

CS-349 Networks Lab

Assignment-3: Socket Programming

Submission deadline: 18th March 2015

In this assignment you need to implement an application using socket programming. Check the application assigned to each group in the table given below.

Application No.	Group Numbers
1	1,11,21,31, 10
2	2,12,22,32,20
3	3,13,23,33,30
4	4,14,24,34
5	5,15,25,35
6	6,16,26,36
7	7,17,27
8	8,18,28
9	9,19,29

NOTE: Assignments will be evaluated through Viva-voce on/after 18th march 2015.

Application #1: Error Detection using Cyclic Redundancy Code (Using CRC-8)

In this assignment, your aim will be to implement a simple Stop-and-Wait based data link layer level logical channel between two nodes **A** and **B** using socket API, where node **A** and node **B** are the client and the server for the socket interface respectively. Data link layer protocol should provide the following Error handling technique in Data Link Layer.

- Error Detection using Cyclic Redundancy Code (using CRC-8 as generator polynomial, i.e. $G(x) = x^8 + x^2 + x + 1$)

Operation to Implement:

- Client should construct the message to be transmitted ($T(x)$) from the raw message using CRC.
- At the sender side $T(x)$ is completely divisible by $G(x)$ (means no error), send ACK to the sender, otherwise (means error), send NACK to the sender.
- You must write error generating codes based on a user given BER or probability (random no between 0 and 1) to insert error into both $T(x)$ and ACK/NACK.
- If NACK is received by the sender, it should retransmit the $T(x)$ again following the above steps.
- In the client side also implement Timer Mechanism to detect the timeout (in case of error in ACK/ NACK) and retransmit the message $T(x)$ again once time out happens.

You also require implementing a "**Concurrent Server**", i.e., a server that accepts connections from multiple clients and serves all of them *concurrently*.

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

The connection to the server should be gracefully terminated. When the server is terminated by

pressing **control C**, the server should also gracefully release the open socket (Hint: requires use of a signal handler). *Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Application #2: Point-of-Sale Terminal using socket programming

Use socket programming to implement a simple client and server that communicate over the network and implement a simple application involving Cash Registers. The client implements a simple cash register that opens a session with the server and then supplies a sequence of codes (refer **request-response messages format**) for some products. The server returns the price of each one, and also keeps a running total of purchases for each clients transactions. When the client closes the session, the server returns the total cost. This is how the point-of-sale terminals should work.

You also require implementing a "**Concurrent Server**", i.e., a server that accepts connections from multiple clients and serves all of them *concurrently*.

Request-response messages format

Request_Type	UPC-Code	Number
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Where

- **Request_Type** is either 0 for *item* or 1 for *close*.
- **UPC-code** is a 3-digit unique product code; this field is meaningful only if the **Request_Type** is 0.
- **Number** is the number of items being purchased; this field is meaningful only if the **Request_Type** is 0.

For the **Close** command, the server returns a number, which is the total cost of all the transactions done by the client. For the **item** command, the server returns:

Response_Type	Response
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Where:

- <Response_type> is 0 for **OK** and 1 for **error**
- If **OK**, then <Response> is as follows:
 - if client command was "close", then <response> contains the total amount
 - if client command was "item", then <response> is of the form <price><name>
where
<price> is the price of the requested item
<name> is the name of the requested item
- If **error**, then <Response> is as follows: a null terminated string containing the error; the only possible errors are "**Protocol Error**" or "**UPC is not found in database**".

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

The connection to the server should be gracefully terminated. When the server is terminated by pressing **control C**, the server should also gracefully release the open socket (Hint: requires use of a signal handler). *Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Application #3: Client-Server programming using both TCP and UDP sockets

In this assignment, you require to implement two C programs, namely server and client to communicate with each other based on both TCP and UDP sockets. The aim is to implement a simple 2 stage communication protocol.

Initially, server will be waiting for a TCP connection from the client. Then, client will connect to the server using server's TCP port already known to the client. After successful connection, the

client sends a Request Message (Type 1 message) to the server via TCP port to request a UDP port from server for future communication. After receiving the Request Message, server obtains a UDP port number and sends this port number back to the client as a Response Message (Type 2 Message) over the TCP connection. After this negotiation phase, the TCP connection on both the server and client should be closed gracefully releasing the socket resource.

