

Introduction to Data Visualization

BAN140 - Section NBB /NCC

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Week 5

Week Topics



Previous Week

- Tableau different Join
- Type of Visuals

Current Week

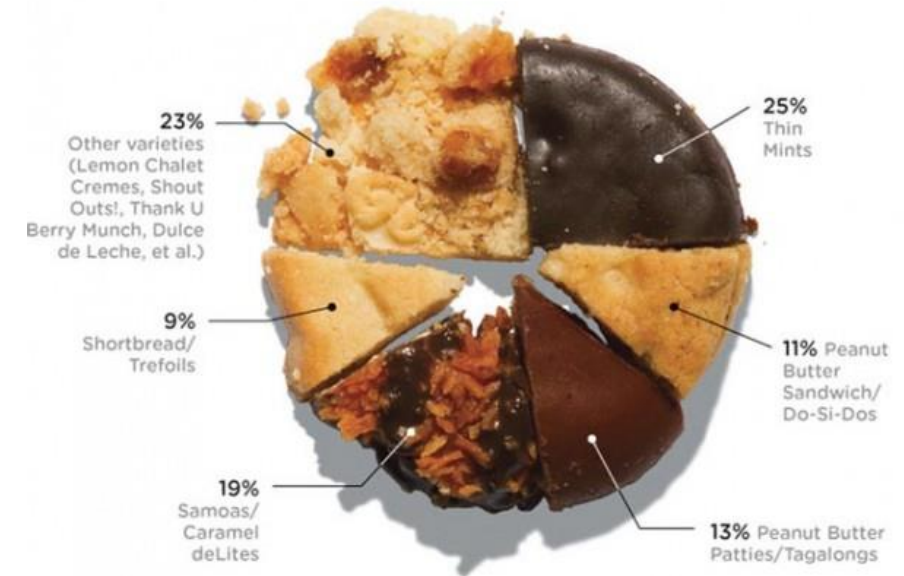
- Finding the Most Important Thing

Introduction

- Before creating a data visualization or **communication**, attention and time should be paid to understanding the **data context**.
- *Think about data visualization as a medium, rather than a tool.*
 - *What is exploratory analysis*
 - *What is explanatory analysis*

Exploratory Analysis

- **Exploratory** analysis: what you do to understand data **[Exploratory data analysis (EDA)]**
- get to know your data!
 - Trying different graphs
 - Looking for relationships between variables
 - Looking for something noteworthy or interesting



Explanatory analysis

- **Explanatory** analysis: what you do to explain information
 - Have a story to tell
 - *If you are the one analyzing and communicating the data, you likely know it best*
 - *How can you use data to help make your point?*
 - *What do you need your audience to know or do?*
 - Have an audience
 - *Create different communications for different audiences.*

Importance of Context

Chapter One: the importance of context From Storytelling with Data: A Data Visualization Guide for Business Professionals, Wiley, 2017

Available online through Seneca Libraries: https://senecacollege-primo.hosted.exlibrisgroup.com/permalink/f/t3376v/01SENC_ALMA5146374280003226

