\ u_3 = 1.316 \text{ mm} \end{array}$$

Reactions

$$F_{ix} = -500 u_2 = -263.2 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{iy} = -400 u_2 - 400 u_3 = -736.8 \text{ N}$$

3.22 For the truss shown in Figure P3-22 solve for the horizontal and vertical components of displacement at node 1 and determine the stress in each element. Also verify force equilibrium at node 1. All elements have $A = 1 \text{ in.}^2$ and $E = 10 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$. Let $L = 100 \text{ in.}$



| Element | L | θ | c | s | c^2 | s^2 | cs |
|---------|-------|----------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 200 | 120 | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ |
| 2 | 100 | 180 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 115.5 | 210 | $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ |

each element

$$[k] = \frac{AE}{L} \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & cs & -c^2 & -cs \\ cs & s^2 & -cs & -s^2 \\ -c^2 & -cs & c^2 & cs \\ -cs & -s^2 & cs & s^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Global terms

$$\begin{Bmatrix} F_{1x} \\ F_{1y} \\ F_{2x} \\ F_{2y} \\ F_{3x} \\ F_{3y} \\ F_{4x} \\ F_{4y} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} [k_{11} & k_{12}] & & & & & & \\ [k_{12} & k_{22}] & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \\ u_3 \\ v_3 \\ u_4 \\ v_4 \end{Bmatrix}$$

8x1

8x8

(1)/(10 x 10⁶)

$$K_{11} = AE \left[\frac{c_1^2}{L_1} + \frac{c_2^2}{L_2} + \frac{c_3^2}{L_3} \right] = 1.775e5$$

$$K_{12} = AE \left[\frac{c_1 s_1}{L_1} + \frac{c_2 s_2}{L_2} + \frac{c_3 s_3}{L_3} \right] = 1.585e4$$

$$K_{22} = AE \left[\frac{s_1^2}{L_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{L_2} + \frac{s_3^2}{L_3} \right] = 5.915e4$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1000 \\ 1000 \end{pmatrix} = 10^6 \begin{bmatrix} 1.775e5 & 1.585e4 \\ 1.585e4 & 5.915e4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solving with Matlab

$$\begin{cases} u_1 = 0.004226 \text{ in} \\ v_1 = 0.01577 \text{ in} \end{cases}$$

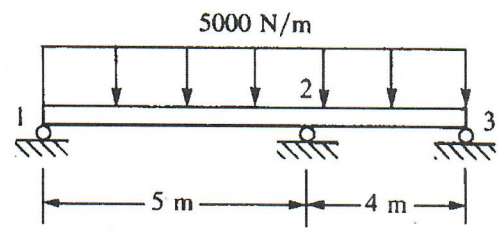
Stresses

$$\sigma^{(1)} = \frac{E}{L_1} \begin{bmatrix} -c_1 & -s_1 & c_1 & s_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix} = -577.9 \text{ psi} \quad (C)$$

$$\sigma^{(2)} = \frac{E}{L_2} \begin{bmatrix} -c_2 & -s_2 & c_2 & s_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix} = 422.7 \text{ psi} \quad (T)$$

$$\sigma^{(3)} = \frac{E}{L_3} \begin{bmatrix} -c_3 & -s_3 & c_3 & s_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix} = 1000 \text{ psi} \quad (T)$$

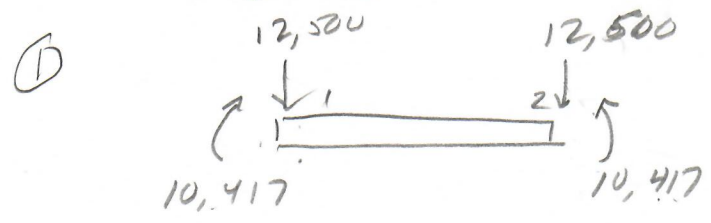
4.21-4.26 For the beams shown in Figures P4-21 through P4-26, determine the nodal displacements and slopes, the forces in each element, and the reactions.



$$E = 210 \text{ GPa} = 210 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$I = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4$$

Figure P4-26

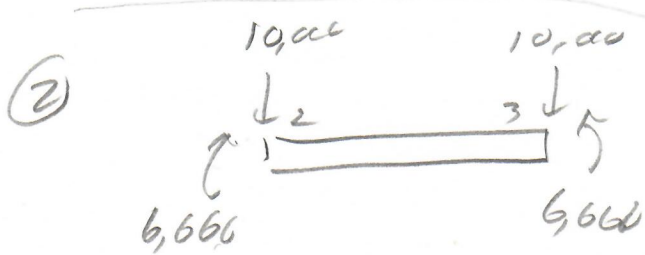


$$\frac{wL}{2} = \frac{(5000 \text{ N/m})(5\text{m})}{2}$$

$$= 12,500 \text{ N}$$

$$\frac{wL^2}{12} = \frac{(5000 \text{ N/m})(5\text{m})^2}{12}$$

$$= 10,417 \text{ N-m}$$



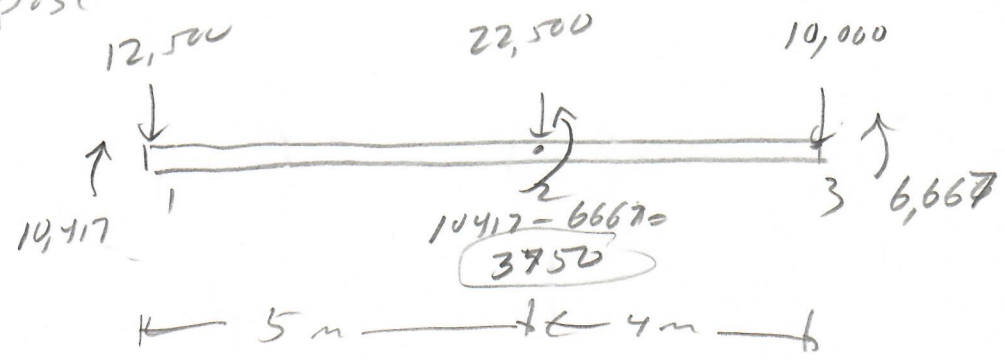
$$\frac{wL}{2} = \frac{(5000 \text{ N/m})(4\text{m})}{2}$$

