Attention and Transformers

- Paper 1: Attention is all you need
- **Paper 2:** An Image is Worth 16x16 Words: Transformers for Image Recognition at Scale
- 1. What is the architectural similarities and difference between encoder and decoder modules of the transformer model as described in paper 1?
- 2. Define Attention as per paper 1. Describe briefly the two types of attention discussed in paper 1.
- 3. Discuss the reasons presented by the author for applying scaling in dot-product attention.
- 4. State the three different ways the transformer uses multi-head attention?
- 5. Why does the author use a sinusoid for positional encoding. Give at least two reasons.
- 6. Training a transformer model for classification task on ImageNet dataset underperforms compared to the state-of-the-art ResNet models, why? Explain the reasons.
- 7. What are positional embeddings as discussed in paper 2? Author prefers 1D PE over 2D positional embedding for images. What is the argument of the author in p aper 2 for not using hand-crafted 2D-aware embedding for images?
- 8. To check how the transformer model uses self-attention capabilities, compute average distance image space based on attention weights attention distance. Explain how 'attention distance' is analogous to receptive field size in CNNs.
- 9. Describe briefly. (a) Autoregressive model (paper 1), (b) Positional encoding (paper 1), (c) patch embedding (paper 2), (d) Inductive bias (paper 2).