

# Mental Health Patient Management System — Full spec, workflows, tech stack & AI prompts

A compact, actionable specification to build your web app: registration/login, role-based dashboards (admin / doctor / patient), teleconsultation (WebRTC), face-based emotion analysis, wellness trackers, content recommendations, offline appointments, analytics and admin controls — plus ready-to-use AI prompts.

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## 1. Project goals (single-sentence)

Build a secure, multilingual mental-health patient management web app with doctor-patient telecommunication (chat/audio/video), daily wellness tracking, emotion analysis (face), content recommendations from doctors, and admin tools for resource & user management.

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## 2. High-level features (by role)

### Patient

- Signup (name, age, gender, preferred language, location, phone, password, optional email, profile photo)
- Login: email/phone + password + optional 2FA; optional face-recognition check for emotional state & extra security
- Dashboard (localized): profile photo, language toggle
- Daily wellness tracker: sleep hours, meditation minutes, mood rating, custom habits
- Stress & mood visualizations: daily, weekly, monthly
- Personal emotional-support chatbot (AI) for basic coping strategies and journaling
- Telecommunication: text chat, audio call, video call (WebRTC + signalling via sockets)
- Resource library: videos, audio, articles, books, music recommended by doctor
- Appointments: online (tele) & offline (in-person) booking and calendar; request calls to doctors
- To-do list: morning plan + night review (mark tasks done)

### Doctor

- Apply for account (request with identity proof, CV/experience, available timeslots, profile photo)
- Admin approval workflow
- Dashboard: patient list, monthly stress ranking, flagged/high-risk patients, tele-consultation queue, appointment calendar
- Patient history: wellness logs, emotion analysis logs, chat transcripts (with consent), prescriptions & recommendations
- Recommend resources to patient (request admin to upload or push directly from doctor toolbox)
- Mark patient as high-risk and trigger follow-up actions

## Admin

- Approve doctor registrations (verify identity proof)
  - Manage languages, add/remove doctors, manage resources (upload videos/audio/articles), moderate content
  - Analytics: user counts, engagement, resource usage, stress metrics
  - Compliance & audit logs
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## 3. Core workflows (step-by-step)

### A. Registration

1. Patient fills form + uploads photo → creates user but status `active` immediately (email optional verification).
2. Doctor fills application + uploads identity proof → status `pending` until admin approves. System emails doctor on status change.
3. Admin registers using secret password and email (special admin seed). Admin can create additional admin accounts.

### B. Login + Face-based emotion snapshot

1. User enters email/phone + password.
2. Server validates credentials (bcrypt + rate limit). If doctor, optional extra check for 2FA.
3. After successful login, client may prompt for a short webcam capture (1–3 sec) to run emotion recognition (consent required).
4. Emotion result saved as a timestamped record and shown on dashboard summary.

Note: Face recognition should prioritize privacy — store embeddings only if user consents and keep them encrypted. Provide opt-out.

### C. Book & start teleconsultation (patient → doctor)

1. Patient selects doctor & available timeslot (or requests immediate call).
2. System creates appointment record; if online, creates a WebRTC room and a signaling channel (Socket.io).
3. At call time, both join the room. If bandwidth constraints/large sessions, use an SFU (mediasoup/Janus) for relaying.
4. Post-consultation: doctor can add notes, risk flags, resource recommendations.

### D. Resource recommendation lifecycle

1. Doctor recommends resource(s) to patient (tagged to patient record).
  2. If resource not present, doctor sends request to admin to upload.
  3. Admin uploads & metadata stored; notifications sent to patient.
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## 4. Tech stack (recommended)

### Frontend

- Framework: **React** (Next.js if you want SSR/SEO) or plain React for SPA
- Styling: **Tailwind CSS** (easy, modern) — aligns with canvas guidelines
- State: **Redux Toolkit** or **React Query** for server state
- i18n: **react-i18next** for language switch and localization
- Real-time: **Socket.io-client** for signaling and instant chat
- WebRTC integration: adapter + simple wrappers; use **mediasoup-client** if SFU used
- Forms/Validation: **React Hook Form + Zod**

