### Experiment 03

#### Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def f(x):
  return x^{**}2 - 4^*x + 6
def df(x):
  return 2*x - 4
def gradient_descent(initial_x, learning_rate, num_iterations):
 x = initial_x
 x_history = [x]
 for i in range(num_iterations):
    gradient = df(x)
    x = x - learning rate * gradient
    x_history.append(x)
  return x, x_history
initial x = 0
learning rate = 0.1
num_iterations = 50
x, x_history = gradient_descent(initial_x, learning_rate, num_iterations)
print("Local minimum: {:.2f}".format(x))
# Create a range of x values to plot
x vals = np.linspace(-1, 5, 100)
# Plot the function f(x)
plt.plot(x_vals, f(x_vals))
# Plot the values of x at each iteration
plt.plot(x_history, f(np.array(x_history)), 'rx')
# Label the axes and add a title
```

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plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('f(x)')
plt.title('Gradient Descent')

# Show the plot plt.show()

# **Output:**

## Local minimum: 2.00

