

1. For every location n , we need to determine the maximum possible profit. So:

put locations and distances into arrays, $n[]$, $m[]$

for each location n_i , iterate through the remaining distances, $m[]$. If the distance $m_j - K > 0$, then that restaurant is a possibility, so add the corresponding profit value to array $P[]$. After iterating through $m[]$, simply choose the max value in $P[]$, and remove the corresponding item from $m[]$.

This procedure would run in $O(n^2)$ time, as it has a nested loop structure.

2.

start with: $a = 0$, $b = N-1$ (we start with the first and last character of the string)

findPalindrome(string, int a, int b):

if $a == b$, return 1 (this is a palindrome of length 1, 'base case')

if ($S[a] == S[b]$) (first, last characters of a possible palindrome)

return $2 + \text{findPalindrome}(a+1, b-1)$ (working our way inside)

if ($S[a] != S[b]$) (if not a possible palindrome, check $(a+1, b)$ and $(a, b-1)$ for palindromes)

return $\max(\text{findPalindrome}(a, b-1), \text{findPalindrome}(a+1, b))$

On my honor, as a University of Colorado at Boulder student, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance.