## Two Sample Power

## Question 1

You are conducting a study on employee performance in terms of a continuous productivity measure and type of office. Employees are randomly assigned cubicles vs. open office café seating. In the company, the current employee productivity rating is 100.5 with a sd = 10.

- 1. If the critical effect is 10, how many employees are needed to participate for a power of 0.2, 0.5, 0.7 and 0.8?
- 2. Redo this analysis with a Type I error of  $\alpha$ = 0.01
- 3. Plot a graph for both 1 and 2.
- 4. The company can only place 20 individuals in each setting. Is there enough power to determine a difference?

## Question 2

You are interested in looking at conversions for a website (for a small technical firm), and wish to compare the current design to a new design. After one week you have the following data:

|             | No Conversion | Conversion |
|-------------|---------------|------------|
| Old Website | 8             | 1          |
| New Website | 3             | 5          |

## Assuming the proportions from above

- 1. Using test=fisher, what is the current power?
- 2. Using test=pchi, what is the power?
- 3. Using test=lri, what is the power?
- 4. Why is there a discrepancy between the methods.

What are your thoughts with the stamen most people make: for small sample sizes Fisher's exact test is preferable?