## **Bivariate Exponential Distribution**

Bivariate Exponential Distribution: The joint Distribution function of the bivariate Exponential distribution of two random variable X and Y is given by:

$$F_{X,Y}(x,y) = e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)},$$

where

- x > 0 and y > 0
- $\alpha_1 > 0, \alpha_2 > 0$  and  $\theta > 0$  are the three parameters

### Joint Probability Density Function:

The joint density function of the bivariate Exponential distribution of two random variables X and Y is given by.

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{\partial^2 F_{X,Y}(x,y)}{\partial x \, \partial y}$$

$$= \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \, \partial y} \left\{ e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \right\} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left\{ (-1) \left( \alpha_1 + \theta y \right) e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \right\}$$

$$= (-1) \theta e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} + (-1) \left( \alpha_1 + \theta y \right) (-1) \left( \alpha_2 + \theta x \right) e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)}$$

$$= e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \left[ (\alpha_2 + \theta x) \left( \alpha_1 + \theta y \right) - \theta \right]$$

Thus,

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \Big[ (\alpha_2 + \theta x) (\alpha_1 + \theta y) - \theta \Big], \quad x, y > 0.$$

Note: If  $\theta = 0$  then

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \alpha_1 \alpha_2 e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y)}, \quad x, y > 0,$$

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \alpha_1 e^{-\alpha_1 x} \quad \alpha_2 e^{-\alpha_2 y}, \qquad x,y > 0.$$

Thus,  $\theta$  is link between X and Y.

# Marginal Distribution

The Marginal density of the variables X is given by.

$$\begin{split} f_X(x) &= \int_0^\infty f_{X,Y}(x,y) \ dy \\ f_X(x) &= \int_0^\infty e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \Big[ (\alpha_2 + \theta x) (\alpha_1 + \theta y) - \theta \Big] dy \\ &= \int_0^\infty (\alpha_2 + \theta x) (\alpha_1 + \theta y) e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} dy - \int_0^\infty \theta e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} dy \\ &= (\alpha_2 + \theta x) e^{-\alpha_1 x} \int_0^\infty (\alpha_1 + \theta y) e^{-(\alpha_2 + \theta x) y} dy - \theta e^{-\alpha_1 x} \int_0^\infty e^{-(\alpha_2 + \theta x) y} dy \end{split}$$

Solve above integration using Gamma function, we get

$$= \alpha_1 e^{-\alpha_1 x} + \frac{\theta e^{-\alpha_1 x}}{(\alpha_2 + \theta x)} - \frac{\theta e^{-\alpha_1 x}}{(\alpha_2 + \theta x)}$$

$$f_X(x) = \alpha_1 e^{-\alpha_1 x} \quad x > 0.$$

So, X follow univariate exponential distribution with parameter  $\alpha_1$ .

We can say that  $X \sim Exp(\alpha_1)$ .

Similarly, Y follow Univariate exponential distribution with parameter  $\alpha_2$ . We can say that  $Y \sim Exp(\alpha_2)$ .

### Conditional Distribution

The conditional density of the variables X for fixed Y is obtained as

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_Y(y)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\alpha_2} e^{-\alpha_2 y} e^{-(\alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \theta x y)} \left[ (\alpha_2 + \theta x) (\alpha_1 + \theta y) - \theta \right]$$

$$= (\alpha_1 + \theta y) e^{-(\alpha_1 + \theta y) x} \left[ \frac{(\alpha_2 + \theta x)}{\alpha_2} - \frac{\theta}{\alpha_2} \frac{(\alpha_1 + \theta y)}{(\alpha_1 + \theta y)} \right]$$

So,

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = (\alpha_1 + \theta y) e^{-(\alpha_1 + \theta y)x} \left[ \frac{(\alpha_2 + \theta x)}{\alpha_2} - \frac{\theta}{\alpha_2 (\alpha_1 + \theta y)} \right]$$

Similarly, the conditional density of the variables Y for fixed X is given by

$$f_{Y|X}(y|x) = (\alpha_2 + \theta x) e^{-(\alpha_2 + \theta x)y} \left[ \frac{(\alpha_1 + \theta y)}{\alpha_1} - \frac{\theta}{\alpha_1 (\alpha_2 + \theta x)} \right]$$

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