

ALSO USED ADV SQL FOR QUERIES

# SQL PROJECT

## PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS



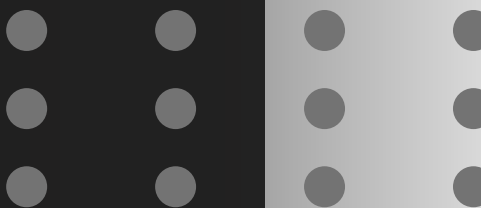


# FRIENDS, IN THIS PROJECT I HAD SOLVED 15 REQUIREMENTS

Which involves many SQL concepts

- BASIC
- INTERMEDIATE
- ADVANCE

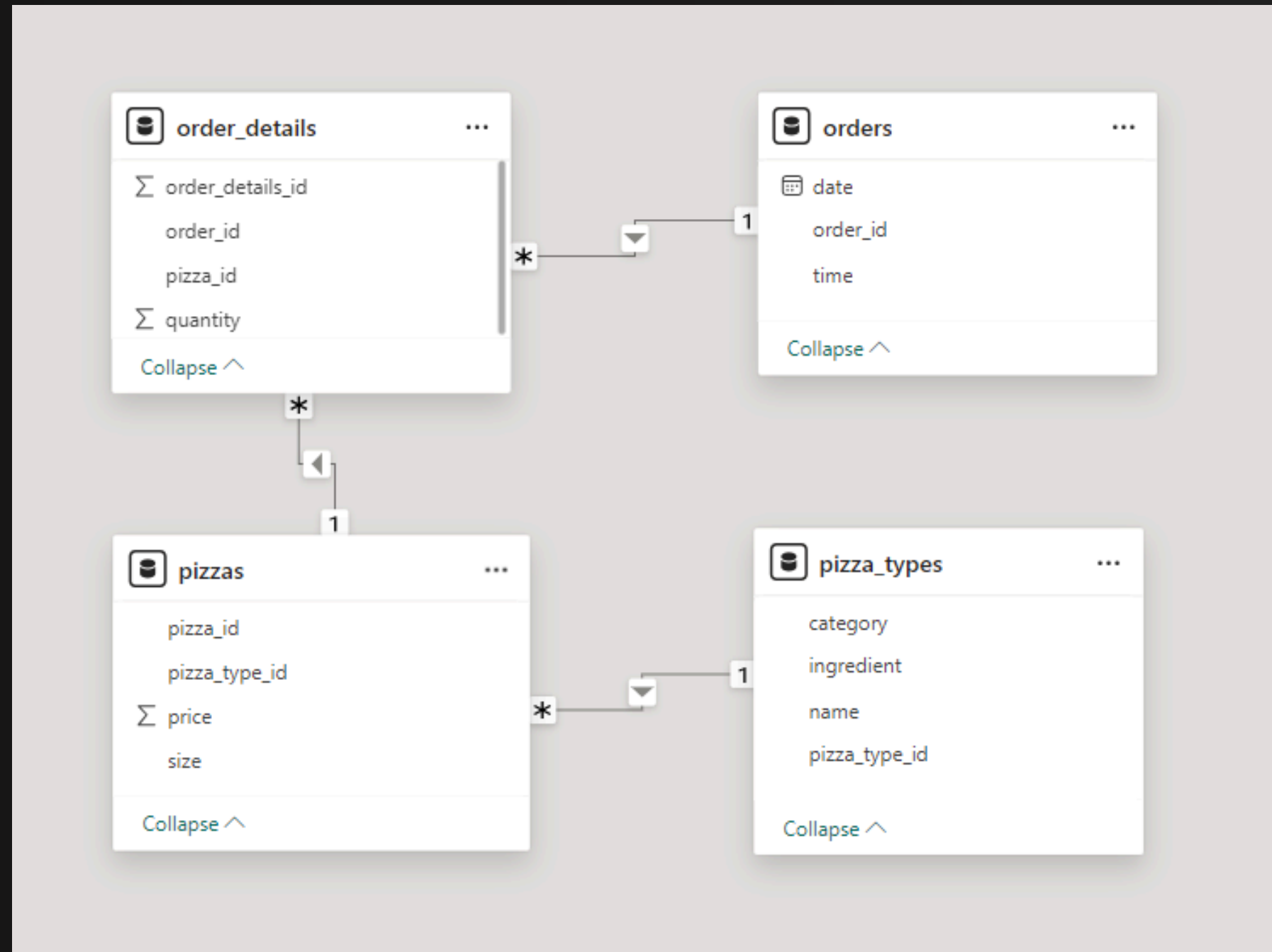
WE HAVE 4 TABLES  
IN PROJECT



# ER DIAGRAM

## 4 TABLES

- ORDERS
- ORDER\_DETAILS
- PIZZAS
- PIZZA\_TYPES



# REQUIREMENT 1

# RETRIVE THE TOTAL NO OF ORDER PLACED

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(ORDER_ID) AS "TOTAL_ORDERS"  
FROM  
    ORDERS;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows
	TOTAL_ORDERS	
▶	21350	





