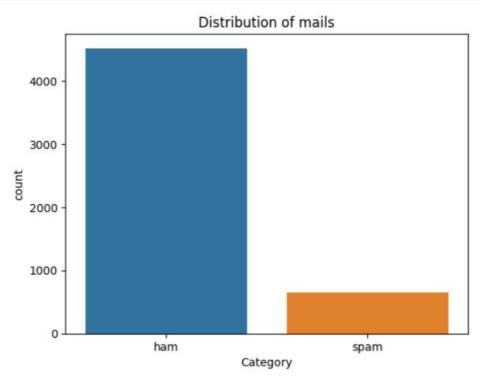
## Data Visualisation

```
[ ] sns.countplot(data=df, x='Category')
  plt.xlabel('Category')
  plt.ylabel('count')
  plt.title('Distribution of mails')
  plt.show()
```



## Data Preprocessing

```
[] # Assuming you have a DataFrame named 'df'
    df.loc[df["Category"] == "spam", "Category"] = 0
    df.loc[df["Category"] == "ham", "Category"] = 1
    df.head()
```

<ipython-input-18-860e27392fb1>:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: <a href="https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.df.loc[df["Category"] == "spam", "Category"] = 0 <ipython-input-18-860e27392fb1>:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: <a href="https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing">https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing</a>.

df.loc[df["Category"] == "ham", "Category"] = 1

Category		Message
0	1	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only
1	1	Ok lar Joking wif u oni
2	0	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina
3	1	U dun say so early hor U c already then say
4	1	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro

```
[ ] # Separate the feature (X) and target (Y) data

X = df["Message"]
Y = df["Category"]
```

```
[] X
       0
                Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
       1
                                     Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
       2
                Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
               U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
       3
       4
       5567
               This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
               Will \dot{l}_{-} b going to esplanade fr home? Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
       5568
       5569
       5570
               The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
       5571
                                         Rofl. Its true to its name
       Name: Message, Length: 5169, dtype: object
  [ ] Y
       0
       1
                0
       2
       3
       4
               1
       5567
               0
       5568
       5569
       5570
               1
       5571
       Name: Category, Length: 5169, dtype: object
  [ ] # Split the data into training and testing sets
       X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 42)
  [ ] print(X.shape)
       print(X_train.shape)
       print(X_test.shape)
       (5169,)
       (4135,)
       (1034,)
▼ Feature Extraction: TF-IDF
  [ ] # Create a TF-IDF vectorizer to convert text messages into numerical features
       feature_extraction = TfidfVectorizer(min_df=1, stop_words="english", lowercase=True)
  [] # Convert the training and testing text messages into numerical features using TF-IDF
       X_train_features = feature_extraction.fit_transform(X_train)
       X_test_features = feature_extraction.transform(X_test)
  [] # Convert the target values into 0 and 1
       Y_train = Y_train.astype(int)
       Y_test = Y_test.astype(int)
  [ ] print(X_train)
       2228
                                    Those were my exact intentions
       5529
                                         What about this one then.
                                Waaaat?? Lololo ok next time then!
       2149
       5058
                Free video camera phones with Half Price line ...
       5051
               Tick, tick, tick .... Where are you ? I could ...
                Many more happy returns of the day. I wish you...
       4740
       474
               Nice line said by a broken heart- Plz don't cu...
       3266
                                 Ok then i come n pick u at engin?
               Eek that's a lot of time especially since \ensuremath{\mathsf{Amer}}\dots
       4016
               U have a Secret Admirer who is looking 2 make ...
       879
       Name: Message, Length: 4135, dtype: object
```

```
[ ] print(X_train)
    2228
                                Those were my exact intentions
    5529
                                     What about this one then.
    2149
                            Waaaat?? Lololo ok next time then!
    5058
             Free video camera phones with Half Price line ...
    5051
            Tick, tick, tick .... Where are you ? I could ...
    4740
             Many more happy returns of the day. I wish you...
             Nice line said by a broken heart- Plz don't cu...
    474
                             Ok then i come n pick u at engin?
    3266
             Eek that's a lot of time especially since Amer...
    4016
    879
             U have a Secret Admirer who is looking 2 make ...
    Name: Message, Length: 4135, dtype: object
[ ] print(X_train_features)
       (0, 3545)
                     0.7455593142248959
       (0, 2588)
                     0.6664392762829205
       (2, 6589)
                     0.3136674984299076
      (2, 4696)
                     0.29654379102529516
       (2, 4002)
                     0.6378379419700079
      (2, 6999)
(3, 564)
                     0.6378379419700079
                     0.2785767488573773
       (3, 1534)
                     0.23384958966251285
       (3, 52)
                     0.26549489341098675
       (3, 4344)
                     0.22076773421612225
       (3, 6770)
                     0.2300494583671639
      (3, 251)
                    0.19582167067522926
       (3, 4299)
                    0.18532229917229942
       (3, 4630)
                     0.26549489341098675
       (3, 1997)
                    0.26549489341098675
                     0.19460402332334106
       (3, 516)
       (3, 4419)
                    0.2562131692599451
       (3, 271)
                     0.23384958966251285
       (3, 5450)
                     0.2300494583671639
       (3, 3941)
                     0.18912243046764834
      (3, 5171)
                    0.20953002785296104
       (3, 3168)
                     0.19120469004402674
      (3, 4954)
                    0.23384958966251285
       (3, 1553)
                     0.20428654549041733
                    0.19708708091575408
       (3, 6938)
       (4132, 1825) 0.3605065932469792
       (4132, 4696) 0.3418197199207224
       (4133, 5893) 0.376872105216547
       (4133, 4973) 0.36369662422743665
       (4133, 2451) 0.376872105216547
       (4133, 901)
                     0.36369662422743665
       (4133, 4029) 0.27296922168195425
       (4133, 4303) 0.2797666732547047
       (4133, 3930) 0.19090886726821316
       (4133, 2550) 0.326557029270423
       (4133, 4007)
                    0.2670514851432264
       (4133, 6192) 0.21536918062740018
       (4133, 6589) 0.19446518344396782
       (4134, 45)
                     0.36133141627364085
       (4134, 6198) 0.34436343393010593
       (4134, 216)
                    0.34436343393010593
       (4134, 6543) 0.29397934692144273
       (4134, 5512) 0.31535647652238075
(4134, 799) 0.31535647652238075
       (4134, 5715) 0.3033175014581906
       (4134, 6069) 0.2508916342134232
       (4134, 4013)
                    0.26098383065689107
       (4134, 1895)
                    0.2301166472830892
       (4134, 4139) 0.20748487401135496
       (4134, 6867) 0.16697204675649222
```

