Question Paper Code: 4153224

M.E. / M.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV/ DEC 2024 Third Semester Power Electronics and Drives P23PEO26 – NANO COMPOSITE MATERIALS

(Regulation 2023)

Time:	Three Hours	Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

 $PART - A \qquad (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. List the common methods of sample preparation for nan composites.
- 2. Explain how nanocomposites differ from traditional composite materials.
- 3. What is the function of a metal matrix in nanocomposites?
- 4. Explain how metal-based nanocomposites differ from polymer-based nanocomposites.
- 5. Define the resin transfer molding (RTM) process.
- 6. Compare hand layup with compression molding in terms of efficiency and output quality.
- 7. List three types of mechanical tests used to evaluate composites.
- 8. Explain the role of interlaminar shear stress in the failure of laminated composites.
- 9. Define macro mechanics of a single layer in composites.
- 10. Define the term "laminate" in composite mechanics.

11. (a)	Apply nanocomposite	technology	to	develop	a	product	with	enhanced	thermal
	conductivity.								(16)

(OR)

- (b) Demonstrate how to enhance the mechanical properties of a nanocomposite. (16)
- 12. (a) Explain the relationship between the metal matrix and the reinforcement materials in metal-ceramic composites. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Explain how a metal matrix composite improves mechanical properties over pure metals. (16)
- 13. (a) Demonstrate how to use resin transfer molding (RTM) to manufacture a lightweight automotive panel. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Design a composite structure using prepregs for an aerospace application. (16)
- 14. (a) Compare the influence of fiber volume fraction on tensile strength between thermoset and thermoplastic composites. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Compare the interlaminar shear properties of composites made with different fiber types and layups. (16)
- 15. (a) Explain how micro mechanics can predict the properties of fiber-reinforced composites. (16)

(OR)

(b) Discuss the importance of considering both micro and macro mechanics in composite material analysis. (16)

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