

$$f(x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 2, 5, 7)$$

KMap simplification,

$x \backslash yz$	00	01	11	10
0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	0

$$\text{Cells } (0, 2) = \bar{x}\bar{z}$$

$$\text{Cells } (5, 7) = xz$$

To obtain product of sum

$x \backslash yz$	00	01	11	10
0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

$$\text{Cells } (1, 3) = \bar{x}z$$

$$\text{Cells } (4, 6) = x\bar{z}$$

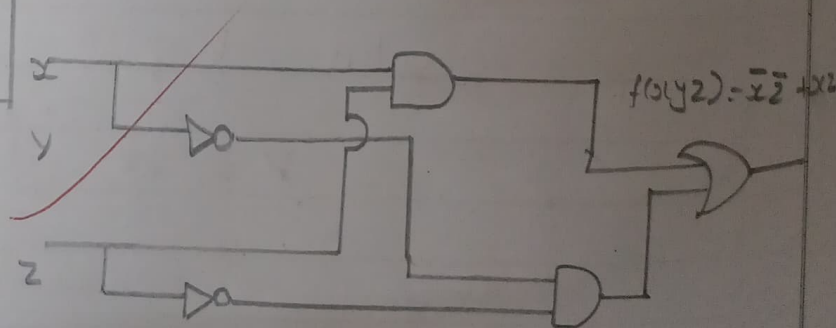
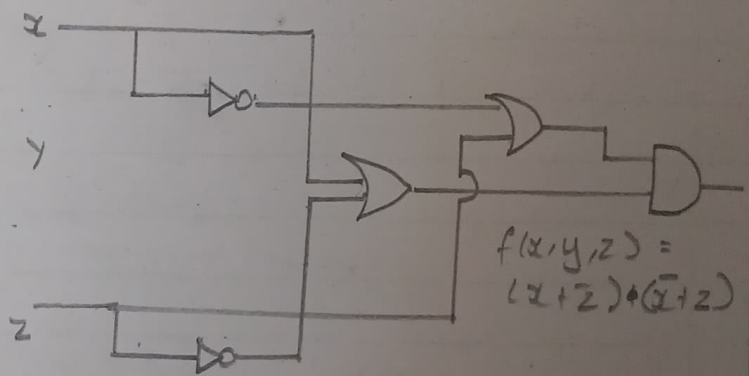
$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}z + x\bar{z}$$

$$f = \overline{\bar{f}} = \overline{(\bar{x}z + x\bar{z})}$$

$$= (x + \bar{z})(\bar{x} + z)$$

$$\text{Sum of Products} = \bar{x}\bar{z} + xz$$

x	y	z	f
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1



K-Map

* Aim :

To implement a KMAP and to obtain the sum of products and product of sums for a given expression.

clc;

clear;

disp("The given expression is :")

disp("f(x,y,z) = (0,2,5,7)")

x = input("value of x:")

y = input("value of y:")

z = input("value of z:")

sop = ((~x) && (~z)) + (x && z)

pos = (x + (~z)) && ((~x) + z)

disp("Result is :")

disp(sop)

disp(pos)

by
17/2/2023

Output :

Enter frequency = 50

Enter line voltage = 400

Enter resistance = 20

Enter inductance = 0.1

'Ampere'

$$3.3301614 - 5.2310053i$$

'The line current'

$$3.3301614 - 5.2310053i$$

'is equal to phase current'

$$3.3301614 - 5.2310053i$$

'watt'

$$2307.2035 + 7.3020 - 14i$$

'The Power in a star connection'

b/h

* Aim:

To verify star and delta voltage-current relationships with only scripting and to calculate power.

• Star connection:

$$V_L = \sqrt{3} V_{ph}$$

$$I_L = I_{ph}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} V_L I_L \cos \phi$$

$$Z = R + j\omega L \text{ (Inductive load)}$$

$$Z = R - j\omega L \text{ (Capacitive load)}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f L \text{ (Inductive reactance)}$$

$$\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi f C} \text{ (Capacitive reactance)}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$$

• Script code:

```
f = input("Enter frequency");
```

```
V_L = input("Enter voltage line");
```

```
R = input("Enter Resistance");
```

```
L = input("Enter Inductance");
```

```
omega = 2 * %pi * f * L;
```

```
Z_ph = R + ( %i * omega );
```

```
[z_t] = polar(Z_ph)
```

```
V_ph = V_L / sqrt(3);
```

```
I_ph = V_ph / Z_ph;
```

```
I_d = I_ph
```

$$P = \sqrt{3} * V_L * I_L * \cos(\phi)$$

disp ("Ampere ", I_L)

disp ("The line Current ", I_L "is equal to phase current ", I_{ph});

disp ("watt ", $\text{plot}(P)$, "The Power in a Star Connection");

* Mathematical Verification :

$$\omega = 2\pi f \times 0.1 = 31.41$$

$$Z = 20 + 31.4j$$

$$\phi = 37.22$$

$$\theta = 57.5^\circ$$

$$V_{ph} = \frac{400}{\sqrt{3}} = 230.94$$

$$I_{ph} = \frac{230.94}{37.22 \angle 57.5^\circ}$$

$$= 6.204 \angle -57.5^\circ$$

$$= 3.33 - 5.23j$$

$$I_L = 3.33 - 5.23j$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \times 400 \times \cos(57.5) \times (3.33 - 5.23j)$$

$$= 1239.59 - 1946.87j$$

$$= 2307 - 2035 + 7.802 \angle -14^\circ$$

Output :

Enter frequency : 50
Enter line voltage : 400
Enter resistance : 20
Enter inductance : 0.1

'Ampere'

$9.9904843 - 15.693016i$

'The line Current'

$9.9904843 - 15.693016i$

'is equal to root 3 times phase current'

$5.7680088 - 8.060367i$

'watt'

$6921.6105 + 1.97310 - 13i$

'The power in a Delta connection'

• Delta Connection :

$$V_L = V_{ph}$$

$$I_L = \sqrt{3} I_{ph}$$

• Code :

f = input ("Enter frequency ")

VL = input ("Enter line voltage ")

R = input ("Enter Resistance ")

L = input ("Enter inductance ")

$$\alpha = 2 * \% p? + f * L ;$$

$$Z_{ph} = R + (j * \alpha)$$

$$[x, y] = \text{polaz}(Z_{ph});$$

$$V_{ph} = V_L ;$$

$$I_{ph} = V_{ph} / Z_{ph}$$

$$I_L = \text{sqrt}(3) * V_L + I_L * \cos(\alpha) ;$$

disp ("Ampere", I_L)

disp ("The line current", "It is equal to root 3 times phase current", I_{ph}) ;

disp ("Watt", polaz(P), "The power in a Delta Connection") ;

* Mathematical verification :

$$\alpha = 2\pi \times 50 \times 0.1 = 31.41$$

$$Z_{ph} = 20 + 31.41j$$

$$[x, y] = 37.23, 57.51$$

$$V_{ph} = 400$$

$$I_{ph} = 400 / 37.23 \angle 57.51 = 10.744 \angle -57.51^\circ$$

$$I_L = 18.609 \angle -57.51^\circ$$

$$P = 6925.34 \angle -57.51$$