

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are tasked with designing a shipping cost calculator program that calculates the shipping cost for packages based on their weight and destination. The program utilizes different shipping rates for domestic, international, and remote destinations. The rates for each destination type are provided as global constants.

Constant Values:

DOMESTIC_RATE = 5.0

INTERNATIONAL_RATE = 10.0

REMOTE_RATE = 15.0

Function Signature: calculate_shipping(weight, destination)

Formula: shipping cost = weight * destination rate

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a float representing the weight of the package.

The second line consists of a string representing the destinations(Domestic or International or Remote).

Output Format

The program outputs any one of the following:

1. If the input is valid and the destination is recognized, the output should consist of a single line stating the calculated shipping cost for the given weight and destination in the format: "Shipping cost to [destination] for a [weight] kg package: \$[calculated cost]" with two decimal places.
2. If the input weight is not a positive float, print "Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0."
3. If the input destination is not one of the valid options, print "Invalid destination."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5.5

Domestic

Output: Shipping cost to Domestic for a 5.5 kg package: \$27.50

Answer

#

You are using Python

DOMESTIC_RATE=5.0

INTERNATIONAL_RATE=10.0

REMOTE_RATE=15.0

```
def calculate_shipping(weight,destination):
```

```
    if weight<=0:
```

```
print("Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0.")
return None
if destination=="Domestic":
    shipping_cost=weight*DOMESTIC_RATE
elif destination=="International":
    shipping_cost=weight*INTERNATIONAL_RATE
elif destination=="Remote":
    shipping_cost=weight*REMOTE_RATE
else:
    print("Invalid destination.")
    return None
return shipping_cost
```

```
weight=float(input())
destination=input()
shipping_cost=calculate_shipping(weight,destination)
if shipping_cost is not None:
    print(f"Shipping cost to {destination} for a {weight} kg package:
    ${shipping_cost:.2f}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Meena is analyzing a list of integers and needs to count how many numbers in the list are even and how many are odd. She decides to use lambda functions to filter the even and odd numbers from the list.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, counts the number of even and odd numbers using lambda functions, and prints the results.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list.

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

Output Format

The first line of output prints an integer representing the count of even numbers.

The second line of output prints an integer representing the count of odd numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 7

12 34 56 78 98 65 23

Output: 5

2

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=input()
```

```
num=list(map(int,input().split()))
```

```
even=len(list(filter(lambda x:x%2==0,num)))
```

```
odd=len(list(filter(lambda x:x%2!=0,num)))
```

```
print(even)
```

```
print(odd)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n . Your program should efficiently determine this divisor using the `min()` function and display the result.

Input Format

The input consists of a single positive integer n , representing the number for which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

Output Format

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format:
"The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 24

Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
divisor=min([i for i in range(2,n+1) if n%i==0],default=n)
print(f"The smallest positive divisor of {n} is: {divisor}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Imagine you are tasked with developing a function for calculating the total cost of an item after applying a sales tax. The sales tax rate is equal to 0.08 and it is defined as a global variable.

The function should accept the cost of the item as a parameter, calculate the tax amount, and return the total cost.

Additionally, the program should display the item cost, sales tax rate, and total cost to the user.

Function Signature: `total_cost(item_cost)`

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing a positive floating-point number representing the cost of the item.

Output Format

The output consists of three lines:

"Item Cost:" followed by the cost of the item formatted to two decimal places.

"Sales Tax Rate:" followed by the sales tax rate in percentage.

"Total Cost:" followed by the calculated total cost after applying the sales tax, formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50.00

Output: Item Cost: \$50.00

Sales Tax Rate: 8.0%

Total Cost: \$54.00

Answer

#

You are using Python

SALES_TAX_RATE=0.08

def total_cost(item_cost):

 tax_amount=item_cost*SALES_TAX_RATE

 total_cost=tax_amount+item_cost

 return total_cost

item_cost=float(input())

total_cost = total_cost(item_cost)

print(f"Item Cost: \${item_cost:.2f}")

print(f"Sales Tax Rate: {SALES_TAX_RATE * 100}%")

print(f"Total Cost: \${total_cost:.2f}")

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10