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## Question Paper Code: 1216271

## B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024 Sixth Semester Biomedical Engineering U20BM603 - MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNIQUES (Regulation 2020)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

## Answer ALL questions

PART - A

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. State the principle behind the line focus principle in X-ray tube design and how it contributes to image quality.
- 2. List the applications of X-ray units.
- 3. What are the fundamental principles underlying tomography imaging techniques?
- 4. Differentiate between conventional imaging equipment and digital imaging equipment.
- 5. Recall the fundamental principles of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI).
- 6. Mention any four applications of functional MRI (fMRI) in biomedical applications.
- 7. Differentiate SPECT and PET.
- 8. Outline the use of radionuclide imaging in assessing medical imaging.
- 9. What is the CyberKnife system and how does it differ from traditional radiation therapy methods?
- 10. Name any two radiation measuring instrument used in radiation therapy.

11. (a) Illustrate with the block diagram of an X-ray machine and components related to X-ray production. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Explain how X-ray image intensifier tubes enhance image brightness and contrast during real-time imaging procedures. (16)
- 12. (a) Describe the principles of spiral CT imaging and how it enables rapid volumetric data acquisition. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Summarize the back projection and iterative reconstruction methods used in CT imaging. (16)
- 13. (a) Explain the function of each component in the MRI system and their roles in producing high-quality images. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Describe the experimental design and data analysis methods used in fMRI studies to map brain function and connectivity. (16)
- 14. (a) Outline the operation and components of an Anger scintillation camera in nuclear imaging. (16)

(OR)

- (b) Discuss the non-imaging techniques in nuclear medicine, including clearance measurements, whole-body counting, and surface counting. (16)
- 15. (a) Illustrate the function and components of a linear accelerator in radiation therapy. (16)

(OR)

(b) Explain various radiation measuring instruments with its advantages and limitations. (16)

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