# **Maximizing XOR**



#### **Problem Statement**

Given two integers, L and R, find the maximal values of A xor B, where A and B satisfy the following condition:

$$L \le A \le B \le R$$

## **Input Format**

The input contains two lines; L is present in the first line and R in the second line.

#### **Constraints**

$$1 \leq L \leq R \leq 10^3$$

## **Output Format**

The maximal value as mentioned in the problem statement.

## **Sample Input**

10 15

# **Sample Output**

7

# **Explanation**

The input tells us that L=10 and R=15. All the pairs which comply to above condition are the following:

 $10 \oplus 10 = 0$ 

 $10 \oplus 11 = 1$ 

 $10 \oplus 12 = 6$ 

 $10 \oplus 13 = 7$ 

 $10 \oplus 14 = 4$ 

 $10 \oplus 15 = 5$ 

 $11 \oplus 11 = 0$ 

 $11 \oplus 12 = 7$ 

 $11 \oplus 13 = 6$ 

 $11 \oplus 14 = 5$  $11 \oplus 15 = 4$ 

 $12 \oplus 12 = 0$ 

 $12 \oplus 13 = 1$ 

 $12 \oplus 14 = 2$ 

 $12 \oplus 15 = 3$ 

 $13 \oplus 13 = 0$ 

 $13 \oplus 14 = 3$ 

 $13 \oplus 15 = 2$ 

 $14 \oplus 14 = 0$ 

 $14 \oplus 15 = 1$ 

 $15 \oplus 15 = 0$ 

| Here two pairs $(10, 13)$ and $(11, 12)$ have maximum xor value 7, and this is the answer. |  |  |  |  |
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