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Graph $G_1 = (V, E_1)$

is defined by

$$V = \{g, f, x, a, v, z\},$$

its vertex and

$$V = \{g, f, x, a, v, z\} ,$$

$$E_1 = \{\{g, x\}, \{f, a\}, \{f, z\}, \{x, a\}, \{x, v\}, \{x, z\}\} .$$

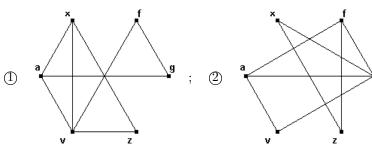
edge sets:

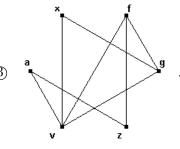
Graphs $G_2 = (V, E_2)$ and $G_3 = (V, E_3)$ are defined by adjacency and incidence matrices:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Edge set of graph $G = ((G_1 \cup G_2) \oplus G_3) \cup (V, \emptyset)$ is

 - $\textcircled{2} \ \{\{g,f\},\{g,x\},\{g,a\},\{g,v\},\{f,a\},\{f,z\},\{x,z\},\{a,v\}\} \ ;$
 - (3) {{g, f}, {g, a}, {f, v}, {x, a}, {x, v}, {x, z}, {a, v}, {v, z}}.
- |2|Graph $G = ((G_1 \cup G_2) \oplus G_3) \cup (V, \emptyset)$ is presented on picture





- 3 Graph $(\{g, z, q\}, \emptyset)$ is
- ① bipartite; ② null; ③ complete; ④ empty.
- 4 Distance between graph's $(\{v, t, q, p\}, \{\{v, t\}, \{t, q\}, \{t, p\}\})$ vertices q and p is (1) three; (2) one; (3) zero; (4) two.
- 5 Graph's $(\{t, z, x, v\}, \{\{t, z\}, \{z, x\}, \{x, v\}, \{z, v\}\})$ radius is (1) zero; (2) three; (3) two; (4) four; (5) one.
- 6 Graph's $(\{v,s,p\},\{\{v,s\},\{s,p\}\})$ diameter is (1) four; (2) zero; (3) two; (4) three; (5) one.

G = (V, E) is undirected connected graph; |V| = 58.

The sequence of graphs vertex degrees is $(2, 2, 2, 2, \ldots, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1)$.

- 7 1 30; 2 1; 3 29; 4 60; 5 58; 6 57. Radius of this graph is
- How many articulations has graph 8

 $G = (\{r, x, w, q\}, \{\{r, x\}, \{x, w\}, \{q, x\}\}) ?$

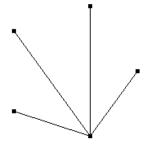
(1) three; (2) four; (3) one; (4) two; (5) five; (6) no one.

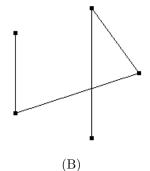
Graph G is defined by vertex neighbor sets

 $\Gamma(y) = \{z, c\}, \ \Gamma(z) = \{n, y\}, \ \Gamma(m) = \{c\},$

 $\Gamma(c) = \{y, m\}, \ \Gamma(n) = \{z\}.$

 $\boxed{9} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{For which graph} \\ \text{shown in the figures,} \\ \text{is isomorphic} \\ \text{graph } G ? \end{array}$





① (A); ② (A) and (B); ③ (B); ④ no one.

Distance between graph's G vertices $\rho(z,n) =$ ① 4; ② 2; ③ 3; ④ 12; ⑤ 0; ⑥ 1.

Eccentricity of vertex m, e(m) = ① 3; ② 0; ③ 1; ④ 7; ⑤ 4; ⑥ 5.

Diameter of graph G is ① 6; ② 1; ③ 4; ④ 8; ⑤ 2; ⑥ 5.

[13] Radius of graph G is equal to (1) 6; (2) 7; (3) 2; (4) 11; (5) 0; (6) 1.