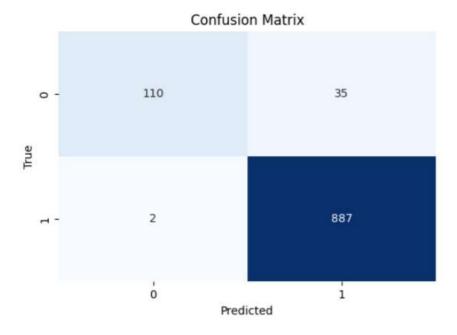
## Model Training

```
[ ] # Create a logistic regression model and train it on the training data
  model = LogisticRegression()
  model.fit(X_train_features, Y_train)
```

LogisticRegression LogisticRegression()

## Model Evaluation and Prediction

```
[ ] # Make predictions on the training data and calculate the accuracy
    prediction_on_training_data = model.predict(X_train_features)
    accuracy_on_training_data = accuracy_score(Y_train, prediction_on_training_data)
[ ] print("Accuracy on training data:",accuracy_on_training_data)
    Accuracy on training data: 0.9613059250302297
[ ] # Make predictions on the test data and calculate the accuracy
    prediction_on_test_data = model.predict(X_test_features)
    accuracy_on_test_data = accuracy_score(Y_test,prediction_on_test_data)
[ ] print("Accuracy on test data:",accuracy_on_test_data)
    Accuracy on test data: 0.9642166344294004
[ ] # Test the model with some custom email messages
    input_mail = ["Congratulations! You've won a free vacation to an exotic island. Just click on the lin
    input_data_features = feature_extraction.transform(input_mail)
    prediction = model.predict(input_data_features)
    if (prediction)[0] == 1:
        print("Ham Mail")
    else:
        print("Spam Mail")
    Spam Mail
[ ] input_mail = ["This is a friendly reminder about our meeting scheduled for tomorrow at 10:00 AM in the
    input_data_features = feature_extraction.transform(input_mail)
    prediction = model.predict(input_data_features)
    if (prediction)[0] == 1:
        print("Ham Mail")
    else:
        print("Spam Mail")
    Ham Mail
[ ] # Data visualization - Confusion Matrix
    cm = confusion_matrix(Y_test, prediction_on_test_data)
    plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap='Blues', cbar=False)
    plt.xlabel('Predicted')
    plt.ylabel('True')
    plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
    plt.show()
```

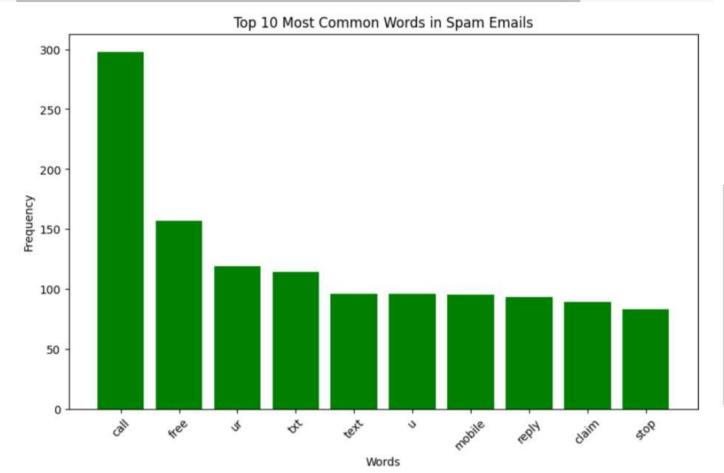


```
[] # Data visualization - Top 10 Most Common Words in Spam Emails

stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
spam_words = " ".join(df[df['Category'] == 0]['Message']).split()
ham_words = " ".join(df[df['Category'] == 1]['Message']).split()

spam_word_freq = Counter([word.lower() for word in spam_words if word.lower() not in stop_words and w

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(*zip(*spam_word_freq.most_common(10)), color='g')
plt.xlabel('Words')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Top 10 Most Common Words in Spam Emails')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
[ ] # Data visualization - Top 10 Most Common Words in Ham Emails
    ham_word_freq = Counter([word.lower() for word in ham_words if word.lower() not in stop_words and word
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.bar(*zip(*ham_word_freq.most_common(10)), color='maroon')
    plt.xlabel('Words')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.title('Top 10 Most Common Words in Ham Emails')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.show()
```