In the second phase, the client transmits a short Data Message (Type 3 message) over the negotiated UDP port. The server will display the received Data Message and sends a Data Response (type 4 message) to indicate the successful reception. After this data transfer phase, both sides close their UDP sockets.

The messages used to communicate contain the following fields:

Message_Type	Message_Length	Message
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1. Message_type : integer
2. Message_length : integer
3. Message : Character [MSG_LEN], where MSG_LEN is an integer constant

<Data Message> in **Client** will be the content of the message in **Type 3** as explained above.

You also require implementing a "**Concurrent Server**", i.e., a server that accepts connections from multiple clients and serves all of them *concurrently*.

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

*Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Application #4: File Transfer Protocol (FTP) using Client-Server socket programming

In this assignment, you require to implement two C programs, namely server and client to communicate with each other based on TCP sockets. The aim is to implement a simple File Transfer Protocol (FTP). Initially, server will be waiting for a TCP connection from the client. Then, client will connect to the server using server's TCP port already known to the client. After successful connection, the client should be able to perform the following functionalities:

- **PUT:** Client should transfer the file specified by the user to the server. On receiving the file, server stores the file in its disk. If the file is already exists in the server disk, it communicates with the client to inform it. The client should ask the user whether to overwrite the file or not and based on the user choice the server should perform the needful action.
- **GET:** Client should fetch the file specified by the user from the server. On receiving the file, client stores the file in its disk. If the file is already exists in the client disk, it should ask the user whether to overwrite the file or not and based on the user choice require to perform the needful action.
- **MPUT and MGET:** MPUT and MGET are quite similar to PUT and GET respectively except they are used to fetch all the files with a particular extension (e.g. .c, .txt etc.). To perform these functions both the client and server require to maintain the list of files they have in their disk. Also implement the file overwriting case for these two commands as well.

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

*Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Application #5: Base64 encoding system using Client-Server socket programming

In this assignment, you require to implement two C programs, namely server and client to communicate with each other based on TCP sockets. The aim is to implement simple Base64 encoding communication protocol.

Initially, server will be waiting for a TCP connection from the client. Then, client will connect to the server using server's TCP port already known to the client. After successful connection, the client accepts the text input from the user and encodes the input using Base64 encoding system. Once encoded message is computed the client sends the Message (Type 1 message) to the server via TCP port. After receiving the Message, server should print the received and original message by decoding the received message, and sends an ACK to the client. The client and server should remain in a loop to communicate any number of messages. Once the client wants to close the communication, it should send a Message (Type 2 Message) to the server and the TCP connection on both the server and client should be closed gracefully by releasing the socket resource.

The messages used to communicate contain the following fields:

Message_ Type	Message
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1. Message_type : integer
2. Message : Character [MSG_LEN], where MSG_LEN is an integer constant
3. < Message> content of the message in **Type 2** can be anything.

You also require implementing a "**Concurrent Server**", i.e., a server that accepts connections from multiple clients and serves all of them *concurrently*.

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

*Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Base64 Encoding System Description:

Base64 encoding is used for sending a binary message over the net. In this scheme, groups of 24bit are broken into four 6 bit groups and each group is encoded with an ASCII character. For binary values 0 to 25 ASCII character 'A' to 'Z' are used followed by lower case letters and the digits for binary values 26 to 51 & 52 to 61 respectively. Character '+' and '/' are used for binary value 62 & 63 respectively. In case the last group contains only 8 & 16 bits, then "==" & "=" sequence are appended to the end.

Application #6: Client Server Trading System using socket programming

A Client-Server Based Trading System is to be designed with the following specifications. There will be a set of traders who will trade with each other in the automated system. There will be a Server which will register requests from traders for buying and selling quantities of Items. The Server will also match the buy with the sell requests from different traders based on certain price rules (as listed below). Traders will log on to the trading system through the trading client (assume Trader ID and password is stored in a file). They will have the option to view the currently available items (for buy/sell), their quantities and their prices. They will also send requests for buying and selling items and specify the quantity and price. Traders will also have the option to

view their matched trades at any time. There are ten known items which the traders can trade in with their codes from 1 to 10. There will be a maximum of 5 traders (with codes from 1 to 5) who can log on to the system and work. One trader can work from one client at a time only.