### Backend

- Language: **Node.js (TypeScript)** with **NestJS** or **Express**; or **Python** with **FastAPI**/Django
- Real-time server: **Socket.io** for signaling & live chat
- Media: Use an **SFU** (mediasoup or Janus) for scaling multi-party audio/video; or hosted option (Twilio, Daily.co) if you prefer managed service
- Emotion detection & face embeddings: Python microservice (Flask/FastAPI) using pretrained models (OpenCV + DeepFace / FaceNet / a lightweight expression-recognition CNN). Run as separate container.
- Background jobs: **Redis + BullMQ** or **Celery (Python)** for notifications, emails, heavy ML tasks

### Database & storage

- Primary DB: **PostgreSQL** for relational data (users, appointments, logs)
- NoSQL: **MongoDB** (optional) for chat transcripts / flexible documents
- Cache: **Redis** for sessions, rate limits, and queue backend
- Search & analytics: **Elasticsearch** or use PostgreSQL + materialized views for simpler analytics
- File/media storage: **S3-compatible** (AWS S3 / DigitalOcean Spaces) for videos/audio/images
- CDN: front-edge CDN for resource streaming (e.g., CloudFront)

### DevOps & infra

- Containerize with **Docker**; orchestrate with **Kubernetes** (optional)
- CI/CD: GitHub Actions / GitLab CI
- Monitoring: Prometheus + Grafana; Log aggregation: ELK or Loki
- SSL: Let's Encrypt / managed certs

### Security & compliance

- Hash passwords with **bcrypt/argon2**; use **JWT** for auth tokens with refresh tokens stored securely
- Rate-limiting, brute-force protection, and CAPTCHA for signups
- Encrypt sensitive data at rest (e.g., identity docs) and in transit (TLS)
- Role-based access control (RBAC)
- For medical data, consider regional regulations (e.g., HIPAA if US; India: follow local privacy laws). Add audit logging and data retention policies.

## 5. Data models (brief)

### users

- id, role ( patient | doctor | admin ), name, email, phone, password\_hash, preferred\_language, location, profile\_photo\_url, created\_at

### doctor\_applications

- id, user\_id, identity\_proof\_url, experience\_text, timeslots (JSON), status ( pending | approved | rejected ), admin\_id, reviewed\_at

### appointments

- id, patient\_id, doctor\_id, start\_time, end\_time, mode ( online | offline ), status, room\_id, notes

### wellness\_entries

- id, patient\_id, date, sleep\_hours, mood\_rating, meditation\_minutes, notes, attachments

### emotion\_logs

- id, user\_id, timestamp, emotion\_vector (encrypted), dominant\_emotion, confidence

### resources

- id, title, type ( video | audio | article | book ), url, uploaded\_by\_admin\_id, recommended\_by\_doctor\_id (nullable), tags

### analytics / usage

- event\_id, user\_id, event\_type, metadata, timestamp

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## 6. API surface (examples)

- POST /api/auth/register-patient — create patient
  - POST /api/auth/apply-doctor — create doctor request + upload proof
  - POST /api/auth/login — returns JWT + refresh token
  - POST /api/auth/face-capture — send face snapshot for emotion analysis
  - GET /api/patients/:id/wellness — wellness logs
  - POST /api/appointments — book appointment
  - POST /api/call/signal — socket signaling events handled via WebSocket
  - POST /api/resources — admin upload
  - POST /api/doctor/recommend — doctor recommends resource to patient
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## 7. AI / ML integration & Efficient prompts

Below are ready-to-use prompts you can feed to an LLM (or store as templates) for features: chatbot, triage, resource summary, and content generation. Adjust `{{...}}` placeholders at runtime.

