

## **RX Family**

## **GPIO Module Using Firmware Integration Technology**

## Introduction

This application note describes the General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) module which uses Firmware Integration Technology (FIT). This module uses GPIO to implements a General Purpose Input/Output Driver. In this document, this module is referred to as the GPIO FIT module.

## **Target Devices**

- RX110 Group
- RX111 Group
- RX113 Group
- RX130 Group
- RX13T Group
- RX140 Group
- RX230 Group
- RX231 Group
- RX23T Group
- RX23W Group
- RX23E-A Group
- RX24T Group
- RX24U Group
- RX64M Group
- RX651, RX65N Group
- RX660 Group
- RX66T Group
- RX66N Group
- RX671 Group
- RX71M Group
- RX72T GroupRX72M Group
- RX72N Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

## **Target Compilers**

- Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family
- GCC for Renesas RX
- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX

For details of the confirmed operation contents of each compiler, refer to "6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment".



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#### 1. Overview

#### 1.1 GPIO FIT Module

The GPIO FIT module can be used by being implemented in a project as an API. See section 2.13, Adding the FIT Module to Your Project for details on methods to implement this FIT module into a project.

#### 1.2 Overview of the GPIO FIT Module

This module provides an abstraction layer for reading, writing, and configuring General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins on RX MCUs. By using this module's API functions the user can bypass the need to know of the available GPIO registers for each pin. For example, on the RX there are separate registers for controlling pin direction, reading the pin, writing to the pin, enabling internal pull-ups, configuring output mode, and assigning a pin for peripheral use.

## 1.3 Using the FIT GPIO module

## 1.3.1 Using FIT GPIO module in C++ project

For C++ project, add FIT GPIO module interface header file within extern "C"{}:

```
Extern "C"
{
    #include "r_smc_entry.h"
    #include "r_gpio_rx_if.h"
}
```

#### 1.4 API Overview

Table 1.1 lists the API functions included in this module.

Table	1.1	<b>API Functions</b>	:
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Function	Description
R_GPIO_PortWrite()	Sets the output levels of all pins on a port.
R_GPIO_PortRead()	Reads the current levels of all pins on a port.
R_GPIO_PortDirectionSet()	Sets multiple pins on a port as inputs or outputs.
R_GPIO_PinWrite()	Sets the output level of a pin.
R_GPIO_PinRead()	Reads the current level of a pin.
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet()	Sets the direction (input/output) of a pin.
R_GPIO_PinControl()	Changes various settings for a pin (e.g. internal pull-up, open drain).
R_GPIO_GetVersion()	Returns the current version of this module.

#### 1.5 Limitations

## 1.5.1 Port Switching

Some MCU packages with reduced pin counts have a Port Switching feature that multiplexes some I/O ports to shared physical pins. This driver does not support the Port Switching feature. Port Switching may still be done outside of this driver by the user's own code.

#### 1.5.2 Sharing pins for sub-clock and input

For RX140-80pin and RX140-64pin packages:

When the sub-clock is not in use, the XCIN and XCOUT pins are usable as general input port pins PH6 and PH7. If they are in use as the general port pins, make sure that the sub-clock is stopped (SOSCCR.SOSTP = 1, this bit is set by the BSP FIT by setting the macro BSP\_CFG\_SUB\_CLOCK\_OSCILLATE\_ENABLE = 0).

In a system that uses the sub-clock, do not use the XCIN and XCOUT pins as general input port pins.

#### 2. API Information

This FIT module has been confirmed to operate under the following conditions.

## 2.1 Hardware Requirements

The MCU used must support the following functions:

GPIO

## 2.2 Software Requirements

This driver is dependent upon the following FIT module:

Renesas Board Support Package (r\_bsp) v5.20 or higher

#### 2.3 Limitations

#### 2.3.1 RAM Location Limitations

In FIT, if a value equivalent to NULL is set as the pointer argument of an API function, error might be returned due to parameter check. Therefore, do not pass a NULL equivalent value as pointer argument to an API function.

The NULL value is defined as 0 because of the library function specifications. Therefore, the above phenomenon would occur when the variable or function passed to the API function pointer argument is located at the start address of RAM (address 0x0). In this case, change the section settings or prepare a dummy variable at the top of the RAM so that the variable or function passed to the API function pointer argument is not located at address 0x0.

In the case of the CCRX project (e2 studio V7.5.0), the RAM start address is set as 0x4 to prevent the variable from being located at address 0x0. In the case of the GCC project (e2 studio V7.5.0) and IAR project (EWRX V4.12.1), the start address of RAM is 0x0, so the above measures are necessary. The default settings of the section may be changed due to the IDE version upgrade. Please check the section settings when using the latest IDE.

## 2.4 Supported Toolchain

This driver has been confirmed to work with the toolchain listed in 6.1, Confirmed Operation Environment.

## 2.5 Interrupt Vector

None.

#### 2.6 Header Files

All API calls and their supporting interface definitions are located in "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h".

#### 2.7 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99. These types are defined in stdint.h.

## 2.8 Configuration Overview

The configuration option settings of this module are located in r\_gpio\_rx\_config.h. The option names and setting values are listed in the table below:

## Configuration options in r\_gpio\_rx\_config.h

GPIO\_CFG\_PARAM\_CHECKING\_ENABLE

Default value =

"BSP\_CFG\_PARAM\_CHECKING\_ENABLE"

= 1: Include parameter checking in the build.

= 0: Omit parameter checking from the build.

= BSP\_CFG\_PARAM\_CHECKING\_ENABLE Note: Code size can be reduced by excluding parameter checking from the build.

## 2.9 Code Size

Typical code sizes associated with this module are listed below.

The ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) sizes are determined by the build-time configuration options described in 2.8, Configuration Overview. The table lists reference values when the C compiler's compile options are set to their default values, as described in 2.4, Supported Toolchain. The compile option default values are optimization level: 2, optimization type: for size, and data endianness: little-endian. The code size varies depending on the C compiler version and compile options

		ROM and	RAM code size				
	Memory Used						
	Renesas	Compiler	npiler GCC			IAR Compiler	
Device	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	
	ROM: 486 bytes code	ROM: 314 bytes code	ROM: 1320 bytes code	ROM: 960 bytes code	ROM: 758 bytes code	ROM: 536 bytes code	
RX110	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	
RX111,	ROM: 459 bytes code	ROM: 314 bytes code	ROM: 1324 bytes code	ROM: 960 bytes code	ROM: 753 bytes code	ROM: 532 bytes code	
RX113	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	
RX130,	ROM: 592 bytes code	ROM: 404 bytes code	ROM: 1608 bytes code	ROM: 1088 bytes code	ROM: 916 bytes code	ROM: 592 bytes code	
RX230	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	
RX13T	ROM: 593 bytes code	ROM: 387 bytes code	ROM: 1732 bytes code	ROM: 1200 bytes code	ROM: 808 bytes code	ROM: 808 bytes code	
10(101	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	
RX231 RX64M,	ROM: 592 bytes code	ROM: 404 bytes code	ROM: 1588 bytes code	ROM: 1088 bytes code	ROM: 916 bytes code	ROM: 592 bytes code	
RX71M	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 4 bytes	RAM: 4 bytes	
RX23W	ROM: 592 bytes code	ROM: 404 bytes code	-	-	-	-	
	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	-	-	-	-	
RX23T, RX24T,	ROM: 576 bytes code	ROM: 404 bytes code	ROM: 1583 bytes code	ROM: 1088 bytes code	ROM: 900 bytes code	ROM: 592 bytes code	
RX24U	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 0 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	RAM: 6 bytes	

ROM and RAM code sizes						
Memory Used						
	Renesas	Compiler	GCC		IAR Compiler	
Device	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking
RX651, RX65N	ROM: 688 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 451 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1888 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1224 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1072 bytes code RAM: 4 bytes	ROM: 652 bytes code RAM: 4 bytes
RX66T	ROM: 644 bytes code  RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 373 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 2084 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1320 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 968 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 503 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX72T	ROM: 696 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 462 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1892 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1224 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1076 bytes code RAM: 4 bytes	ROM: 652 bytes code RAM: 4 bytes
RX72M	ROM: 716 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 462 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 2064 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1352 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 992 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 560 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX72N	ROM: 716 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 462 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 2046 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1352 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 992 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 560 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX66N	ROM: 716 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 462 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 2046 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1352 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 992 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 560 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX23E-A	ROM: 578 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 394 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM:1760 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1224 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM:792 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 484 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX671	ROM: 657 bytes code  RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 433 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 2080 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1384 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 976 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 568 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX140	ROM: 444 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 282 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1460 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1072 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 661 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 440 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes
RX660	ROM: 566 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 356 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1780 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 1224 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 824 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes	ROM: 504 bytes code RAM: 0 bytes

#### 2.10 Parameters

This section describes the parameter structure used by the API functions in this module. The structure is located in r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h as are the prototype declarations of API functions.

#### 2.10.1 Ports

This enum defines the available ports for this MCU. This enum is specific to a MCU Group and package and is stored in the target folder for that MCU Group. For example, to find the available ports for an RX111 the user would refer to the file <code>src/targets/rx111/r\_gpio\_rx111.h</code>. Below is an example from the RX111. Other MCUs will have different ports enumerations.

```
#if (BSP_PACKAGE_PINS == 64)
typedef enum
{
    GPIO_PORT_0 = 0x0000,
    GPIO_PORT_1 = 0x0100,
    GPIO_PORT_2 = 0x0200,
    GPIO_PORT_3 = 0x0300,
    GPIO_PORT_4 = 0x0400,
    GPIO_PORT_5 = 0x0500,
    GPIO_PORT_B = 0x0800,
    GPIO_PORT_B = 0x0800,
    GPIO_PORT_C = 0x0C00,
    GPIO_PORT_E = 0x0E00,
    GPIO_PORT_H = 0x1100,
    GPIO_PORT_J = 0x1200,
}
gpio_port_t;
```

#### 2.10.2 Pins

This enum defines the available GPIO pins for this MCU. This enum is specific to an MCU Group and package. The user can find this enum in the target folder for that MCU Group. For example, to find the available GPIO pins for an RX111 the user would refer to the file *src/targets/rx111/r\_gpio\_rx111.h*. Below is an example from the RX111. Notice that the GPIO pins available in this enum are controlled by the BSP\_PACKAGE\_PINS macro which is automatically obtained from the r\_bsp.

```
(BSP PACKAGE PINS == 64)
#if
typedef enum
    GPIO_PORT_0_PIN_3 = 0x0003,
    GPIO_PORT_0_PIN_5 = 0x0005,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_4 = 0x0104,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_5 = 0x0105,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_6 = 0x0106,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_7 = 0x0107,
    GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_6 = 0x0206,
    GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_7 = 0x0207,
    GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_0 = 0x0300,
    GPIO PORT 3 PIN 1 = 0 \times 0301,
    GPIO PORT 3 PIN 2 = 0 \times 0302,
    GPIO PORT 3 PIN 5 = 0 \times 0305,
    GPIO PORT 4 PIN 0 = 0 \times 0400,
    GPIO PORT 4 PIN 1 = 0 \times 0401,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_2 = 0x0402,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_3 = 0x0403,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_4 = 0x0404,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_6 = 0x0406,
    GPIO_PORT_5_PIN_4 = 0x0504,
    GPIO\_PORT\_5\_PIN\_5 = 0x0505,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_0 = 0x0A00,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_1 = 0x0A01,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_4 = 0x0A04,
```

