## Programming Task - 4

print("Draw")

# The Minion Game in Python - Hacker Rank Solution END

```
# sWAP cASE in Python - HackerRank Solution
def swap_case(s):
    # sWAP cASE in Python - HackerRank Solution START
   Output = '';
    for char in s:
       if(char.isupper()==True):
           Output += (char.lower());
        elif(char.islower()==True):
           Output += (char.upper());
        else:
           Output += char;
    return Output;
    # sWAP cASE in Python - HackerRank Solution END
if __name__ == '__main__':
    s = input()
   result = swap_case(s)
   print(result)
     ramffg
     RAMFFG
# Complete the 'print_full_name' function below.
# The function is expected to return a STRING.
# The function accepts following parameters:
# 1. STRING first
# 2. STRING last
def print_full_name(a, b):
    # What's Your Name? in Python - HackerRank Solution START
    b = b+"!"
    print("Hello",a, b,"You just delved into python.");
if __name__ == '__main__':
   first_name = input()
   last name = input()
   print_full_name(first_name, last_name)
     ram
     Hello ram hf! You just delved into python.
def minion_game(string):
   # your code goes here
    # The Minion Game in Python - Hacker Rank Solution START
   player1 = 0;
    player2 = 0;
    str_len = len(string)
   for i in range(str_len):
        if s[i] in "AEIOU":
           player1 += (str_len)-i
        else :
           player2 += (str_len)-i
    if player1 > player2:
        print("Kevin", player1)
    elif player1 < player2:
        print("Stuart",player2)
    elif player1 == player2:
       print("Draw")
    else :
```

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if __name__ == '__main__':
   s = input()
   minion_game(s)
import textwrap
def wrap(string, max_width):
    # Text Wrap in Python - HackerRank Solution START
    return textwrap.fill(string,max_width)
    # Text Wrap in Python - HackerRank Solution END
if __name__ == '__main__':
   string, max_width = input(), int(input())
    result = wrap(string, max_width)
    print(result)
#Replace all _____ with rjust, ljust or center.
thickness = int(input()) #This must be an odd number
c = 'H'
#Top Cone
# replace ___
                _ To rjust | _____ To ljust
for i in range(thickness):
   print((c*i).rjust(thickness-1)+c+(c*i).ljust(thickness-1))
#Top Pillars
# replace ___
                To center |
                                   __ To center
for i in range(thickness+1):
   print((c*thickness).center(thickness*2)+(c*thickness).center(thickness*6))
#Middle Belt
# replace ____
                To center
for i in range((thickness+1)//2):
   print((c*thickness*5).center(thickness*6))
#Bottom Pillars
# replace _____ To center | ____ To center
for i in range(thickness+1):
   print((c*thickness).center(thickness*2)+(c*thickness).center(thickness*6))
#Bottom Cone
# replace ___
               _ To rjust | _____ To ljust | ____ To rjust
for i in range(thickness):
   print(((c*(thickness-i-1)).rjust(thickness)+c+(c*(thickness-i-1)).ljust(thickness)).rjust(thickness*6))
''' Text Allignment in Python - HackerRank Solution END '''
if __name__ == '__main__':
    S = input()
print(any(char.isalnum() for char in S))
print(any(char.isalpha() for char in S))
print(any(char.isdigit() for char in S))
print(any(char.islower() for char in S))
print(any(char.isupper() for char in S))
def split and join(line):
   a = line.split(" ")
    a = "-".join(a)
    return a
                 __main__':
if __name__ == '
   line = input()
    result = split_and_join(line)
    print(result)
# String Formatting in Python - HackerRank Solution
def print_formatted(number):
    # your code goes here
    \hbox{\# String Formatting in Python - HackerRank Solution START}
    11 = len(bin(number)[2:])
    for i in range(1, number + 1):
        print(str(i).rjust(l1, ' '), end=" ")
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print(oct(i)[2:].rjust(l1, ' '), end=" ")
        print(((hex(i)[2:]).upper()).rjust(l1, ' '), end=" ")
        print(bin(i)[2:].rjust(l1, ' '), end=" ")
        print("")
if __name__ == '__main__':
    n = int(input())
    print_formatted(n)
def mutate_string(string, position, character):
    # Mutations in Python - HackerRank Solution START
    1 = list(string)
    l[position] = character;
    string = ''.join(1);
    return string
    # Mutations in Python - HackerRank Solution END
if __name__ == '__main__':
    s = input()
    i, c = input().split()
    s_new = mutate_string(s, int(i), c)
    print(s_new)
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def merge_the_tools(string, k):
    # your code goes here
    for i in range(0,len(string), k):
        #slice string upto k characters
        line = string[i:i+k]
        seen = set()
        for i in line:
            #only print if we haven't already seen this character
            if i not in seen:
                print(i,end="")
                seen.add(i)
        #prints a new line
        print()
if __name__ == '__main__':
    string, k = input(), int(input())
    merge_the_tools(string, k)
\# Find a string in Python - HackerRank Solution
def count_substring(string, sub_string):
    # Find a string in Python - Hacker Rank Solution START
    count = 0
    for i in range(len(string)-len(sub_string)+1):
       if (string[i:i+len(sub_string)] == sub_string):
            count += 1
    return count
    # Find a string in Python - HackerRank Solution END
if __name__ == '__main__':
    string = input().strip()
    sub_string = input().strip()
    count = count_substring(string, sub_string)
    print(count)
# Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT
# Designer Door Mat in Python - HackerRank Solution START
N, M = map(int, input().split())
for i in range(1, N, 2):
    print(str('.|.' * i).center(M, '-'))
print('WELCOME'.center(M, '-'))
for i in range(N-2, -1, -2):
    print(str('.|.' * i).center(M, '-'))
# Designer Door Mat in Python - HackerRank Solution END
```

```
import math
import os
import random
import re
import sys
# Complete the solve function below.
def solve(s):
    for i in s.split():
       s = s.replace(i,i.capitalize())
if __name__ == '__main__':
    fptr = open(os.environ['OUTPUT_PATH'], 'w')
    s = input()
    result = solve(s)
    fptr.write(result + '\n')
    fptr.close()
def print_rangoli(size):
    # your code goes here
    width = size*4-3
    string = ''
    for i in range(1,size+1):
        for j in range(0,i):
             string += chr(96+size-j)
             if len(string) < width :</pre>
                string += '-'
        for k in range(i-1,0,-1):
            string += chr(97+size-k)
            if len(string) < width :
    string += '-'</pre>
        print(string.center(width,'-'))
        string = ''
    for i in range(size-1,0,-1):
        string = ''
        for j in range(0,i):
            string += chr(96+size-j)
            if len(string) < width :</pre>
                string += '-'
        for k in range(i-1,0,-1):
            string += chr(97+size-k)
            if len(string) < width :
    string += '-'</pre>
```

print(string.center(width,'-'))

if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_':
 n = int(input())
 print\_rangoli(n)

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