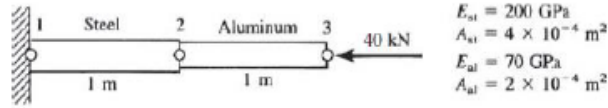


Homework #3 Solution

Text Problems 3.8, 15a, 18a, 23, 27, 56, 58a

3.8



$$[k^{(1)}] = \frac{(4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2)(200 \times 10^6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2})}{1 \text{ m}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[k^{(1)}] = 800 \times 10^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$$

$$[k^{(2)}] = \frac{(2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2)(70 \times 10^6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2})}{1 \text{ m}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[k^{(2)}] = 140 \times 10^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} F_{1x} = 0 \\ F_{2x} \\ F_{3x} = -40 \text{ kN} \end{Bmatrix} = 10^2 \begin{bmatrix} 800 & -800 & 0 \\ -800 & 940 & -140 \\ 0 & -140 & 140 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 = 0 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = 10^2 (940 u_2 - 140 u_3) \Rightarrow u_3 = 6.714 u_2 \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow -40000 = 10^2 (-140 u_2 + 140 u_3) \quad (2)$$

Substituting (1) into (2)

$$\Rightarrow -40000 = 10^2 (-140 u_2 + 140 (6.714) u_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow u_2 = -0.50 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_3 = -3.356 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

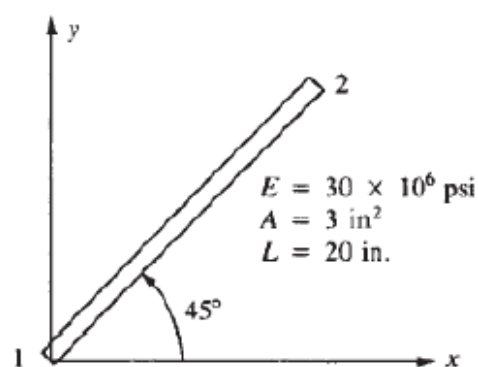
$$F_{1x} = 10^2 (-800 \times (-0.50 \times 10^{-3}))$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{1x} = 40 \text{ kN}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} f_{1x} \\ f_{2x} \end{Bmatrix} = 800 \times 10^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ -0.50 \times 10^{-3} \end{Bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} f_{1x}^{(1)} = 40 \text{ kN} \\ f_{2x}^{(1)} = -40 \text{ kN} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} f_{2x} \\ f_{3x} \end{Bmatrix} = 140 \times 10^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} -0.50 \times 10^{-3} \\ -3.356 \times 10^{-3} \end{Bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} f_{2x}^{(2)} = 40 \text{ kN} \\ f_{3x}^{(2)} = -40 \text{ kN} \end{matrix}$$

3.15 (a)



$$C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$[K] = \frac{EA}{L} \begin{bmatrix} C^2 & CS & -C^2 & -CS \\ & S^2 & -CS & -S^2 \\ & & C^2 & CS \\ & & & S^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K] = 2.25 \times 10^6 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in.}}$$

3.18

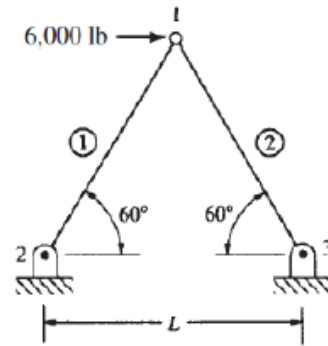
$$(a) \sigma = \frac{E}{L} \begin{bmatrix} -C & -S & C & S \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{Bmatrix}, \theta = 45^\circ$$

$$C = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, S = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, E = 30 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}, L = 60 \text{ in.}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{30 \times 10^6}{60} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.02 \\ 0.04 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma = 21200 \text{ psi}$$

3.23



Element (1)

$$C = \frac{1}{2}; \quad S = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$[k^{(1)}] = \frac{AE}{L} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & & -\lambda \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & & \\ \hline & & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ -\lambda & & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right]$$

Element (2)

$$[k^{(2)}] = \frac{AE}{L} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & & -\lambda \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & & \\ \hline & & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ -\lambda & & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\{F\} = [K] \{d\}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} 6000 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{AE}{L} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6000 = \frac{AE}{L} \frac{u_1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_1 = \frac{6000 \times 100 \times 2}{1 \times 10 \times 10^6}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_1 = 0.12 \text{ in.}$$

