

Program No:	09
Roll No :	1525
Title of Program :	Implementation of analytical queries Roll-up,CUBE
Objective :	Understand basic OLAP operations

Source code:

```
CREATE TABLE employee (
  emp_no NUMBER(10),
  dep_no NUMBER(10),
  emp_name VARCHAR(25),
  salary NUMBER(10),
  comm NUMBER(10),
  job VARCHAR(25)
);

insert into employee VALUES (101,10,'sanket',22000,1000,'assistent');
insert into employee VALUES (102,10,'josh',22000,1000,'assistent');
insert into employee VALUES (103,20,'hendry',22000,1000,'CLERK');
insert into employee VALUES (104,70,'sanket cha papa',22000,1000,'manager');
insert into employee VALUES (105,10,'abhay',22000,1000,'assistent');
insert into employee VALUES (106,50,'james',22000,1000,'CLERK');
insert into employee VALUES (107,10,'bond',22000,1000,'CLERK');
insert into employee VALUES (108,10,'hardik',22000,1000,'assistent');
insert into employee VALUES (109,70,'rohit',22000,1000,'manager');
insert into employee VALUES (110,90,'rishab',22000,1000,'CLERK');

select dep_no,job,count(*),sum(salary) from employee group by
rollup (dep_no,job);
```

OUTPUT:

```
SQL Plus
manager

  EMP_NO  DEP_NO EMP_NAME                SALARY  COMM
-----
JOB
-----
      110      90 rishab                22000    1000
CLERK

10 rows selected.

SQL> select dep_no,job,count(*),sum(salary) from employee group by
  2  rollup (dep_no,job);

  DEP_NO  JOB                COUNT(*)  SUM(SALARY)
-----
      10  CLERK                1         22000
      10  assistant              4         88000
      10                      5        110000
      20  CLERK                1         22000
      20                      1         22000
      50  CLERK                1         22000
      50                      1         22000
      70  manager              2         44000
      70                      2         44000
      90  CLERK                1         22000
      90                      1         22000

  DEP_NO  JOB                COUNT(*)  SUM(SALARY)
-----
                      10        220000

12 rows selected.

SQL> _
```

```
SQL> select dep_no,job,count(*),sum(salary) from employee group by
2 cube (dep_no,job);
```

DEP_NO	JOB	COUNT(*)	SUM(SALARY)
<hr/>			
		10	220000
	CLERK	4	88000
	manager	2	44000
	assistent	4	88000
10		5	110000
10	CLERK	1	22000
10	assistent	4	88000
20		1	22000
20	CLERK	1	22000
50		1	22000
50	CLERK	1	22000
<hr/>			
DEP_NO	JOB	COUNT(*)	SUM(SALARY)
70		2	44000
70	manager	2	44000
90		1	22000
90	CLERK	1	22000

15 rows selected.

```
SQL> _
```