### A. Patient emotional-support chatbot (short empathetic reply + coping tip)

#### Prompt template

```
You are a concise, empathetic mental health support assistant. The patient says:
"{{user_message}}". Their recent mood rating: {{mood_rating}} (1-10). Provide:
1) A one-sentence empathetic reflection.
2) One simple breathing or grounding exercise they can try now (2-3 steps).
3) A short reassurance sentence and a gentle suggestion to contact their doctor
if they feel at risk.
Keep language simple and aligned with the patient's preferred language:
{{language}}.
```

### B. Triage: is patient high risk? (for doctor review)

#### Prompt template

```
You are a clinical triage assistant. Patient details: age {{age}}, recent
messages: "{{last_messages}}", mood ratings (last 7 days): {{ratings_array}},
emotion detections: {{emotion_summary}}. Answer:
- Risk level: low / moderate / high (one word)
- Brief justification (1-2 lines)
- Suggested immediate action (e.g., call patient, schedule emergency consult,
send resources)
```

### C. Summarize long consultation (doctor -> concise notes)

#### Prompt template

```
Summarize the following consultation transcript into: 1) Problem summary (2
sentences), 2) Key observations, 3) Recommended next steps (4 bullets), 4) Any
safety concerns. Transcript:
""
{{transcript}}
""
```

## D. Recommend resources (based on patient history)

### Prompt template

Patient profile: age {{age}}, main concerns: {{concerns}}, recent stressors: {{stressors}}. Based on evidence-based self-help and psychoeducation, recommend up to 4 suitable resources (video/article/audio/book) with 1-line rationale each and estimated time to complete.

## E. Emotion detection service (internal ML prompt)

**Spec:** For every webcam capture (consented), run a lightweight face expression classifier to return: `{dominant_emotion, confidence, emotion_vector}`. Store only aggregated results unless user consents to saving images.

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## 8. Implementation roadmap (MVP → v1 → v2)

### MVP (4–8 weeks)

- Auth (patient + doctor application flow + admin approve)
- Patient dashboard: basic wellness tracker + to-do list
- Simple chat (text) + appointment booking (online/offline)
- Admin resource upload (manual)
- Basic emotion detection service (local; low-cost model) — optional opt-in

### v1 (2–3 months)

- Add WebRTC audio/video calls with signaling and SFU for scale
- AI chatbot & triage integrations
- Resource recommendations & doctor-to-admin upload requests
- Multilingual UI
- Analytics dashboard for admin

### v2 (3+ months)

- Improve ML model accuracy, privacy-preserving face embeddings, model on-device inference where possible
  - Full audit/compliance features, advanced reporting
  - Mobile apps (React Native) and offline sync
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## 9. Privacy & Ethics checklist

- Explicit consent flows for face capture & storage

- Option to opt-out of face/emotion features
  - Minimal data retention and secure deletion process
  - Human oversight for critical triage decisions — LLM should assist, not replace clinician judgment
  - Regular security audits
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## 10. Example dev tasks (first sprint)

1. Scaffold repos: `frontend/`, `backend/`, `ml-emotion/`, infra config
  2. Implement user table + patient registration + login + JWT
  3. Implement doctor application endpoint + admin approval UI
  4. Implement basic wellness entry endpoints and patient dashboard UI
  5. Setup Socket.io skeleton for chat & signaling
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## 11. Helpful libraries & tools list

- Frontend: React, Next.js, Tailwind, react-i18next, React Hook Form
  - Backend: NestJS or FastAPI, Socket.io, TypeORM/Prisma
  - ML: OpenCV, DeepFace, face-api.js (for light client inference), PyTorch/TensorFlow
  - Media: mediasoup, Janus, Jitsi (self-hosted), Daily/Twilio (managed)
  - Queue/Background: Redis + BullMQ / Celery
  - Storage & infra: AWS S3, CloudFront, Docker, Kubernetes
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## 12. Final notes & suggestions

- Start small: MVP without video + basic chat + wellness tracker. Add WebRTC when you have stable auth + networking.
  - Keep emotion analysis opt-in and transparent.
  - Use hosted WebRTC services (Daily/Twilio) if you want faster launch; switch to self-hosted SFU for cost control at scale.
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If you want, I can now: - generate the database schema SQL & Prisma models, - produce a React + Node project scaffold (file list + key code snippets), or - create UI wireframes & component list for each dashboard.

Tell me which of these you'd like me to generate next and I'll produce it right away.