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```
GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_6 = 0x0A06,
    GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_0 = 0x0B00,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_1 = 0x0B01,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_3 = 0x0B03,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_5 = 0x0B05,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_6 = 0x0B06,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_7 = 0x0B07,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_0 = 0x0C00,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_1 = 0x0C01,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_2 = 0x0C02,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_3 = 0x0C03,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_4 = 0x0C04,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_5 = 0x0C05,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_6 = 0x0C06,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_7 = 0x0C07,
   GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0 = 0x0E00,
   GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_1 = 0x0E01,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_2 = 0x0E02,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_3 = 0x0E03,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_4 = 0x0E04,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_5 = 0x0E05,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_6 = 0x0E06,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_7 = 0x0E07,
    GPIO_PORT_H_PIN_7 = 0x1107,
   GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_6 = 0x1206,
    GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_7 = 0x1207,
} gpio_port_pin_t;
#elif (BSP_PACKAGE_PINS == 48)
typedef enum
   GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_4 = 0x0104,
   GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_5 = 0x0105,
   GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_6 = 0x0106,
   GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_7 = 0x0107,
   GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_6 = 0x0206,
   GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_7 = 0x0207,
   GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_5 = 0x0305,
   GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_0 = 0x0400,
   GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_1 = 0x0401,
   GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_2 = 0x0402,
   GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_6 = 0x0406,
   GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_1 = 0x0A01,
   GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_3 = 0x0A03,
   GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_4 = 0x0A04,
   GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_6 = 0x0A06,
    GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_0 = 0x0B00,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_1 = 0x0B01,
   GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_3 = 0x0B03,
   GPIO PORT B PIN 5 = 0 \times 0 \times 0 \times 5,
   GPIO PORT C PIN 0 = 0 \times 0 \times 0000,
   GPIO PORT C PIN 1 = 0 \times 0 \times 01,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_2 = 0x0C02,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_3 = 0x0C03,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_4 = 0x0C04,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_5 = 0x0C05,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_6 = 0x0C06,
   GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_7 = 0x0C07,
   GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0 = 0x0E00,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_1 = 0x0E01,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_2 = 0x0E02,
```

```
GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_3 = 0x0E03,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_4 = 0x0E04,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_7 = 0x0E07,
    GPIO_PORT_H_PIN_7 = 0x1107,
    GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_6 = 0x1206,
    GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_7 = 0x1207,
} gpio_port_pin_t;
#elif (BSP_PACKAGE_PINS == 40)
typedef enum
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_4 = 0x0104,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_5 = 0x0105,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_6 = 0x0106,
    GPIO\_PORT\_1\_PIN\_7 = 0x0107,
    GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_6 = 0x0206,
    GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_7 = 0x0207,
    GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_2 = 0x0302,
    GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_5 = 0x0305,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_1 = 0x0401,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_2 = 0x0402,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_6 = 0x0406,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_1 = 0x0A01,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_3 = 0x0A03,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_4 = 0x0A04,
    GPIO_PORT_A_PIN_6 = 0x0A06,
    GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_0 = 0x0B00,
    GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_3 = 0x0B03,
    GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_4 = 0x0C04,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0 = 0x0E00,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_1 = 0x0E01,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_2 = 0x0E02,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_3 = 0x0E03,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_4 = 0x0E04,
    GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_6 = 0x1306,
    GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_7 = 0x1307,
} gpio_port_pin_t;
#elif (BSP_PACKAGE_PINS == 36)
typedef enum
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_4 = 0x0104,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_5 = 0x0105,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_6 = 0x0106,
    GPIO_PORT_1_PIN_7 = 0x0107,
    GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_7 = 0x0207,
    GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_5 = 0x0305,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_1 = 0x0401,
    GPIO_PORT_4_PIN_2 = 0x0402,
    GPIO PORT A PIN 3 = 0 \times 0 \times 0 \times 3,
    GPIO PORT A PIN 4 = 0 \times 0 \times 0 \times 4,
    GPIO PORT A PIN 6 = 0 \times 0 \times 0 = 0
    GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_0 = 0x0B00,
    GPIO_PORT_B_PIN_3 = 0x0B03,
    GPIO_PORT_C_PIN_4 = 0x0C04,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0 = 0x0E00,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_1 = 0x0E01,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_2 = 0x0E02,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_3 = 0x0E03,
    GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_4 = 0x0E04,
    GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_6 = 0x1306,
```

```
GPIO_PORT_J_PIN_7 = 0x1307
} gpio_port_pin_t;
#endif
```

#### 2.10.3 Port Pin Masks

This enum is specific to the MCU Group and package. It defines port-pin masks for this MCU. These are bit-masks that may optionally be applied by the user when performing port-wide writes or reads to check for valid port-wide operations. For each bit location in a port that has an I/O pin available, these bit-masks will have the bit set to '1'. Bits for non-existent pins are set to '0'. In the interest of performance, the GPIO driver does not automatically check for invalid pin settings when the port-wide write function is called. It is up to the user's application to insure that only valid pins are written to. Use of these masks is not required; they are provided as a convenience. Below is an example from the RX111 MCU.