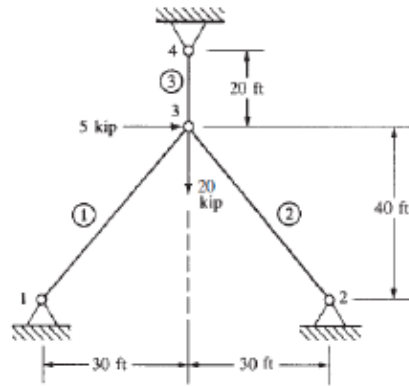
$$v_1 = 0$$

$$\sigma^{(1)} = [C'] \{d\} = \frac{E}{L} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_2 = 0 \\ v_2 = 0 \\ u_1 = 0.12 \\ v_1 = 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma^{(1)} = \frac{10 \times 10^6}{10^2} \left[\frac{1}{2} (0.12) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma^{(1)} = 6000 \text{ psi}$$

3.27



	(1)	(2)	(3)
	1-3	2-3	3-4
L	50 ft	50 ft	20 ft
θ	53.13°	126.87°	90°
$\cos \theta$	0.6	-0.6	0
$\sin \theta$	0.8	0.8	1

$$[k^{(1)}] = \frac{AE}{50} \begin{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (1) & (3) \\ 0.36 & 0.48 \\ 0.48 & 0.64 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} -0.36 & -0.48 \\ -0.48 & -0.64 \end{matrix} \\ \hline \begin{matrix} (2) & (4) \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{matrix} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (1) \\ (3) \end{matrix}$$

$$[k^{(2)}] = \frac{AE}{50} \begin{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (2) & (3) \\ 0.36 & -0.48 \\ -0.48 & 0.64 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} -0.36 & 0.48 \\ 0.48 & -0.64 \end{matrix} \\ \hline \begin{matrix} (3) & (4) \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{matrix} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (2) \\ (3) \end{matrix}$$

$$[k^{(3)}] = \frac{AE}{20} \begin{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (3) & (4) \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{matrix} \\ \hline \begin{matrix} (4) & (5) \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{matrix} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (3) \\ (4) \end{matrix}$$

Invoking boundary conditions. Therefore, need only 3-3

$$[K] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{AE}{50} (0.36 + 0.36) + \frac{AE}{20} (0) & \frac{AE}{50} (0.48 - 0.48) + \frac{AE}{20} (0) \\ \frac{AE}{50} (0.48 - 0.48) + \frac{AE}{20} (0) & \frac{AE}{50} (0.64 + 0.64) + \frac{AE}{20} (1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow K = \begin{bmatrix} (0.72) \frac{AE}{50} & 0 \\ 0 & (1.28) \frac{AE}{50} + \frac{AE}{20} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{F\} = [K] \{d\}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} F_{3x} = 5 \text{ K} \\ F_{3y} = -20 \text{ K} \end{Bmatrix} = AE \begin{bmatrix} \frac{0.72}{50} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1.28}{50} + \frac{1}{20} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_3 \\ v_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 \text{ K} = \frac{(0.72)(AE)}{50} u_3$$

$$\Rightarrow u_3 = \frac{(5000) \times (50) \times (12)}{(0.72)(3)(30 \times 10^6)}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_3 = 0.0463 \text{ in.}$$

$$\Rightarrow -20 \text{ K} = \left[\frac{1.28}{50} + \frac{1}{20} \right] AE v_3$$

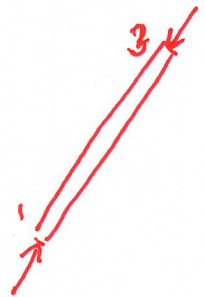
$$\Rightarrow v_3 = -0.0352 \text{ in.}$$

Forces on the members ($A = 3 \text{ in.}^2$, $E = 30 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$)

Member 1-3 (1)

$$\begin{Bmatrix} f'_{1x} \\ f'_{3x} \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{AE}{600} \begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & 0.8 & -0.6 & -0.8 \\ -0.6 & -0.8 & 0.6 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 = 0 \\ v_1 = 0 \\ u_3 \\ v_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 65.4 \\ -65.4 \end{Bmatrix}$$

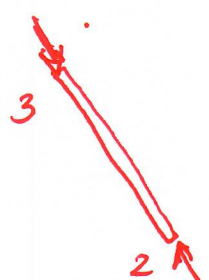
$$\Rightarrow f'_{1x}^{(1)} = \cancel{69.9 \text{ lb}} - 65.4 \text{ lb (compression)}$$



Member 2-3 (2)

$$\begin{Bmatrix} f'_{2x} \\ f'_{3x} \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{AE}{600} \begin{bmatrix} -0.6 & 0.8 & 0.6 & -0.8 \\ 0.6 & -0.8 & -0.6 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_2 = 0 \\ v_2 = 0 \\ u_3 \\ v_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 8400 \\ -8400 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow f'_{2x}^{(2)} = \cancel{8400 \text{ lb}} - 8400 \text{ lb (compression)}$$



Member 3-4 (3)

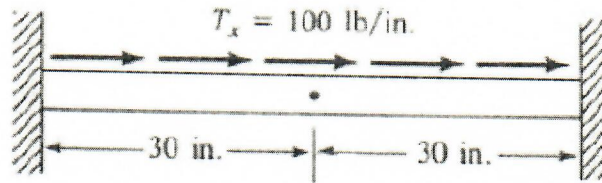
$$\begin{Bmatrix} f'_{3x} \\ f'_{4x} \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{AE}{240} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_3 \\ v_3 \\ u_4 = 0 \\ v_4 = 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -13,230 \\ 13,230 \end{Bmatrix}$$



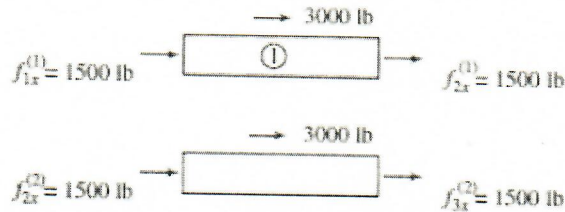
$$\Rightarrow f'_{3x} = \frac{AE}{240} (-0.0352)$$

$$\Rightarrow f'_{3x} = -13,240 \text{ lb} \quad +13,230 \text{ lb (tension)}$$

3.56



$$F = (1000 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in.}}) (30 \text{ in.}) = 3000 \text{ lb}$$



$$\{F\} = \begin{Bmatrix} F_{1x} + 1500 \text{ lb} \\ 1500 + 1500 \\ F_{3x} + 1500 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$[k^{(1)}] = \frac{AE}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[k^{(2)}] = \frac{AE}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Global equations

$$\frac{(2)(30 \times 10^6)}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1+1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 = 0 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 = 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} F_{1x} + 1500 \\ 3000 \\ F_{3x} + 1500 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Solving Equation (2)

$$2 \times 10^6 (2 u_2) = 3000$$

$$u_2 = 0.75 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in.}$$

Element stresses

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma^{(1)} &= [C'] \{d\} = \frac{E}{L} [-C \quad -S \quad C \quad S] \begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{Bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{30 \times 10^6}{30} [-1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0] \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.75 \times 10^{-3} \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

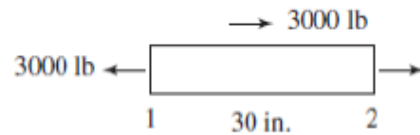
$$\Rightarrow \sigma^{(1)} = 750 \text{ psi (T)}$$

$$F_{1x} + 1500 = 2 \times 10^6 (-1) (0.75 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{1x} = -3000 \text{ lb} \quad (\leftarrow)$$

and $F_{3x} = -3000 \text{ lb} \quad (\leftarrow)$

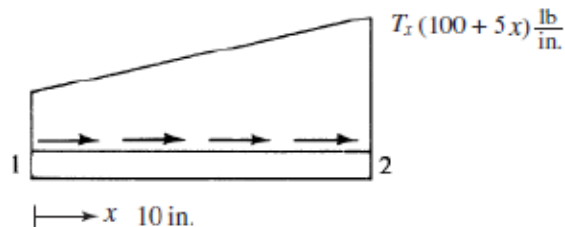
Total applied force = $60 \times 100 = 6000 \text{ lb} (\rightarrow)$



$$\sigma = 0 \text{ (at node 2)}$$

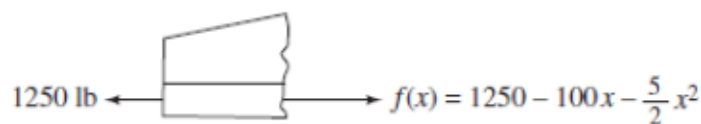
$$\sigma(x = 15'') = \frac{3000 - 1500}{2} = 750 \text{ psi}$$

3.58



$$\text{Total } T_x = 100 \times 10 + \frac{1}{2} \times 5(10)^2 \text{ lb} = 1250 \text{ lb}$$

$$u(x) = (u_2 - u_1)\left(\frac{x}{L}\right) + u_1$$



$$\begin{aligned} f_{1x} u_1 + f_{2x} u_2 &= \int_0^{10} (100 + 5x) \left[\left(\frac{u_1 - u_2}{10} \right) x + u_1 \right] dx \\ &= \int_0^{10} \left[10(u_2 - u_1)x + 100u_1 + \frac{(u_2 - u_1)}{2}x^2 + 5u_1x \right] dx \\ &= 500(u_2 - u_1) + 1000u_1 + \frac{(u_2 - u_1)1000}{6} + 250u_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } u_1 = 1; u_2 = 0$$

$$\therefore f_{1x} = -500 + 1000 - \frac{1000}{6} + 250 = 583.33$$

$$\therefore f_{1x} = 583.33 \text{ lb}$$

$$\text{Let } u_1 = 0, u_2 = 1, f_{2x} = 500 + 1000/6 = 666.7 \text{ lb}$$