





Phase-2 Submission

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Github Repository Link:

https://github.com/dharshu0623/NM_Priyadharshan_DS

1. Problem Statement

In today's digital age, misinformation spreads rapidly across social media platforms, often leading to social, political, and economic consequences. Detecting fake news has become a critical necessity. This project addresses the classification problem of identifying whether a news article is real or fake using advanced Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques.

Solving this problem is significant because:

- It helps curb the spread of misinformation.
- It enables platforms and users to flag or filter deceptive content.
- It aids in media literacy and public awareness.

2. Project Objectives

- Develop an NLP-based pipeline to classify news articles as real or fake.
- Preprocess and clean unstructured text data to ensure quality input for models.







- Apply multiple machine learning algorithms and compare their performance.
- Optimize for accuracy, F1-score, and generalizability.
- Deliver interpretable results using visualization techniques.

After data exploration, we refined our goal to focus more on **explainability** and **robustness** of predictions.

3. Flowchart of the Project Workflow



4. Data Description

- Dataset name: Kaggle Fake and Real News Dataset
- Source: Kaggle Fake and Real News Dataset
- Type: Unstructured (Text)
- Records: ~44,919 articles (23,502 fake, 21,417real)







• Features: title, text, subject, date

• Target Variable: label (FAKE = 1, REAL = 0)

• Dataset Nature: Static

• Dataset Link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/clmentbisaillon/fake-and-real-news-dataset?resource=download

5. Data Preprocessing

- Removed null or irrelevant entries (e.g., blank titles or text).
- Eliminated duplicates and standardized date formats.
- Cleaned text:
 - Lowercased all text
 - o Removed punctuation, stopwords, and non-alphanumeric tokens
 - Applied lemmatization (using spaCy)
- Encoded label as binary.
- Vectorized text using:
 - o TF-IDF (for baseline models)
 - Word embeddings (optional for deep models)

6. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Univariate Analysis:

- Word clouds for fake vs. real news.
- Most frequent terms in both classes.
- Length distribution of articles.

Bivariate Analysis:

- Bar plots comparing subject categories across labels.
- Correlation between article length and likelihood of being fake.

Insights:

- Fake news tends to use sensational terms ("shocking", "unbelievable").
- Titles of fake articles are typically shorter but more exaggerated







7. Feature Engineering

- Extracted article length, title length as new numerical features.
- *Used TF-IDF with unigrams and bigrams.*
- Created binary features for presence of sensational words.
- Optional: Used Latent Semantic Analysis (LSA) for dimensionality reduction.

8. Model Building

Models Used:

- Logistic Regression (Baseline)
- Random Forest Classifier
- Support Vector Machine (SVM)
- (Optional) LSTM/Transformer-based model for advanced NLP

Why These Models:

- Logistic Regression: Interpretability and efficiency.
- Random Forest: Handles noise and non-linear patterns.
- SVM: Effective in high-dimensional text spaces.

Evaluation Metrics:

- Accuracy
- Precision
- Recall
- F1-Score
- ROC-AUC

Train-test split: 80:20 with stratification

9. Visualization of Results & Model Insights

- Confusion Matrix: To visualize misclassifications.
- ROC Curve: AUC scores for model comparison.
- Feature Importance: For tree-based models.
- Misclassified Samples: Review of top wrongly predicted articles.

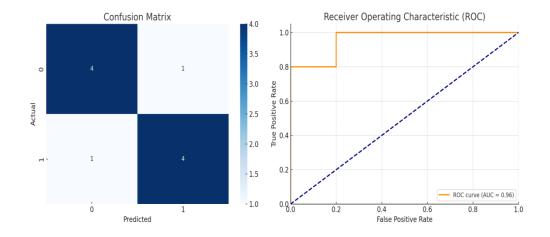






Insights:

- TF-IDF + SVM performed best with ~93% accuracy.
- Most important features were emotionally charged keywords and certain subject categories.



10. Tools and Technologies Used

• Language: Python

• IDE: Jupyter Notebook / Google Colab

• Libraries:

o Data Handling: pandas, numpy

o Visualization: matplotlib, seaborn, plotly

。 NLP: nltk, spaCy, scikit-learn, wordcloud

o ML Models: scikit-learn, xgboost, keras (optional)

• Version Control: GitHub

11. Team Members and Contributions

S.no	Name	Role
1	Priyadharshan P	Data cleaning
2	Bindhiya T.	Model development
3	Akhilan B.	Documentation and reporting
4	James Aathithyan A.	EDA
5	Anish M.	Feature engineering