```
#if (BSP_PACKAGE_PINS == 64)
/* This enumerator has a bit mask for each available GPIO pin for the given port
on this MCU. */
typedef enum
                            /* Available pins: P03,P05
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORTO_PIN_MASK = 0x28,
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORT1_PIN_MASK = 0xF0,
                             /* Available pins: P14, P15, P16,P17
                            /* Available pins: P26,P27
GPIO PORT2 PIN MASK = 0xC0,
                                                                          * /
                            /* Available pins: P30 to P32, P35
GPIO PORT3 PIN MASK = 0x27,
                                                                          * /
                            /* Available pins: P40 to P44, P46
GPIO PORT4 PIN MASK = 0x5F,
                                                                          * /
                            /* Available pins: P54, P55
GPIO PORT5 PIN MASK = 0x30,
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORTA_PIN_MASK = 0x5B, /* Available pins: PAO, PA1, PA3, PA4, PA6
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORTB_PIN_MASK = 0xEB, /* Available pins: PB0, PB1, PB3, PB5 to PB7*/
GPIO_PORTC_PIN_MASK = 0xFF, /* Available pins: PC0 to PC7
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORTE_PIN_MASK = 0xFF, /* Available pins: PE0 to PE7
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORTH_PIN_MASK = 0x80, /* Available pins: PH7
                                                                          * /
GPIO_PORTJ_PIN_MASK = 0xC0
                             /* Available pins: PJ6, PJ7
                                                                          * /
} gpio_pin_bit_mask_t;
```

#### 2.10.4 Pin Level

This enum defines the different options that can be returned when reading a GPIO pin.

```
/* Levels that can be set and read for individual pins. */
typedef enum
{
    GPIO_LEVEL_LOW = 0,
    GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH
} gpio_level_t;
```

#### 2.10.5 Pin Direction

This enum defines the different options that can be used for configuring a GPIO pin's direction.

```
/* Options that can be used with the R_GPIO_PortDirectionSet() and
    R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet() functions. */
typedef enum
{
    GPIO_DIRECTION_INPUT = 0,
    GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT
} gpio_dir_t;
```

#### 2.10.6 Control Commands

This enum defines the different commands that can be sent to the R\_GPIO\_PinControl() function.

```
/* Commands that can be used with the R_GPIO_PinControl() function. This list
   will vary depending on the MCU chosen. */
typedef enum
{
```

```
GPIO_CMD_OUT_CMOS = 0,
GPIO_CMD_OUT_OPEN_DRAIN_N_CHAN,
GPIO_CMD_OUT_OPEN_DRAIN_P_CHAN,
GPIO_CMD_IN_PULL_UP_DISABLE,
GPIO_CMD_IN_PULL_UP_ENABLE,
GPIO_CMD_ASSIGN_TO_PERIPHERAL,
GPIO_CMD_ASSIGN_TO_GPIO,
GPIO_CMD_DSCR_DISABLE,
GPIO_CMD_DSCR_ENABLE,
GPIO_CMD_DSCR2_DISABLE,
GPIO_CMD_DSCR2_ENABLE

    GPIO_CMD_DSCR2_ENABLE
} gpio_cmd_t;
```

#### 2.11 Return Values

This section describes return values of API functions. This enumeration is located in r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h as are the prototype declarations of API functions.

Below are the available return values for the R\_GPIO\_PinControl() function.

```
/* Function return type. */
typedef enum
{
    GPIO_SUCCESS = 0,
    GPIO_ERR_INVALID_MODE, // The mode specified cannot be applied to this pin
    GPIO_ERR_INVALID_CMD // The input command is not supported
} gpio_err_t;
```

#### 2.12 Callback Function

None.

## 2.13 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (3) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (2) or (4) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio
  By using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project.
  Refer to "Renesas e<sup>2</sup> studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)" for details.
- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the FIT Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio
  By using the FIT Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project.
  Refer to "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)" for details.
- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+ By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "Renesas e² studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)" for details.
- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project in CS+ In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)" for details.

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## 2.14 "for", "while" and "do while" statements

In this module, "for", "while" and "do while" statements (loop processing) are used in processing to wait for register to be reflected and so on. For these loop processing, comments with "WAIT\_LOOP" as a keyword are described. Therefore, if user incorporates fail-safe processing into loop processing, user can search the corresponding processing with "WAIT\_LOOP".

The following shows example of description.

```
while statement example :

/* WAIT_LOOP */
while(0 == SYSTEM.OSCOVFSR.BIT.PLOVF)

{
    /* The delay period needed is to make sure that the PLL has stabilized. */
}

for statement example :

/* Initialize reference counters to 0. */

/* WAIT_LOOP */

for (i = 0; i < BSP_REG_PROTECT_TOTAL_ITEMS; i++)

{
    g_protect_counters[i] = 0;
}

do while statement example :

/* Reset completion waiting */

do

{
    reg = phy_read(ether_channel, PHY_REG_CONTROL);
    count++;
} while ((reg & PHY_CONTROL_RESET) && (count < ETHER_CFG_PHY_DELAY_RESET)); /* WAIT_LOOP */
```

#### 3. API Functions

## **R\_GPIO\_PortWrite**

This function writes the levels of all pins on a port.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

gpio\_port\_t port

Which port to write to. See Section 2.10.1, Ports.

uint8\_t value

The value to write to the port. Each bit corresponds to a pin on the port (e.g. bit 0 of value will be written to pin 0 on supplied port)

#### **Return Values**

None.

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

#### **Description**

The input value will be written to the specified port. Each bit in the value parameter corresponds to a pin on the port. For example, bit 7 of write value corresponds to pin 7, bit 6 corresponds to pin 6, and so forth.

### **Example**

```
/* Write 0xAA to Port 5. */
R_GPIO_PortWrite(GPIO_PORT_5, 0xAA);
```

### **Special Notes:**

In the interest of performance, this function does not automatically check for non-existent pins when the portwide write function is called. It is up to the user's application to insure that only valid pins are written to.

## R\_GPIO\_PortRead

This function reads the levels of all pins on a port.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

## **Return Values**

The value of the port.

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

#### **Description**

The specified port will be read, and the levels for all the pins will be returned. Each bit in the returned value corresponds to a pin on the port. For example, bit 7 of read value corresponds to pin 7, bit 6 corresponds to pin 6, and so forth.

## **Example**