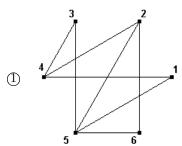
How many bridges has graph G $G = (\{s,t,p,y\}, \{\{s,t\}, \{t,p\}, \{p,y\}, \{s,y\}\})$?

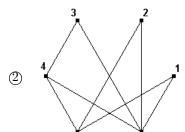
① no one; ② six; ③ two; ④ one; ⑤ five; ⑥ three; ⑦ four.

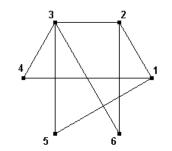
Graph G with vertices $1, 2, \ldots, 6$ is defined by adjacency matrix

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}\right)$$

16 This graph is presented on picture







17 How many articulations has graph G?

- ① 8; ② 5; ③ 0; ④ 1; ⑤ 3; ⑥ 6.

18 How many bridges has graph G?

- (1) 5; (2) 0; (3) 4; (4) 8; (5) 6; (6) 2.

19 How many edges has graph $\tilde{G} = G - 4 - \{3, 6\}$.

- (1) 8; (2) 2; (3) 3; (4) 6; (5) 4; (6) 7.

20 How many connected components has graph \tilde{G} ?

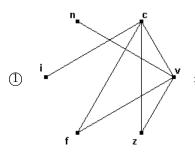
- ① 5; ② 2; ③ 4; ④ 9; ⑤ 0; ⑥ 7.

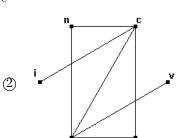
Graph G = (V, E)

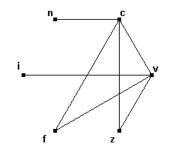
is defined by

$$\begin{split} V &= \{v, c, n, i, f, z\} \ , \\ E &= \{\{v, c\}, \{v, n\}, \{v, f\}, \{v, z\}, \{c, i\}, \{c, f\}, \{c, z\}\} \ . \end{split}$$
vertex and edge sets:

21 This graph is presented on picture







Which proposition is true? 22

- (A) Vertex set $S = \{i, z, f\}$ is stable set.
- Set S is dominating set.
- (1) (A); (2) no one; (3) both; (4) (B).

23 Graph's G stability number is ?

- ① 4; ② 6; ③ 2; ④ 7; ⑤ 5; ⑥ 1.

24 Graph's G domination number is ?

- ① 11; ② 2; ③ 1; ④ 3; ⑤ 7;

- (6) 0.

Graph G is defined by vertex neighbor sets:

 $\Gamma(e) = \{z\}, \ \Gamma(z) = \{e, h, t\}, \ \Gamma(t) = \{z, f, q, h, x\}, \ \Gamma(h) = \{z, t\}, \ \Gamma(x) = \{f, t\}, \ \Gamma(f) = \{t, x\}, \ \Gamma(q) = \{t\}.$

① four; (2) two; (4) one;

 \Im six; 25 Length of longest open cirquit in graph G is (5) three;

(6) eight;

(7) seven; (8) five.

Which proposition is true? 26

(I) both; (2) (B);

(A) Graph's G domination number is two;

(3) no one;

(B) Graph's diameter is three.

(4) (A).

① eight;

centers.

2 three;

(3) five;

(4) four;

(5) one; (7) seven;

(6) two; (8) six.

Which proposition is true? 28

Graph G has

27

(1) (B);

(2) no one;

(A) Graph's G edge set $\{\{z,h\},\{x,t\}\}$ is a cut; (B) Graph G has 2 articulations.

 $\mathfrak{G}(A);$ (4) both.

29 Graph G has blocks. (1) one; (2) four;

4 two;

(5) five; (6) seven;

(7) eight; (8) six.

3 three;

Graph G with vertices $1, 2, \ldots, 6$ has edges $d = \{1, 3\}, i = \{1, 5\}, v = \{1, 6\}, s = \{2, 4\},$

 $t = \{2, 6\}, h = \{3, 6\}, g = \{4, 6\}, z = \{5, 6\}.$

30 Graph's G edge graph G_b is presented on picture

