



Status	Finished
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Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

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Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a,b;
```

```
5      scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
6      if(a%10==b%10)
7      {
8          printf("true");
9      }
10     else
11     {
12         printf("false");
13     }
14 }
```


	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	25 53	false	false	✓
✓	27 77	true	true	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

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Objective

In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

Task

Given an integer, n , perform the following conditional actions:

- If n is odd, print **Weird**
- If n is even and in the inclusive range of **2** to **5**, print **Not Weird**
- If n is even and in the inclusive range of **6** to **20**, print **Weird**
- If n is even and greater than **20**, print **Not Weird**

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not n is weird.

Input Format

A single line containing a positive integer, n .

Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 100$$

Output Format

Print Weird if the number is weird;
otherwise, print Not Weird.

Sample Input 0

3

Sample Output 0

Weird

Sample Input 1

24

Sample Output 1

Not Weird

Explanation

Sample Case 0: $n = 3$

n is odd and odd numbers are weird, so we print **Weird**.

Sample Case 1: $n = 24$

$n > 20$ and n is even, so it isn't weird. Thus, we print **Not Weird**.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d",&n);
6     if(n%2==1)
7     {
8         printf("Weird");
9     }
10    else
11    {
12        if((n>2)&&(n>5))
13        {
14            printf("Not W
15        }
16        else if((n>6)&&(n
17        {
18            printf("Weird
19        }
20    else
```

```
21 {
22     printf("Not w
23 }
24 }
25 }
26
27
28
29
```

	Input	Expected	Got
✓	3	Weird	Weird
✓	24	Not Weird	Not Weird

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

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Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a

Pythagorean triple, since $3*3 + 4*4 = 25 = 5*5$ You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters.
Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample Output 1 yes
Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a,b,c;
5     scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&
6     if((a*a+b*b)==(c*c))
7     {
8         printf("yes");
9     }
10    else if((a*a+c*c)==(b
11    {
12        printf("yes");
13    }
14    else if((b*b+c*c)==(a
15    {
16        printf("yes");
17    }
18    else
19    {
20        printf("no");
21    }
22 }
```

```
20  
21  
22 } printf("no");
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 5 4	yes	yes	✓
✓	5 8 2	no	no	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

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