```
uint8_t port_5_value;

/* Read Port 5. */
port_5_value = R_GPIO_PortRead(GPIO_PORT_5);
```

## **Special Notes:**

### **R GPIO PortDirectionSet**

This function sets multiple pins on a port to inputs or outputs at once.

## **Format**

```
void R_GPIO_PortDirectionSet (
    gpio_port_t port,
    gpio_dir_t dir,
    uint8_t mask
)
```

#### **Parameters**

```
gpio_port_t port
Which port to use. See Section 2.10.1, Ports.

gpio_dir_t dir
Which direction to use. See Section 2.10.5, Pin Direction.

uint8_t mask
Mask of which pins to change. 1 = set direction, 0 = do not change.
```

#### **Return Values**

None.

#### **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

## **Description**

Multiple pins on a port can be set to inputs or outputs at once. Each bit in the mask parameter corresponds to a pin on the port. For example, bit 7 of mask corresponds to pin 7, bit 6 corresponds to pin 6, and so forth. If a bit is set to 1 then the corresponding pin will be changed to an input or output as specified by the dir parameter. If a bit is set to 0 then the direction of the pin will not be changed.

#### Example

```
/* Set Pins 0, 1, and 5 as inputs on Port A. */
R_GPIO_PortDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_A, GPIO_DIRECTION_INPUT, 0x23);

/* Set Pins 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7 as outputs on Port A. */
R_GPIO_PortDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_A, GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT, 0xDC);
```

#### **Special Notes:**

This function does not allow the user to specify the use of special modes such as input pull-up resistors or open-drain outputs. To enable these modes use the R\_GPIO\_PinControl() function.

## **R\_GPIO\_PinWrite**

This function sets the level of a pin.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

```
gpio_port_pin_t pin
Which pin to use. See Section 2.10.2, Pins.

gpio_level_t level
What level to set the pin to.
```

#### **Return Values**

None.

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

## **Description**

Pins can either be set as high ('1') or low ('0').

## **Example**

```
/* Set Port E Pin 0 high. */
R_GPIO_PinWrite(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0, GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH);

/* Set Port 3 Pin 2 low. */
R_GPIO_PinWrite(GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_2, GPIO_LEVEL_LOW);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## R\_GPIO\_PinRead

This function reads the level of a pin.

#### **Format**

```
gpio_level_t
               R_GPIO_PinRead (
                              pin
       gpio_port_pin_t
)
```

#### **Parameters**

```
gpio_port_pin_t pin
     Which pin to use. See Section 2.10.2, Pins.
```

## **Return Values**

The level of the specified pin.

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

## **Description**

The specified pin will be read and the level returned.

## Example

```
/* Check level of Port 5 Pin 4. */
if (R_GPIO_PinRead(GPIO_PORT_5_PIN_4) == GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH)
{
else
{
```

## **Special Notes:**

## R\_GPIO\_PinDirectionSet

This function sets the direction (input/output) of a pin.

#### **Format**

```
void R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet (
    gpio_port_pin_t pin,
    gpio_dir_t dir
)
```

#### **Parameters**

## Return Values

None.

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

## **Description**

This function sets pins as inputs or outputs. For enabling other settings such as open-drain outputs or internal pull-ups see the R\_GPIO\_PinControl() function.

#### Example

```
/* Set Port E Pin 0 as an output. */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0, GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT);

/* Set Port 3 Pin 2 as an input. */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_2, GPIO_DIRECTION_INPUT);
```

#### **Special Notes:**

#### **R GPIO PinControl**

This function allows the user to control various settings of a pin.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

```
gpio_port_pin_t pin
Which pin to use. See Section 2.10.2, Pins.
```

gpio\_cmd\_t cmd

Which command to execute for this pin. See Section 2.10.6, Control Commands for available commands.

#### **Return Values**

```
[GPIO_SUCCESS] /* Successful; pin modified as specified by command. */
[GPIO_ERR_INVALID_MODE] /* Error; this pin does not support the specified option. */
[GPIO_ERR_INVALID_CMD] /* Error; the input command is not supported. */
```

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

#### **Description**

Depending on the MCU, pins have various settings that can be configured other than the direction and output level. Some examples include enabling open-drain outputs, internal pull-ups, and changing drive capacity levels. These features vary per chip which means that the options for this function will also vary.

### **Example**

```
gpio_err_t gpio_err;

/* Set Port E Pin 0 as a CMOS output (default). */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0, GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT);
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0, GPIO_CMD_OUT_CMOS);

/* Configure Port E Pin 0 as a high-current output */
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0, GPIO_CMD_DSCR_ENABLE);

/* Configure Port E Pin 0 as a high-speed interface high-drive output */
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_0, GPIO_CMD_DSCR2_ENABLE);

/* Set Port E Pin 1 as a P-channel open-drain output. */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_1, GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT);
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_1, GPIO_CMD_OUT_OPEN_DRAIN_P_CHAN);

/* Set Port E Pin 2 as an N-channel open-drain output. */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_2, GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT);
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_E_PIN_2, GPIO_CMD_OUT_OPEN_DRAIN_N_CHAN);
```

```
/* Set Port 3 Pin 2 as input with pull-up disabled (default). */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_2, GPIO_DIRECTION_INPUT);
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_2, GPIO_CMD_IN_PULL_UP_DISABLE);

/* Set Port 3 Pin 3 as input with pull-up enabled. */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_3, GPIO_DIRECTION_INPUT);
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_3_PIN_3, GPIO_CMD_IN_PULL_UP_ENABLE);

/* Port 2 Pin 6 will be used as TXD1 for SCI peripheral. */
R_GPIO_PinDirectionSet(GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_6, GPIO_DIRECTION_OUTPUT);
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_2_PIN_6, GPIO_CMD_ASSIGN_TO_PERIPHERAL);

/* Port 5 Pin 4 will be used as GPIO. */
gpio_err |= R_GPIO_PinControl(GPIO_PORT_5_PIN_4, GPIO_CMD_ASSIGN_TO_GPIO);

/* GPIO_SUCCESS is set to 0 so if gpio_err is not 0 then an error occurred above.
You could check gpio_err after every function call if needed. */
if (GPIO_SUCCESS != gpio_err)
{    /* Handle the error. */}
```

#### **Special Notes:**

User should not configure the DSCR bit corresponding to a pin whose drive capacity is fixed, otherwise GPIO\_ERR\_INVALID\_MODE would be returned.