## REQUIREMENT 2

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(O.QUANTITY * P.PRICE),2) AS TOTAL_REVENUE
FROM ORDER_DETAILS O
JOIN PIZZAS P
ON O.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID;
```

	TOTAL_REVENUE
▶	817860.05



## REQUIREMENT 3 Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT PT.NAME, P.PRICE
FROM PIZZA_TYPES PT
JOIN PIZZAS P
ON PT.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
ORDER BY PRICE DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

	NAME	PRICE
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95



## REQUIREMENT 4

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT P.SIZE, COUNT(*) AS ORDER_COUNT
FROM ORDER_DETAILS O
JOIN PIZZAS P
ON O.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY P.SIZE
ORDER BY ORDER_COUNT DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

SIZE	ORDER_COUNT
L	18526





# REQUIREMENT 5

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT PIZZA_TYPES.NAME, SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY) AS QUANTITY
FROM PIZZA_TYPES
JOIN
PIZZAS ON PIZZA_TYPES.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
JOIN
ORDER_DETAILS ON ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY PIZZA_TYPES.NAME
ORDER BY QUANTITY DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	NAME	QUANTITY
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371





REQUIREMENT 6

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT PT.CATEGORY, SUM(O.QUANTITY) QUANTITY FROM PIZZA_TYPES PT
JOIN PIZZAS P ON P.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = PT.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
JOIN ORDER_DETAILS O
ON O.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY CATEGORY
ORDER BY QUANTITY DESC;
```

	CATEGORY	QUANTITY
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050



REQUIREMENT 7

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT HOUR(ORDER_TIME) , COUNT(ORDER_ID) FROM
ORDERS
GROUP BY HOUR(ORDER_TIME);
```

	H	COUNT(ORDER_ID)
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642





**REQUIREMENT 8** Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT CATEGORY, COUNT(NAME) FROM PIZZA_TYPES  
GROUP BY CATEGORY;
```

	CATEGORY	COUNT(NAME)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9



## REQUIREMENT 9

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(QUANTITY)) AVG_DAILY_QUANTITY FROM  
(SELECT ORDERS.ORDER_DATE,  
SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY) QUANTITY FROM ORDERS  
JOIN ORDER_DETAILS  
ON ORDERS.ORDER_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.ORDER_ID  
GROUP BY ORDERS.ORDER_DATE) AS ORDER_QUANTITY;
```

	AVG_DAILY_QUANTITY
▶	138





REQUIREMENT 10

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT PIZZA_TYPES.NAME, SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE) AS REVENUE
FROM PIZZA_TYPES JOIN PIZZAS
ON PIZZAS.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = PIZZA_TYPES.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
JOIN ORDER_DETAILS
ON ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY PIZZA_TYPES.NAME ORDER BY REVENUE DESC
LIMIT 3
```

	NAME	REVENUE
►	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5



REQUIREMENT 11

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT PT.CATEGORY, ROUND(SUM(O.QUANTITY * P.PRICE) / (SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE), 2)
    AS TOTAL_SALES
FROM ORDER_DETAILS JOIN PIZZAS
ON PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID) * 100, 0) REVENUE
FROM PIZZA_TYPES PT
JOIN PIZZAS P ON PT.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
JOIN ORDER_DETAILS O ON O.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY CATEGORY
ORDER BY REVENUE DESC;
```

	CATEGORY	REVENUE
▶	Classic	27
	Supreme	25
	Veggie	24
	Chicken	24





# REQUIREMENT 12      Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
SELECT ORDER_DATE, SUM(REVENUE) OVER(ORDER BY ORDER_DATE) AS CUM_REVENUE
FROM
(SELECT O.ORDER_DATE, SUM(OD.QUANTITY * P.PRICE) AS REVENUE
FROM ORDERS O JOIN ORDER_DETAILS OD
ON O.ORDER_ID = OD.ORDER_ID
JOIN PIZZAS P ON
P.PIZZA_ID = OD.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY ORDER_DATE) AS SALES;
```

