

### Description

 A scalable, fully-managed, highly reliable, and cost-efficient object / blob store.

#### Good for

- Images, pictures, and videos
- Objects and blobs
- Unstructured data

#### Common Workloads

- Storing and streaming multimedia
- Storage for custom data analytics pipelines
- Archive, backup, and disaster recovery

- Integrate storage into your apps with a single unified API
- Optimize price/performance across four storage classes with Object Lifecycle Management
- Access data instantly from any storage class
- Designed for secure and durable storage
- Scalable to exabytes of data

- You can use buckets to organize your data and control access to your data
- Data is stored as Objects in Buckets
- Unlike directories and folders, you cannot nest buckets
- When you create a bucket, you specify the name, geographic location and a default storage class
- Bucket names that contain dots need be valid domain names
- The location can be a regional, dual-regional or a multi-regional one

STORAGE CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PRICE/G B
Multi-Regional	<ul> <li>Appropriate for storing data that is frequently accessed, such as serving website content, interactive workloads, or data supporting mobile and gaming applications.</li> </ul>	\$0.026
Regional	<ul> <li>Store data at a lower cost, with the trade-off of data being stored in a specific regional location, instead of having redundancy distributed over a large geographic area.</li> </ul>	\$0.020
Nearline	<ul> <li>A low-cost, highly durable storage service for storing infrequently accessed data</li> <li>30 day minimum and there is a cost for data access</li> </ul>	\$0.010
Coldline	<ul> <li>A very-low-cost, highly durable storage service for data archiving, online backup, and disaster recovery</li> <li>90-day minimum storage duration, costs for data access, and higher per-operation costs</li> </ul>	\$0.007

Four types - Multi-Regional Storage, Regional Storage, Nearline Storage, Coldline Storage

#### Bucket default storage class

- Each bucket has a default storage class specified when you create your bucket
- Objects that you add to the bucket use this default storage class
- You can change this, but only new Objects will be affected

#### Object storage class

- You can use the API to specify the storage class of individual objects when you add them to a bucket, or change their class later.
- The storage class that you can set for an object depends on the location where the bucket that holds the object exists.



## DEMO: CREATING STORAGE BUCKETS

- Open the Cloud Storage dashboard in the Google Cloud Platform Console
- Click Create bucket
- Specify a Name, subject to the bucket name requirements
- A Location where the bucket data will be stored.
- Select a Default storage class for the bucket.
- Click Create.

### DEMO: BUCKET INFORMATION

Open the Cloud Storage browser in the Google Cloud Platform Console.

**List Buckets** 

\$ gsutil Is

Determining a bucket's size

\$ gsutil du -s gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]

Displaying a bucket's location and default storage class

\$ gsutil ls -L -b gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]

Changing the Default Storage Class of a Bucket

\$ gsutil defstorageclass set [STORAGE\_CLASS] gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]

## DEMO: MOVING AND DELETING BUCKETS

#### Step 1) Create a new bucket

```
$ gsutil mb gs://[BUCKET_NAME]
$ gsutil mb -p [PROJECT_NAME] -c [STORAGE_CLASS] -l [BUCKET_LOCATION]
gs://[BUCKET_NAME]/
```

Step 2) Copy files from your old bucket to your new bucket

\$ gsutil cp -r gs://[SOURCE\_BUCKET]/\* gs://[DESTINATION\_BUCKET]

Step 3) Delete the files from your old bucket

\$ gsutil rm -r gs://[SOURCE\_BUCKET]
\$ gsutil rm -a gs://[SOURCE\_BUCKET]/\*\*



## DEMO: OBJECTS – UPLOAD/DOWNLOAD/LIST

#### **Uploading Objects**

\$ gsutil cp [LOCAL\_OBJECT\_LOCATION] gs://[DESTINATION\_BUCKET\_NAME]

Listing Objects

\$ gsutil ls -r gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/\*\*

Downloading Objects

\$ gsutil cp gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/[OBJECT\_NAME] [OBJECT\_DESTINATION]

**Deleting Objects** 

\$ gsutil rm gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/[OBJECT\_NAME]





## DEMO: OBJECTS – RENAME, COPY MOVE

#### Renaming an object

\$ gsutil mv gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/[OLD\_OBJECT\_NAME] gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/[NEW\_OBJECT\_NAME]

#### Copying an object

\$ gsutil cp gs://[SOURCE\_BUCKET\_NAME]/[SOURCE\_OBJECT\_NAME] gs://[DESTINATION\_BUCKET\_NAME]/[NAME\_OF\_COPY]

#### Moving an object

\$ gsutil mv gs://[SOURCE\_BUCKET\_NAME]/[SOURCE\_OBJECT\_NAME] gs://[DESTINATION\_BUCKET\_NAME]/[DESTINATION\_OBJECT\_NAME]

#### Changing Object Storage Classes

\$ gsutil rewrite -s [STORAGE\_CLASS] gs://[PATH\_TO\_OBJECT]





# DEMO: VIEW/EDIT OBJECT METADATA

- 1. Open the Cloud Storage browser in the Google Cloud Platform Console
- 2. In the list of buckets, click on the name of the bucket that contains the desired object, and navigate to the object
- 3. Click the more options button for the object
- 4. Click Edit metadata
- 5. View/Edit metadata as desired
- 6. Click Save

#### Viewing object metadata

\$ gsutil ls -L gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/[OBJECT\_NAME]

#### Editing object metadata

\$ gsutil setmeta -h "[METADATA\_KEY]:[METADATA\_VALUE]" gs://[BUCKET\_NAME]/[OBJECT\_NAME]