## **R GPIO GetVersion**

Returns the current version of this API.

#### **Format**

uint32\_t R\_GPIO\_GetVersion (void)

#### **Parameters**

None.

#### **Return Values**

Version of this API.

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_gpio\_rx\_if.h"

## **Description**

This function will return the version of the currently running API. The version number is encoded where the top 2 bytes are the major version number and the bottom 2 bytes are the minor version number. For example, Version 4.25 would be returned as 0x00040019.

## **Example**

#### **Special Notes:**

## 4. Pin Setting

GPIO FIT module don't use pin setting.

## 5. Demo Projects

Demo projects include function main() that utilizes the FIT module and its dependent modules (e.g. r\_bsp). This FIT module includes the following demo projects.

## 5.1 gpio\_demo\_rskrx113, gpio\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc

The <code>gpio\_demo\_rskrx113</code>, <code>gpio\_demo\_rskrx113\_gcc</code> program demonstrates how to set the direction of an IO port as an input or output and how to read or write it. Once the demo code has been compiled and down-loaded to the target board and is running, the demo will flash LED2 three times to show that the demo is running then, wait for key-presses on SW1. LED2 is turned on while SW1 is pressed and off when it is released.

5.2 gpio\_demo\_rskrx231, gpio\_demo\_rskrx64m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx71m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx72m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx671, gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n, gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx231\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx64m\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx71m\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx72m\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx671\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m\_gcc

The gpio\_demo\_rskrx231, gpio\_demo\_rskrx64m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx71m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx72m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx671, gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n and gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m, gpio\_demo\_rskrx231\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx64m\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx71m\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx72m\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx671\_gcc, gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n\_gcc and gpio\_demo\_rskrx65n\_2m\_gcc demo programs operate the same. They demonstrate how to set up a port pin as an input or output and how to read or write it. They also demonstrate how to configure an output pin for high-current drive.

Once the code has been compiled and down-loaded to the target board and is running, LED3 will flash three times to show that the demo is running then, wait for key-presses on SW1. LED3 is turned on while SW1 is pressed and off when it is released.

## 5.3 Adding a Demo to a Workspace

Demo projects are found in the FITDemos subdirectory of the distribution file for this application note. To add a demo

project to a workspace, select *File* >> *Import* >> *General* >> *Existing Projects into Workspace*, then click "Next". From the Import Projects dialog, choose the "Select archive file" radio button. "Browse" to the FITDemos subdirectory, select the desired demo zip file, then click "Finish".

### 5.4 Downloading Demo Projects

Demo projects are not included in the RX Driver Package. When using the demo project, the FIT module needs to be downloaded. To download the FIT module, right click on this application note and select "Sample Code (download)" from the context menu in the *Smart Browser* >> *Application Notes* tab.

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## 6. Appendices

## **6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment**

This section describes confirmed operation environment for the GPIO FIT module.

**Table 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.50)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2022-04
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.50
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX660 (product No.: RTK556609HCxxxxxBJ)

**Table 6.2 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.40)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-10
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104  Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.40
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (product No.: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE)

**Table 6.3 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.30)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2022-01
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.30
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX140 (product No.: RTK55140xxxxxxxxxx)

## **Table 6.4 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.20)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-07
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-std=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the
	default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size
	(-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously
	discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxxx)

## **Table 6.5 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.10)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-07
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.10
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX140 (product No.: RTK5RX140xxxxxxxxxx)

## **Table 6.6 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.00)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-07
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.4.00
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.7 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.90)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-01
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	<ul> <li>-WI,no-gc-sections</li> <li>This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module</li> </ul>
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.90
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.8 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.80)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2021-01
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.  -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.80
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 6.9 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.70)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.8.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.70
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX111 (product No.: R0K505111xxxxxx)
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX113 (product No.: R0K505113xxxxxx)

## Table 6.10 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.60)

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.8.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904  Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.  -std=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
Endian	Little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.60
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

## **Table 6.11 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.50)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.7.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.  -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.50
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit+ for RX23E-A
	(product No.: RTK0ESXBxxxxxxxxxx)

RENESAS

**Table 6.12 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.40)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.7.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.40
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (product No.: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Table 6.13 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.30)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.7.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	<ul> <li>-WI,no-gc-sections</li> <li>This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module</li> </ul>
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.30
Board used	RX13T CPU Card (product No.: RTK0EMXA10C00000BJ)

**Table 6.14 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.20)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.5.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	<ul> <li>-WI,no-gc-sections</li> <li>This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module</li> </ul>
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.15 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.10)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.5.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00  Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.  -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.10
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 6.16 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.00)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.4.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201803
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.10.1
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.00
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.17 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.2.50)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.3.0
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.50
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (product No.: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxxxxx)

## **Table 6.18 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.2.41)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.3.0
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.41
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (product No.: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX 65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxxBR)

## **Table 6.19 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.2.40)**

Item	Contents		
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.0.0		
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00		
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.		
	-lang = c99		
Endian	Big endian/little endian		
Revision of the module	e Rev.2.40		
	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (product No.: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE)		
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX 65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR)		
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)		