$$= 10,000 \text{ N}$$

$$\frac{wL^2}{12} = \frac{(5000 \text{ N/m})(4\text{m})^2}{12}$$

$$= 6,666 \text{ N-m}$$

Superpose



$$[k] = \frac{EI}{L^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6L & -12 & 6L \\ & 4L^2 & -6L & 2L^2 \\ \text{sym} & & 12 & -6L \\ & & & 4L^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Global eq's

$$\begin{Bmatrix} F_{1y} \\ M_1 \rightarrow 10,417 \\ F_{2y} \\ M_2 \rightarrow 3750 \\ F_{3y} \\ M_3 \rightarrow 6667 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ & K_{22} & & \\ & & K_{27} & \\ & & & K_{28} \\ & & K_{44} & \\ & & & K_{46} \\ & & & & K_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} v_1 \phi_1 \\ v_2 \phi_2 \\ v_3 \phi_3 \\ v_3 \phi_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Solve eqs 2, 4, 6

$$K_{22} = \frac{EI}{L_1^3} (4L_1^2) = \frac{4EI}{L_1} = 33.6 \text{ e6}$$

$$K_{24} = \frac{EI}{L_1^3} (2L_1^2) = \frac{2EI}{L_1} = 16.8 \text{ e6}$$

$$K_{26} = 0$$

$$K_{44} = \frac{EI}{L_1^3} (4L_1^2) + \frac{EI}{L_2^3} (4L_2^2) = 4EI \left(\frac{1}{L_1} + \frac{1}{L_2} \right) = 75.6 \text{ e6}$$

$$K_{46} = \frac{EI}{L_2^3} (2L_2^2) = \frac{2EI}{L_2} = 21.0 \text{ e6}$$

$$K_{66} = \frac{EI}{L_2^3} (4L_2^2) = \frac{4EI}{L_2} = 42.0 \text{ e6}$$

eqs 2, 4, 6

$$\begin{Bmatrix} -10,417 \\ 3750 \\ 6667 \end{Bmatrix} = 10^6 \begin{bmatrix} 33.6 & 16.8 & 0 \\ 16.8 & 75.6 & 21.0 \\ 0 & 21.0 & 42.0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Solve w/ Matlab

$$\phi_1 = -3.596 \text{ e-4 rad}$$

$$\phi_2 = 0.992 \text{ e-4 rad}$$

$$\phi_3 = 1.091 \text{ e-4 rad}$$

Reactions

$$\begin{Bmatrix} F_{1y} \\ M_1 \\ F_{2y} \\ M_2 \\ F_{3y} \\ M_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} & & & & & \\ & K_{12} & & K_{14} & & K_{16} \\ & & K_{22} & & K_{24} & & K_{26} \\ & & & K_{23} & & K_{34} & & K_{36} \\ & & & & K_{27} & & K_{44} & & K_{46} \\ & & & & & K_{25} & & K_{45} & & K_{56} \\ & & & & & & K_{26} & & K_{46} & & K_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -12,500 \\ -14,717 \\ -22,300 \\ 3750 \\ -19,000 \\ 6667 \end{Bmatrix}$$

6x6

$$[K] \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} F_0 \\ F_0 \\ F_0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Solving with MatLab

$$\begin{pmatrix} F_{1y} \\ M_1 \\ F_{2y} \\ M_2 \\ F_{3y} \\ M_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9875 \text{ N} \\ 0 \\ 28,406 \text{ N} \\ 0 \\ 6719 \text{ N} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$F_{\text{Total}} = F_{1y} + F_{2y} + F_{3y} = 45,000 \text{ N}$$


```

%
% 4-26
%
clc; ; clear; format compact; format long
%
E=210e9;
I=2e-4;
w=5000;
L1=5;
L2=4;
F0=[-w*L1/2; -w*L1^2/12; -(w*L1/2+w*L2/2); w*(L1^2-L2^2)/12; -w*L2/2; w*L2^2/12]
%
% Element Stiffness Matrices
%
for L=[5 4]
    k=(E*I/L^3)*[12 6*L -12 6*L
                 6*L 4*L^2 -6*L 2*L^2
                 -12 -6*L 12 -6*L
                 6*L 2*L^2 -6*L 4*L^2];
    if L==5
        k1=k
    else
        k2=k
    end
end
%
% Global Stiffness matrix
%
K1=zeros(6,6);
K1(1:4,1:4)=k1;
K2=zeros(6,6);
K2(3:6,3:6)=k2;
K=K1+K2
%
% impose BC (v1=v2=v3)
%
Kreduced=K([2 4 6],[2 4 6])
Freduced=[-10417; 3750; 6667]
% Freduced=[F0(2);F0(4);F0(6)]
%
% solve
%
D=Kreduced\Freduced
phi_1=D(1)
phi_2=D(2)
phi_3=D(3)
%
% Reactions
%
Dfull=[0;phi_1;0;phi_2;0;phi_3]
F=K*Dfull-F0
Net_force=F(1)+F(3)+F(5)

```