LLM Decoding Cheat Sheet

Temperature · Top■k · Top■p

Parameter	Typical Range	What ↑ Value Does	Comm
Temperature (τ)	0.0 – 2.0	Flattens probability distribution → more randomness and diversity	0.7 –
Top■k	1 – 1000+	Samples only from the k highest■probability tokens	40
Top■p (Nucleus)	0.0 – 1.0	Picks the smallest set of tokens whose cumulative probability ≥ p	0.9

Quick Rules of Thumb

- **Low τ + Low p/k** → maximally deterministic, but can become repetitive.
- **Moderate τ (≈0.7) + p ≈ 0.9** → good *default* for balanced creativity.
- **High τ (>1.2) + High p/k** → wild, story■like, risk of hallucination.

Tuning Recipes

Goal	Suggested Settings
Deterministic reference answer	`temperature=0`, `top_p=1`, `top_k=0` (greedy)
Balanced/default web app	`temperature=0.7`, `top_p=0.9`
Maximum creativity / poetry	`temperature=1.2`, `top_p=0.95`
Avoid repetition loops	add `top_k` ≤■100 and `temperature` <■1
Safety■critical / policy text	`temperature=0.2–0.4`, `top_p=0.6–0.8`

Why Adjust Each Parameter?

- **Temperature** rescales logits globally – good first knob for exploring diversity.
- **Top■k** *clips* improbable tokens – protects against off■topic or unsafe words.
- **Top■p** adapts to context entropy – keeps distribution mass constant regardless of vocabulary size.

Interaction Gotchas

- Very **low top_p** *and* **low temperature** can starve the model (empty output).

- **top_k=0** disables the filter (equivalent to unlimited *k*).
- Many APIs ignore `top_k` when `top_p` is set—check docs!

Keep this sheet handy when debugging prompt output diversity, hallucination rate, or repetitiveness.