## **Table 6.20 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.2.31)**

Item	Contents		
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.0.0		
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00		
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.		
	-lang = c99		
Endian	Big endian/little endian		
Revision of the module	e Rev.2.31		
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX 65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR)		
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)		

## **Table 6.21 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.2.30)**

Item	Contents		
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.0.0		
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00		
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.		
	-lang = c99		
Endian	Big endian/little endian		
Revision of the module	Rev.2.30		
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX 65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBR) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308CxxxxxBR)		

## 6.2 Troubleshooting

- (1) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: Could not open source file "platform.h".
  - A: The FIT module may not be added to the project properly. Check if the method for adding FIT modules is correct with the following documents:
    - Using CS+:

Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)"

Using e<sup>2</sup> studio:

Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)"

When using a FIT module, the board support package FIT module (BSP module) must also be added to the project. Refer to the application note "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)".

- (2) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: This MCU is not supported by the current r\_gpio\_rx module.
  - A: The FIT module you added may not support the target device chosen in your project. Check the supported devices of added FIT modules.
- (3) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got an error for when the configuration setting is wrong.
  - A: The setting in the file "r\_gpio\_rx\_config.h" may be wrong. Check the file "r\_gpio\_rx\_config.h". If there is a wrong setting, set the correct value for that. Refer to 2.8, Configuration Overview for details.

## 7. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

User's Manual: Development Tools

RX Family Compiler CC-RX User's Manual (R20UT3248)

The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

## **Related Technical Updates**

This module reflects the content of the following technical updates.

TN-RX\* -A180A/E

TX-RX\* -A0234A/E

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## **Revision History**

		Description	n
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	Nov 15, 2013	_	First Release
1.20	2014, April 23	1	Additional supported MCUs listed. List of documents revised.
		3	Updated list of required BSP versions.
		3	Added note on limitation: Port Switching feature not supported.
		4-7	Corrected value assigned in references to PORT_J
		7	Added section 2.9.3 Port_Pin Masks
		11	Added note regarding writing to port bits for non-existent pins
1.30	June 3, 2014	1	Added mention of RX64M in the list of supported MCUs.
		3	Updated toolchain version.
		19	Updated formatting of section 3.9.
1.40	Nov 28, 2014	_	Added support for the RX113 Group.
		5	Added a Code Size section.
1.50	Mar 06, 2015	_	Added support for the RX71M Group.
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX71M.
		10	Updated "Control Commands" to include DSCR.
1.60	June 30, 2015	_	Added support for the RX231 Group.
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX231.
1.70	Sep 30, 2015	_	Added support for the RX23T Group.
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX23T.
1.80	Oct 1, 2015	_	Added support for the RX130 Group.
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX130.
1.90	Dec 1, 2015	_	Added support for the RX24T Group.
		1, 10	Changed the document number for the "Board Support
			Package Firmware Integration Technology Module" application
			note.
		4	Changed the description in section 2.
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX24T.
		20	Added "4. Demo Projects".
2.00	Feb 1, 2016	_	Added support for the RX230 Group.
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX230.
		21	Added "Related Technical Updates".
2.01	June 15, 2016	20	Added RSKRX64M to "4. Demo Projects".
2.10	Oct 1, 2016	_	Added support for the RX65N Group.
		1	Changed the document number for the "Board Support
			Package Firmware Integration Technology Module" application
			note.
			Added RX65N Group to the target device.
		4	Added RX65N to "2.5 Supported Toolchains".
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX65N.
		10	Updated "Control Commands" to include DSCR2.
		19	Added DSCR2 command example to "3.8
			R_GPIO_PinControl".
		22	Added "5. Provided Modules".
		22	Added "6. Reference Documents".
	<b>-</b> 1 65 55:-	23	Updated Inquiries.
2.20	Feb 28, 2017	_	Added support for the RX24U Group.
		4	Added RXC v2.06.00 to "2.5 Supported Toolchains".
		5 Drogram	Updated the Code Size table for RX24U.
		Program	The following specifications have been additionally supported

		Program	Added support for RX23W.
		<b>D</b>	Added Table for Rev.3.10
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
		6	Added code size corresponding to RX23W
3.10	Jun.28.19	1	Added support for RX23W.
			function.
		riogiani	Deleted the inline expansion of the R_GPIO_GetVersion
		Program	Changed below for support GCC and IAR compiler:
		28	Deleted the section of Website and Support.
		<b>∠</b> ⊣f	Added table for Rev.3.00
		24	Table 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
		6	Updated the section of 2.8 Code Size
		Ü	Requires r_bsp v5.20 or higher
		5	2.2 Software Requirements
			Deleted related documents.
			Added the section of Target compilers.
		ı	Deleted the RX210, RX631 in Target Devices for end of update these devices.
		1	- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX  Polated the PX210, PX631 in Target Devices for end of undate
3.00	May.20.19	_	Supported the following compilers: - GCC for Renesas RX
2.00	May 20 40		Added Table for Rev 2.50
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
		13-21	Removed 'Reentrant' description in each API function.
		6	Added code size corresponding to RX72T
		1	Added support for RX72T.
2.50	Feb 01, 2019	Program	Added support for RX72T.
2.50	Fak 04 0040	D#=	Added support for PXZZT
		24	Changed Renesas Starter Kit Product No for RX66T.
2.41	Nov 16, 2018		Added document number in XML Changed Banagas Storter Kit Bradust No for BY66T
2.44	Nov. 16, 2010		
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added table for Rev.2.40
		6	Added code size corresponding to RX66T
2.40	Sep 28, 2018	1	Added support for the RX66T.
0.40	0 00 0015	22	Added 5. Appendices
		00	Added 4.4 Downloading Demo Project
2.31	Oct 31, 2017	21	Added RSKRX65N, RSKRX65N-2MB to "4. Demo Projects"
			<del>_</del>
		10	Updated "2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project".
2.30	Jul 21, 2017	4	Added support for the RX130-512KB and RX65N-2MB.  Added RXC v2.07.00 to "2.5 Supported Toolchains".
0.00	II.04 0047		- 64-pin package
			- P36 and P37