Who, what, and how

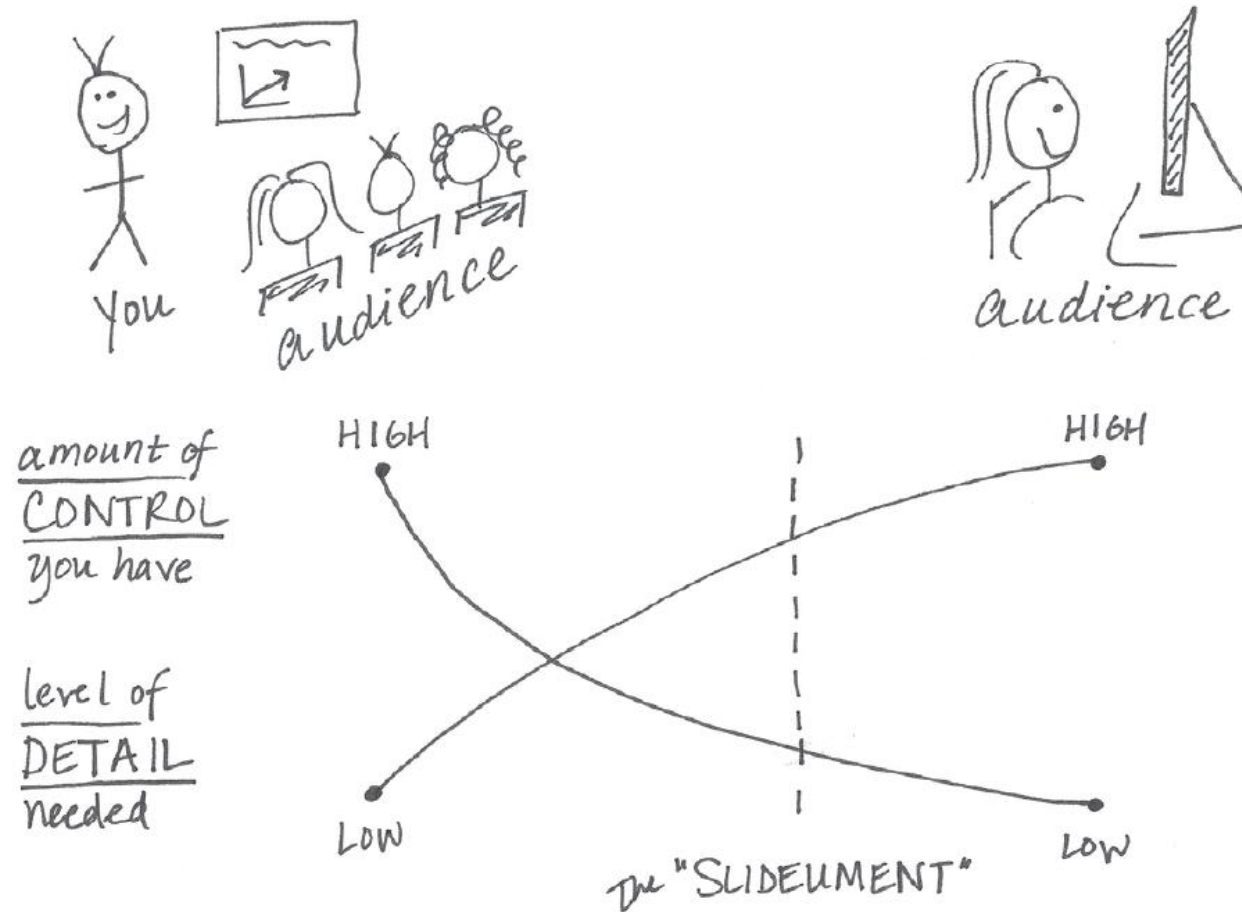
- **Who** are you communicating to?
 - Identify the decision maker
 - Establish your credibility

- **What** do you need your audience to know or do?
 - Why should they care?
 - Recommend an action, or suggest possible next steps
 - Use action words

- **How** will you communicate?
 - Is supporting data available?
 - Live presentation, written document, email or slideument

Communication Mechanism

LIVE PRESENTATION WRITTEN DOC OR EMAIL



Live presentation vs. Written document

- Live presentation
 - High level of control, Low level of details
 - Keep your slides sparse (not speaking notes!)
- Written document or email
 - Low level of control, High level of detail
- Slideument:
 - Slides and document
 - a compromise between the above

Supporting data

- Two components in your presentation/ document:
 - Your story
 - Supporting evidence for your story
 - Data!
- Visualize this data!
 - People understand pictures better than straight numbers!
- But don't ignore non-supporting data

Storyboarding

- *A visual outline* of the content you plan to create
- Start low tech; use whiteboard, post-it notes, or plain paper
- Big Idea at the end; or if appropriate, at the beginning

References and Resources

- [Knafllic] Cole Nussbaumer Knafllic, **Storytelling with Data: A Data Visualization Guide for Business Professionals**, Wiley, 2017
 - Available online through Seneca Libraries: https://senecacollege-primo.hosted.exlibrisgroup.com/permalink/f/t3376v/01SENC_ALMA5146374280003226
- [Ryan] Lindy Ryan, **Visual Data Storytelling with Tableau**, Pearson Addison-Wesley, 2018
 - Available online through Seneca Libraries: https://senecacollege-primo.hosted.exlibrisgroup.com/permalink/f/t3376v/01SENC_ALMA5167006190003226
- [Healy] Kieran Healy, **Data Visualization: A Practical Introduction**, Princeton University Press, 2018.
 - Available (hardcopy) at Seneca Libraries: https://senecacollege-primo.hosted.exlibrisgroup.com/permalink/f/t3376v/01SENC_ALMA2172469250003226
- **A Reader on Data Visualization:** https://mschermann.github.io/data_viz_reader/
- **Data visualization:** https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data_visualization
- **Section 5: Data concepts** <https://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/dli/guide/section5>