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Mathematical Aspects of Relativity - I

Special Relativity

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Disclaimer

I am grateful to my Special and General Relativity professors at Imperial College London for teaching the subject with depth and rigour. I am also grateful to the professors at University of Cambridge and Dr. Dexter Chua who have shared their precious notes on the web from which I have studied these subjects in ever more depth (I may not be allowed to share them here, however you can also find them for your personal usage and preparation using a simple Web Search).

I have tried my best to make the notes self contained and easily accessible to anyone with basic knowledge of first year undergraduate Mathematics and Physics. Many concepts which could have been included in the first two chapters but are not directly used in further are omitted, so the reader can focus on specific contents required.

Further, I have attempted to avoid any bias in my writing in regards to copying from what I have learnt at my MSc tenure as well as from the resources I have prepared from, yet the notes may reflect parts of language according to my learnings. Even then, all errors and mistakes are almost surely mine.

Recommended Resources and Books

The first set of resources are from YouTube for absolute beginners.

- Intro to Special Relativity Course by minutephysics
- Special relativity by Khan Academy Physics
- MIT 8.20 Introduction to Special Relativity, January IAP 2021 by MIT OpenCourseWare

The following two are lecture series by Prof Leonard Susskind on stanford YouTube channel, they are primarily recommended in accordance with my frequency of understanding the subject and my preparation. In my understanding, these two are better for students who have a decent grasp of undergraduate level mathematics. If you can smoothly sail through these, the notes mostly complement these lectures for beginners.

- Classical Mechanics
- Special Relativity

Finally, the formal set of recommendations - the Books. As this subject is a century old and extremely famous, there is a plethora of good and amazing books on it. The following is the combination of books suggested by my professors at ICL and Professor David Tong of University of Cambridge in his notes.

Following book is for the preparation or revision on the fundamentals of Newtonian mechanics.

• Douglas Gregory, Classical Mechanics

Next two books are for the students who want to go in further depth with the Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalisms. Book by Landau and Lifshitz is really concise and discuses the overview, whereas, Goldstein is rather for the absolute pros.

- L. Landau and E. Lifshitz, Mechanics
- H. Goldstein, C. Poole and J. Safko, Classical Mechanics

The classical theory of field, suggested by my Special Relativity professor, is the second part of the series by Landau, and builds on the topics discussed in the first part - Mechanics towards Special Relativity (Electromagnetism and General Relativity if you wish to go further). The book by French is suggested by Prof Tong and I personally find it really beautifully written with all the diagrams, the figures and images of actual researchers and experiments.

- L. Landau, The Classical Theory of Fields
- A. French, Special Relativity

1. Mathematical Preliminaries

As you will observe throughout this course, we will heavily rely on different Mathematical objects in order to comprehend the physical ideas discussed. Why do we do that? Because, language can be vague and be subject to interpretation. Whereas, mathematical concepts are definitive and based on structured axioms, theorems and corresponding proofs. Hence, we will begin by learning a few fundamental concepts required to understand the ideas discussed in Special Relativity.

As said in the declaimer, these notes are meant to be self contained up to the level of first year undergraduate STEM degree. Hence, the following preliminary material is provided as these concepts are utilised to understand topics in chapters 3-7. However, if you already have a clear idea of what is being discussed, feel free to begin with chapter 2.

1.1 Review of Linear Algebra

1.1.1 Euclidean Vectors

Five kilogram barbell, two litres of water, one second, $20 \deg C$ temperature

Why Study Them?

Geometric Definition Properties (Addition and Multiplication by scalar)

1.1.2 Vector Spaces

Algebraic Definition Properties

1.1.3 Important Topics

Scalar Product

Orthogonal Bases

Vector Component Identities

Higher Dimensions

Suffix Notation

Scalar Product in suffix notation

Summation convention Kronecker delta

Matrices

Matrix vector multiplication

Multiplication of matrices

1.2 Review of Calculus in Euclidean Space

1.2.1 Derivatives and Integrals

1.2.2 Overview of Differential Equations

2. Review of Mechanics

2.1 Historical Development of Classical Dynamics

From Indian and Greek to medieval European, different civilisations. Kepler to Galileo to Newton - Physics development. Descartes - Mathematical development.

2.2 Newtonian Mechanics

- 2.2.1 Laws of Motion
- 2.3 Lagrangian
- 2.4 Hamiltonian (Brief Overview)

3. Historical Development and Motivation for Relativity

- 3.1 Galilean relativity
- 3.2 Maxwell's equations
- 3.3 Michelson-Morley experiment
- 3.4 Lorentz and Einstein
- 3.5 Minkowski spacetime
- 3.6 Need for a new theory: Motivation for special relativity

4. Postulates and Foundations

4.1 Postulates of Relativity

N-2 + Speed of Light

4.2 Derivations of Lorentz Transformation

- 5. Key Concepts
- 5.1 Length Contraction
- 5.2 Time Dilation
- 5.3 Addition of Velocities in SR
- 5.4 Relativistic Doppler Effect

6. Four-Vectors and Concepts of Spacetime

- 6.1 Introduction to Four-Vectors
- 6.1.1 Euclidean vectors vs. four-vectors
- 6.1.2 Transformation properties
- 6.2 Concept of Spacetime
- 6.3 Metric and Its Invariance
- 6.3.1 Three Types of Intervals
- 6.4 Worldlines and Light Cones

7. Advanced Topics

- 7.1 SR Lagrangian
- 7.2 SR Equation of Motion
- 7.3 Momentum in Special Relativity
- 7.4 $E = mc^2$ Mass-Energy Equivalence
- 7.5 Conservation of Energy and Momentum
- 7.6 4-Vectors and Examples
- 7.7 Calculus in Special Relativity