

AREDN Phonebook Installation

Principle of operation

The “Original” Swiss AREDN phonebook is on Google:

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1g33BHSXMC8T4Cmfz_Zq-XxtPP17dtEBexF2i4KKe_Mc/edit?usp=sharing.

You can create a comment to add or change something.

The goal is to transfer this phonebook to all AREDN phones in Switzerland.

For the moment, we support Yealink telephones, and Cisco phones are in the test.

The telephones used for AREDN offer phonebooks that can be automatically loaded from a remote location. The file format used for that process is XML.

AREDN is a mesh network, and we do not want to create a single point of failure. This is why the telephones have to get their phonebook files from the hap router they are connected to. So there is no single point of failure, and a phone gets its phonebook as long as its router is working.

To avoid a single point of failure for communication, to reduce the latency time, and to reduce the overload of single mesh segments, we want to use direct calling instead of a PBX. The address used for this case is a FQDN like [178230@178230.local.mesh](#). If you want or need to operate a PBX, the address is just a phone number like 178230. In Switzerland, we use the “Postleitzahl” of the city of the HAM plus a two-digit number in the range of 30-70. Lower numbers are reserved for official use.

To support direct calling and PBBX, we need two different phone books in our phones (direct and via PBX).

How is the information transferred from the Google Sheets to your hap router? The first step is to transfer the .csv version of the sheet to a web server in the AREDN mesh. If Google is down, we could still edit this .csv File manually. This transfer is done every hour. An example job is in the repository.

On our router, we have to install three bash scripts. “phonebook_installer.sh” downloads the newest version of the files, and “AREDN_Phonebook.csv” from the web server mentioned in the previous paragraph. It also copies a settings.txt file into the directory “/arednstack/phonebook”. Then, it starts “phonebook_creator_direct.sh” to create the different XML files with the direct calling info (example: “phonebook_yealink_direct.xml”) and saves it to the /www directory of our router. From there, our phones can get through a simple HTTP download.

The “phonebook_creator_pbx.sh” does the same but includes the phone numbers for PBX operation. It also creates a crontab entry to run it automatically every day once (phonebooks do not change frequently).

Here, the webserver is a single point of failure. However, it is not time critical, and the network will work without it. Only new telephone books cannot be distributed during this outage. Each router still has the newest version to distribute to all telephones attached to it.

To avoid unnecessary files on our routers, the settings file can be used to restrict their generation. You find the “settings.txt” file in /arednstack/phonebook.

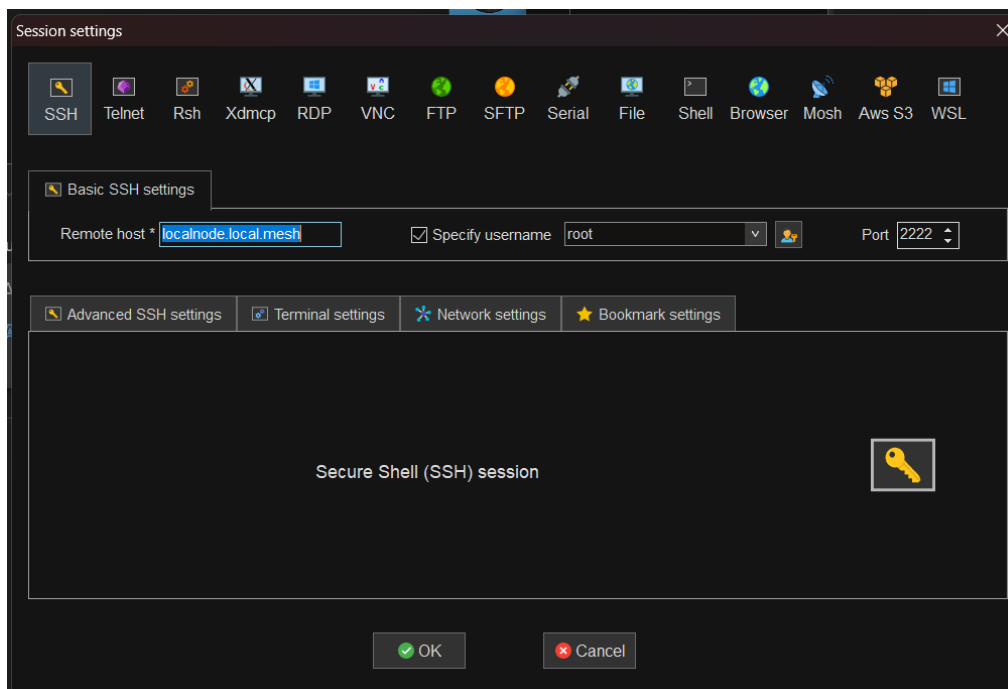
```
#Direct calling or PBX operation
download_directory_direct=YES
download_directory_pbx=YES

#Which Brands of phones are used on your router
create_yealink=YES
create_cisco=NO
create_noname=NO
```

Yes means that a file for the purpose is generated (example: download_directory_direct=YES means that you will find files for direct calling for all phones selected in the phones section)

Installation on the hap Router

First, you have to ssh into your router (address: localnode.local.mesh) using mobaXterm or PUTTY, or any other terminal program. Keep in mind to use port 2222.



Example: MobaXterm (<https://mobaxterm.mobatek.net/download.html>)

For the next steps, your hap Router needs to be connected to AREDN (SwissDigitalNet), usually via a tunnel.