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2.20	Feb 28, 2017	_	Added support for the RX24U Group.
		4	Added RXC v2.06.00 to "2.5 Supported Toolchains".
		5	Updated the Code Size table for RX24U.
		Program	The following specifications have been additionally supported
			for the RX24T Group.
			- P36 and P37
			- 64-pin package
2.30	Jul 21, 2017		Added support for the RX130-512KB and RX65N-2MB.
		4	Added RXC v2.07.00 to "2.5 Supported Toolchains".
		10	Updated "2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project".
2.31	Oct 31, 2017	21	Added RSKRX65N, RSKRX65N-2MB to "4. Demo Projects"
			Added 4.4 Downloading Demo Project
		22	Added 5. Appendices
2.40	Sep 28, 2018	1	Added support for the RX66T.
		6	Added code size corresponding to RX66T
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
			Added table for Rev.2.40
2.41	Nov 16, 2018		Added document number in XML
		24	Changed Renesas Starter Kit Product No for RX66T.
			Added table for Rev.2.41
2.50	Feb 01, 2019	Program	Added support for RX72T.
		1	Added support for RX72T.
		6	Added code size corresponding to RX72T
		13-21	Removed 'Reentrant' description in each API function.
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
			Added Table for Rev 2.50
3.00	May.20.19	_	Supported the following compilers:
			- GCC for Renesas RX
			- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX
		1	Deleted the RX210, RX631 in Target Devices for end of update
			these devices.
			Added the section of Target compilers.  Deleted related documents.
		E	2.2 Software Requirements
		5	Requires r_bsp v5.20 or higher
		6	Updated the section of 2.8 Code Size
			·
		24	Table 6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment: Added table for Rev.3.00
		28	Deleted the section of Website and Support.
		Program	Changed below for support GCC and IAR compiler:
		Fiogram	Deleted the inline expansion of the R_GPIO_GetVersion
			function.
3.10	Jun.28.19	1	Added support for RX23W.
-		6	Added code size corresponding to RX23W
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
			Added Table for Rev.3.10
		Program	Added support for RX23W.
3.20	Aug.15.19	1	Added support for RX72M
-	<b>9</b> - • •	6	Added code size corresponding to RX72M
		24	6.1 Confirmed Operation Environment:
			Added Table for Rev.3.20
			Table 6.2: Corrected board name for RX23W
		Program	Added support for RX72M.

ed support for RX13T
imitations
ed Limitations
ed code size corresponding to RX13T
Confirmed Operation Environment:
ed Table for Rev.3.30
ed support for RX13T
nge the comment of API function to the Doxygen style.
ed support for RX72N,RX66N
ed code size corresponding to RX72N,RX66N
Confirmed Operation Environment:
ed Table for Rev.3.40
ed support for RX72N,RX66N
nge the comment of API function to the Doxygen style.
ed support for RX23E-A
ed code size corresponding to RX23E-A
ated and added new demo project Confirmed Operation Environment:
ed Table for Rev.3.50
ed support for RX23E-A ated and added new demo project
ed RSKRX72M to "5. Demo Projects".
Confirmed Operation Environment: ed Table for Rev.3.60
ated and added new demo project
Confirmed Operation Environment:
ed Table for Rev.3.70.
ed TN-RX* -A180A/E, TX-RX* -A0234A/E to "Related
nical Update"
oved PH7 for RX111, RX113. (TN-RX* -A180A/E,
RX* -A0234A/E)
Confirmed Operation Environment: ed Table for Rev.3.80.
ed support for RX23W-83pin
Confirmed Operation Environment:
ed Table for Rev.3.90.
ed support for RX72M-100pin, 144pin.
ed support for RX671.
ed 1.3 Using the FIT GPIO module.
ed 1.3.1 Using FIT GPIO module in C++ project.
ed code size corresponding to RX671.
Confirmed Operation Environment:
ed Table for Rev.4.00.
ed support for RX671.
d support for RX140.
d code size corresponding to RX140.
onfirmed Operation Environment:
d Table for Rev.4.10.
d support for RX140.
d CS+ support for demo project.
d RSKRX671 to "5. Demo Projects".
6.1: Confirm Operation Environment:
o. r. Commin Operation Environment.

## **GPIO Module Using Firmware Integration Technology**

		Program	Updated and added new demo projects
4.30	Nov.11.21	4	1.5 Limitations
			Added 1.5.1 Port Switching.
			Added 1.5.2 Sharing pins for sub-clock and input.
		8	Added code size corresponding to RX140.
		26	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment:
			Added Table for Rev. 4.30.
		Program	Added support for RX140-256KB.
4.40	Mar.14.22	7	Added code size corresponding to RX66T.
		25	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment:
			Added Table for Rev. 4.40.
		Program	Added support for RX66T-48Pin.
4.50	Mar.31.22	1	Added support for RX660.
		7	Added code size corresponding to RX660
		25	Table 6.1: Confirm Operation Environment:
			Added Table for Rev. 4.50.
		Program	Added support for RX660.

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

- 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
  - A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
- 2. Processing at power-on
  - The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.
- 3. Input of signal during power-off state
  - Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
- 4. Handling of unused pins
  - Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.
- 5. Clock signals
  - After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
  - Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).
- 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses
  - Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
- 8. Differences between products
  - Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

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