

Find Fourier integral representation of the following function.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; x > 0 \\ 0 & ; x < 0 \end{cases} \quad F(\lambda) = \frac{1}{i\lambda}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x & ; x > 0 \\ 0 & ; x < 0 \end{cases} \quad F(\lambda) = \frac{i\lambda}{1-\lambda^2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} & ; x > 0 \\ 0 & ; x < 0 \end{cases} \quad F(\lambda) = \frac{1-i\lambda}{1+\lambda^2}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x & ; 0 < x < a \\ 0 & ; x > a \text{ \& } -\infty < x < 0 \end{cases} \quad F(\lambda) = \frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{\cos \lambda - 1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & ; |x| < 1 \\ 0 & ; |x| > 1 \end{cases} \quad F_c(\lambda) = \frac{4 \sin \lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x & ; |x| < 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad F_s(\lambda) = \frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda^2} - \frac{\cos \lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; |x| < 1 \\ 0 & ; |x| > 1 \end{cases} \quad F_c(\lambda) = \frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda}$$

& hence i) evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} \cos \lambda x \, d\lambda$ Ans: $\frac{\pi}{2} f(x)$

ii) value of $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} \, d\lambda$ Ans: $\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2 & ; |x| < 1 \\ 0 & ; |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

& hence evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2} \, dx$

$$F_c(\lambda) = 2 \left(\frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda^3} - \frac{\lambda \cos \lambda}{\lambda^3} \right) \quad \text{Ans: } \frac{3\pi}{16}$$

- ⑨ Find Fourier sine & cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-x}$

& hence show that

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos mx}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin mx}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}$$

- ⑩ Find the Fourier cosine transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x; & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 2-x; & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0; & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Ans: $F_c(\lambda) = \frac{2 \cos \lambda (1 - \cos \lambda)}{\lambda^2}$

- ⑪ Using Fourier integral representation show that

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1 - \cos \pi \lambda}{\lambda} \sin \lambda x d\lambda = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2}; & 0 < x < \pi \\ 0; & x > \pi \end{cases}$$

s.t.

$$\textcircled{12} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda \cos \lambda x}{\lambda} d\lambda = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2}; & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0; & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{13} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1-i\lambda}{1+\lambda^2} \right) e^{i\lambda x} d\lambda = \begin{cases} \pi e^{-x}; & x > 0 \\ 0; & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Solve the following integral equations:

$$(1) \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos \lambda x dx = e^{-\lambda}; \quad \lambda > 0$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{1+x^2} \right)$$

$$(2) \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin \lambda x dx = \begin{cases} 1-\lambda & ; 0 \leq \lambda \leq 1 \\ 0 & ; \lambda > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{\sin x}{x^2} \right)$$

$$(3) \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos \lambda x dx = \begin{cases} 1-\lambda & ; 0 \leq \lambda \leq 1 \\ 0 & ; \lambda > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} \right)$$

$$(4) \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin \lambda x dx = \begin{cases} 1 & ; 0 \leq \lambda \leq 1 \\ 0 & ; \lambda \geq 1 \end{cases}$$