

What is DevOps?

DevOps is a combination of two words:

Dev → Development

Ops → Operations

DevOps is an approach that automates and integrates software development and IT operations to deliver applications quickly and with high quality.

Why DevOps?

Before DevOps, companies followed the **traditional model**:

- Developers only wrote code
- Operations only deployed and maintained servers
- Work was slow
- Many errors during deployment
- No proper communication
- Software releases took months

This caused:

Delays

More failures

Higher cost Customer dissatisfaction

DevOps is needed to remove this gap between Development and Operations.

DevOps helps to:

- Automate work
- Improve collaboration
- Deliver software faster
- Reduce errors

3. How DevOps Works?

DevOps works through a **continuous cycle** called the **DevOps lifecycle**:

 **DevOps Lifecycle:**

Plan → Code → Build → Test → Release → Deploy → Operate → Monitor → Feedback

Explanation:

- Plan → decide features
- Code → developers write code
- Build → code is compiled
- Test → automated testing

- Release → prepare software
- Deploy → move to production
- Operate → run the application
- Monitor → check performance
- Feedback → improve product

This cycle keeps repeating automatically using tools like: **Git, Jenkins, Docker, Kubernetes, AWS, etc.**

4.DevOps Benefits :-

- 1.Faster Software Delivery: Automates build, test, and deployment pipeline, releases happen in minutes not instead of minutes or weeks
- 2.Improved Collaboration: breaks silos between dev and ops teams shared responsibility for product success
- 3.Highest Deployment frequently: small and frequent release reduce the risk and easier rollback if failures occur
- 4.Better product Quality: Continuous testing catches bugs early and automated monitoring ensures stability
- 5.Reduced failure rate: Infrastructure as code ensured consistent environment and eliminates manual configuration errors
- 6.Faster issue recovery: Monitoring and logging detect problems quickly and auto healing and rollback reduce downtime.
- 7.Cost efficiency: Cloud automation reduces manual labour
- 8.Scalability: applications scale automatically with app demand and supports modern cloud native architecture
- 9.Enhanced Security: Security integrated into CiCd Pipeline and early vulnerability detections
- 10.Customer satisfaction: Faster feature delivery and more stable and reliable applications.

5.DevOps Principles:-

- 1.Culture: Collaboration between dev & Ops, shared ownership
- 2.Automation: automate build, test, deploy and infra and monitoring
- 3.Lean: Deliver small changes frequently and remove waste – manual work, long approvals
- 4.Measurement: Track system & team performance
- 5.Sharing: Share Knowledge, tools and responsibility