If you did not change your crontab, please enter

```
crontab -l
```

Before we run phonebook_installer.sh:

```
curl http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/Phonebook/phonebook_installer.sh  
| sh -s http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/Phonebook/
```

(Please replace “http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/Phonebook” with the address of your web server)

Now you should have the following files on your router:

```
root@HB9BLA-HAP3-1:/arednstack/phonebook# ls -l  
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 2429 Jul 27 07:55 phonebook_creator_direct.sh  
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 2418 Jul 27 07:55 phonebook_creator_pbx.sh  
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 5635 Jul 27 07:55 phonebook_original.csv  
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 308 Jul 27 07:55 settings.txt
```

In the /www directory, you should find all the requested xml files:

```
root@HB9BLA-HAP3-1:/www# ls *.xml -l  
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 11578 Jul 27 07:55 phonebook_yealink_direct.xml  
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 10123 Jul 27 07:55 phonebook_yealink_pbx.xml
```

(I only have Yealink phones, but I want to have direct and PBX calling phone books. You may have more or fewer files according to the definition of your settings.txt)

And with

```
crontab -l
```

You should see the job:

```
root@HB9BLA-HAP3-1:/arednstack/phonebook# crontab -l  
29 23 * * * curl http://10.148.253.11/phonebook_installer.sh | sh -s http://hb9edi-apu-1  
.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/Phonebook/  
root@HB9BLA-HAP3-1:/arednstack/phonebook#
```

Now we can go on with the phones.

Parameters in Yealink Phones

Please make sure you have your phones ready. You find the respective document (AREDN_Setup_English.pdf) in the documentation folder of this project.

Add one or two files into the “remote phonebook” of your telephone. Make sure you do this only when the telephone is connected to a router where you installed the appropriate phonebooks

Yealink | T48G

Log Out English(English)

Status Account Network Dsskey Features Settings **Directory** Security

Local Directory

Remote Phone Book

Phone Call Info

LDAP

Multicast IP

Setting

Index	Remote URL	Display Name
1	<input type="text" value="http://localnode.local.mesh/phonebook_yealink_direct.xml"/>	<input type="text" value="Direct"/>
2	<input type="text" value="http://localnode.local.mesh/phonebook_yealink_pbx.xml"/>	<input type="text" value="via PBX"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
5	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Incoming/Outgoing Call Lookup ?

Update Time Interval(Seconds) ?

NOTE

Remote Phone Book
It is a centrally maintained phone book, stored in the remote server.

Users only need the access URL of the remote phone book. The IP phone can establish a connection with the remote server and download the phone book, and then display the remote phone book entries on the phone user interface.

Click here to get more product documents.

Here are the entries for copy-paste (you can use these addresses to test if your router installation is ok)

`http://localnode.local.mesh/phonebook_yealink_direct.xml`
http://localnode.local.mesh/phonebook_yealink_pbx.xml

The names change according to the brand of your phone. Currently, Cisco is supported as a test

Install SIPproxy on your hap Router (only ac2 for the moment)

Yealink phones need to be registered to a SIP server to work properly with the phone books. If you have no PBX available, you can install SIPproxy on your hap router and connect your Yealinks to this server. If you want to use a PBX, configure the account as usual. Then, you have the single point of failure (if the connection to the PBX is lost).

```
curl http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/Siproxd/SIProxd_installer.sh | sh
```

(Please replace “http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/Phonebook “ with the address of your web server)

Add “localnode.local.mesh” as a server host in your phones:

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Status **Account** **Network** **Dsskey** **Features** **Settings**

Register

Basic

Codec

Advanced

Account Account1 ?

Register Status Registered

Line Active Enabled ?

Label SIP ?

Display Name SIP ?

Register Name 441530 ?

User Name 441530 ?

Password ?

SIP Server 1 ?

Server Host localnode.local.mesh Port 5060 ?

Transport UDP ?

Server Expires 3600 ?

Server Retry Counts 3 ?

Check if your phone is registered.

Now your telephones attached to this particular router should see the requested phone books and names should be shown when you get calls.

Appendix

Install Nano editor on hap ac3

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/base/terminfo_6.1-5_arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4.ipk

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/packages/nano_6.2-1_arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4.ipk

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/packages/nano_6.2-1_arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4.ipk

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/base/libncurses6_6.1-5_arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4.ipk

Install SIPproxy

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/base/libltdl7_2.4.6-2_arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4.ipk

https://downloads.openwrt.org/releases/19.07.0/packages/arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4/telephony/siproxd_0.8.3-1_arm_cortex-a7_neon-vfpv4.ipk

```
ln -s /etc/init.d/siproxd /etc/rc.d/S99siproxd
ln -s /etc/init.d/siproxd /etc/rc.d/K99siproxd
ln
```

```
nano /etc/config/siproxd
```

Change these lines:

```
option if_inbound br-lan
option if_outbound lo
```

```
/etc/init.d/siproxd start
/etc/init.d/siproxd enable
```

```
/etc/init.d/siproxd status
```

Replication of Github Files

New phonebook from Google

```
http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/cgi-bin/update_phonebook
```

Update all installation files

```
http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/cgi-bin/update\_phonebook\_installer
```

Show result

```
http://hb9edi-apu-1.local.mesh:8080/filerepo/index.php?dir=Phonebook
```