ORDER_DATE	CUM_REVENUE
2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14358.5
2015-01-07	16560.7
2015-01-08	19399.05





# REQUIREMENT 13

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
SELECT NAME, REVENUE, RN FROM

(SELECT CATEGORY, NAME, REVENUE, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY CATEGORY ORDER BY REVENUE DESC) AS RN
FROM
(SELECT PT.CATEGORY, PT.NAME, SUM((OD.QUANTITY) * P.PRICE) REVENUE
FROM PIZZA_TYPES PT JOIN
PIZZAS P
ON PT.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
JOIN ORDER_DETAILS OD
ON OD.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY PT.CATEGORY , PT.NAME) T1) T2
WHERE RN <= 3;
```

NAME	REVENUE	RN
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	1
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	2
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	3
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5	1
The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25	2
The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	3
The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	1
The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75	2
The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	3
The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000065	1





**REQUIREMENT 14** Determine the revenue contribution of each pizza size (e.g., Small, Medium, Large) as a percentage of total revenue.

```
SELECT
  P.SIZE AS PIZZA_SIZE,
  ROUND(SUM(O.QUANTITY * P.PRICE) /
    (SELECT SUM(OD.QUANTITY * PZ.PRICE)
     FROM Order_Details OD
     JOIN Pizzas PZ
     ON OD.PIZZA_ID = PZ.PIZZA_ID) * 100, 2) AS REVENUE_PERCENTAGE
FROM
  Order_Details O JOIN Pizzas P ON O.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID GROUP BY P.SIZE ORDER BY
  REVENUE_PERCENTAGE DESC;
```

	PIZZA_SIZE	REVENUE_PERCENTAGE
►	L	45.89
	M	30.49
	S	21.77
	XL	1.72
	XXL	0.12



# REQUIREMENT 15

Identify the change in total revenue from one order date to the next using the LEAD function.

```
SELECT
  O.ORDER_DATE,
  ROUND(SUM(OD.QUANTITY * P.PRICE), 2) AS DAILY_REVENUE,
  ROUND(LEAD(SUM(OD.QUANTITY * P.PRICE)) OVER (ORDER BY O.ORDER_DATE), 2) AS NEXT_DAY_REVENUE,
  ROUND(LEAD(SUM(OD.QUANTITY * P.PRICE)) OVER (ORDER BY O.ORDER_DATE) - SUM(OD.QUANTITY * P.PRICE), 2) AS REVENUE_CHANGE
FROM Orders O
JOIN Order_Details OD ON O.ORDER_ID = OD.ORDER_ID
JOIN Pizzas P ON OD.PIZZA_ID = P.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY O.ORDER_DATE
ORDER BY O.ORDER_DATE;
```

	ORDER_DATE	DAILY_REVENUE	NEXT_DAY_REVENUE	REVENUE_CHANGE
►	2015-01-01	2713.85	2731.9	18.05
	2015-01-02	2731.9	2662.4	-69.5
	2015-01-03	2662.4	1755.45	-906.95
	2015-01-04	1755.45	2065.95	310.5
	2015-01-05	2065.95	2428.95	363
	2015-01-06	2428.95	2202.2	-226.75
	2015-01-07	2202.2	2838.35	636.15
	2015-01-08	2838.35	2127.35	-711





Insights –



**BEST  
SELLER**

**THE CLASSIX DILUX PIZZA**





# Insights -

- we get to know that total orders placed are **21350**
- Total revenue = **817860 USD**
- Highest Priced pizza – The Greek Pizza
- Most common size ordered – LARGE
- Top 5 pizzas –
  - The Classic Deluxe Pizza
  - The Barbecue Chicken Pizza
  - The Hawaiian Pizza
  - The Pepperoni Pizza
  - The Thai Chicken Pizza





# Insights -

- TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED

- Classic - 14888
- Supreme - 11987
- Veggie - 11649
- Chicken - 11050

- Busy Hours : 12- 1 pm and 5 -7 pm

- Category -
  - Chicken
  - Classic
  - Supreme
  - Veggie



# Insights -

- Average no of pizza ordered per day - **138**
- **Top 3 pizza types by revenue.**
  - The Thai Chicken Pizza
  - The Barbecue Chicken Pizza
  - The California Chicken Pizza

★ The Classic Deluxe Pizza is the most ordered but if we look by the revenue perspective, The Thai Chicken Pizza is on first rank





IF YOU THINK IT WAS GOOD PROJECT PLZ HIT  
THE LIKE ON THIS POST ❤️

THANK YOU!

