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OVERVIEW

This dataset contains transaction data in a supermarket. You as a data scientist at the retail company are expected to be able to process the data that has been collected so that it becomes valuable insight. Please answer the question below and explore your creativity.



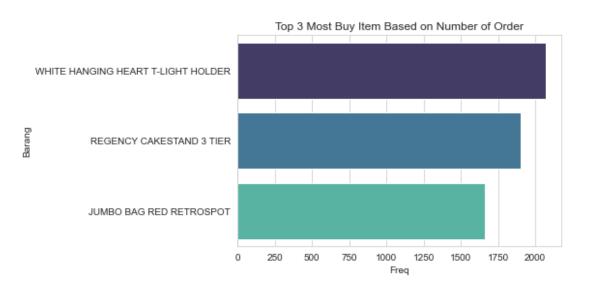
DATA PRE-PROCESSING



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PRODUCTS WITH BEST SALES

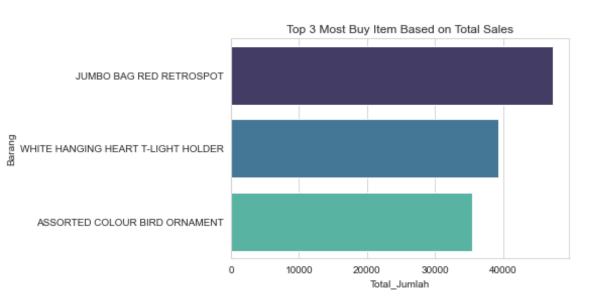
How about number of order?



White Hanging Heart T-Light Holder was the item with the most transactions or number of order, followed by Regency Cakestand 3 Tier, and Jumbo Bag Red Retrospot

PRODUCTS WITH BEST SALES

How about total sales?



Jumbo Bag Red Retrospot was the item with the higher total sales, followed by White Hanging Heart T-Light Holder, and Assorted Colour Bird Ornament.

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PRODUCTS WITH BAD SALES

Items with Low Number of Purchases Number_of_Purchases 25 50 100 125 150 175 200 0 Number_of_Transactions

Are there any items we should ignore?

There are items that we should ignore because the number of purchases for a year is very low. In fact, there are 192 items that occur 1 time in a year.





1. Focus on the Right Niches

A good place to start is by looking at your current client base. Supermarket need to focus on the right market niches, that was UK, German, France, EIRE, and Spain.

2.Find out what kind of goods are in demand

By knowing what types of goods the customer likes, it is expected to provide them.

SALES STRATEGY

3. Reduce Unwanted Products

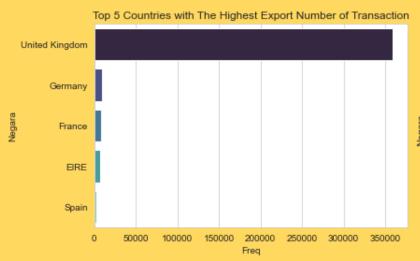
By doing reduce unwanted products, it is expected to reduce the costs incurred for the production process, and promotion.

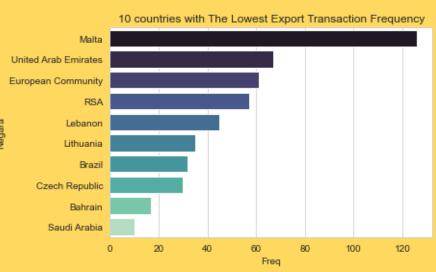
2. Pricing Strategies

Types of pricing strategies include discounts, promotions, membership special pricing and bundle pricing. It might attract new customers



SALES STRATEGY





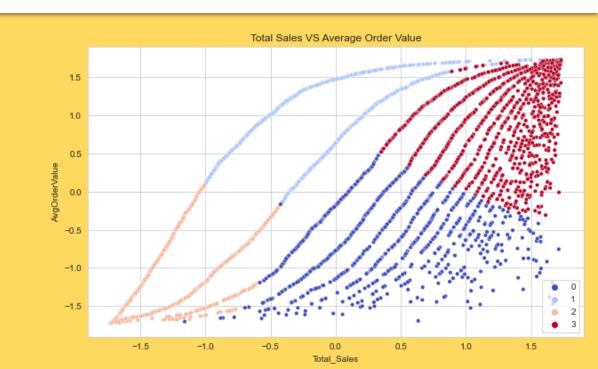


CUSTOMER SEGMENTATION





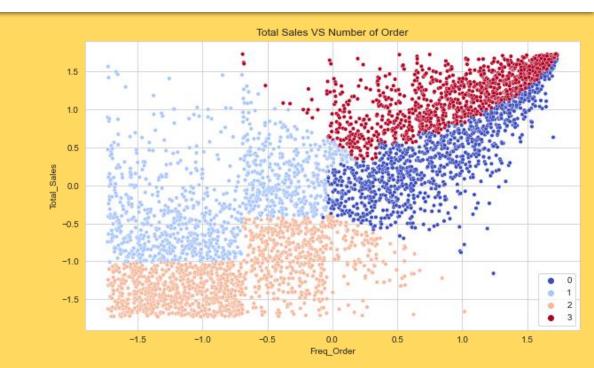
- The customers in cluster number
 2 have low total sales and low average order value, meaning they are low value customers.
- However, the customers in cluster number 3 have high total sales and high average order value, indicating they are the high value customers.





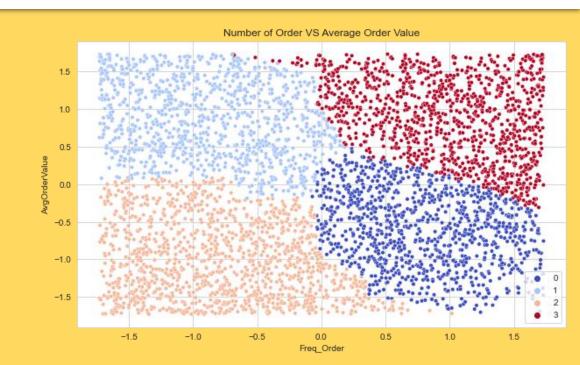


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CUSTOMERS BEHAVIOUR

 The figure shows number of order vs average order value. Once again, the customers in cluster number 2 are the low value customers, and customers in cluster number 3 are the high value customers.



CLUSTER

0 1 2 3

High number of order, but low spender

Low number of order, but high spender

Low number of order and low spender

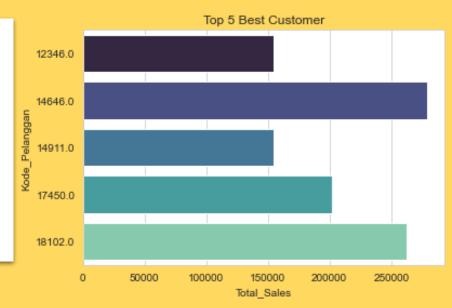
High number of order and high spender

Low value customer is the most common type of customer, which means the company must create a new strategy to increase revenue so as to generate a lot of high value customers.

Number of Customers Based On Customer Behaviour 1200 1000 200 0

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The best customer has spent more than 150000.



Thank You

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