The functionalities of any client will be:

- **Login to the System:** The trader will execute the client, give the trader number and will be logged in. After that he/she will have the following options in a menu. Several clients will login (from different terminals) and assumed they don't trade simultaneously to reduce the complexity.
- **Send Buy Request:** The trader will send a buy request by stating the item code, the quantity and unit price.
- **Send Sell request:** The trader will send a sell request by stating the item code, the quantity and unit price.
- **View Order Status:** The Trader can view the position of buy and sell orders in the system. This will display the current best sell (least price) and the best buy (max price) for each item and their quantities.
- **View Trade Status:** The trader can view his/her matched trades. This will provide the trader with the details of what orders were matched, their quantities, prices and counterparty code.

There will be only one server which will be running and perform the functions of order processing and trade matching in addition to acknowledging logins by clients and servicing their requests. The order processing will be as follows. There will be a buy and a sell order queue for each item. On receiving buy/sell order request from a trader, the server will put it in the appropriate order queue. If there is a possibility of a trade match, then that trade match will take place, the traded items will be appropriately updated and the result of the trade along with the details of the counterparties, item, quantity and price will be stored in the traded set. The matching rule is as follows:

1. On a buy Request at price P and quantity Q of an item I , the server will check if there is any pending sell order for the same item at price $P' \leq P$.
2. Among all such pending sell orders, the match will be made with the one having the least selling price.
3. If both have same quantity, i.e., $Q' = Q$, then both these orders will be removed from their respective queues and the result will be put into the traded set.
4. If $Q' > Q$ then the buy request will be fully traded and the remaining part, i.e., $Q' - Q$ of the sell order will remain in the sell queue at the same price P' .
5. On the other hand, if $Q' < Q$ then the sell order will be fully traded and the remaining buy order will be tested for more matches.
6. If the buy order cannot be matched, it will be put into the buy queue.
7. A similar rule will apply for a sell request and all these requests will be handled in a FCFS basis.

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). *Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required. Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

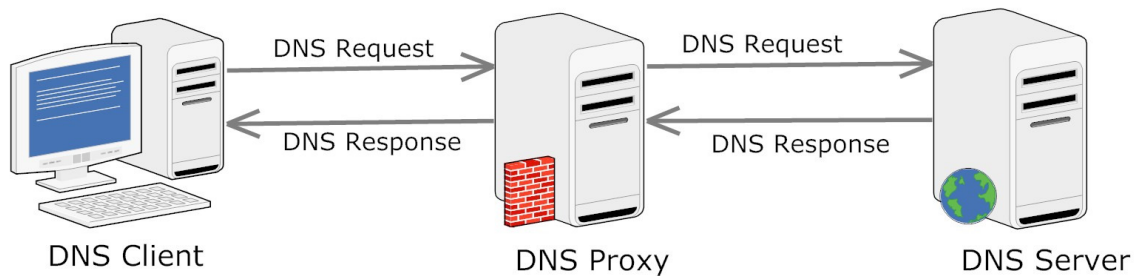
Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

Application #7: Multi-stage DNS Resolving System using Client-Server socket programming

In this assignment, you require implementing three C programs, namely Client, Proxy Server

(which will act both as client and server) and DNS Server and they communicate with each other based on TCP sockets. The aim is to implement a simple 2 stage DNS Resolver System.



Initially, the client will connect to the proxy server using the server's TCP port already known to the client. After successful connection, the client sends a Request Message (Type 1/Type 2) to the proxy server. The proxy server has a limited cache (assume a cache with three IP to Domain_Name mapping entries only). After receiving the Request Message, proxy server based on the Request Type (Type 1/Type 2) searches its cache for corresponding match. If match is successful, it will send the response to the client using a Response Message. Otherwise, the proxy server will connect to the DNS Server using a TCP port already known to the Proxy server and send a Request Message (same as the client). The DNS server has file with it containing set of Domain_name to IP_Address mappings. Once the DNS Server receives the Request Message from proxy server it searches its file for possible match and sends a Response Message (Type 3/ Type 4) to the proxy server. On receiving the Response Message from DNS Server, the proxy server forwards the response back to the client. If the Response Message type is 3, then the proxy server must update its cache with the fresh information using FIFO scheme. After each negotiation phase, the TCP connection on both sides should be closed gracefully releasing the socket resource.

Request Message Format:

Request_Type	Message
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- Type 1: Message field contains Domain Name and requests for corresponding IP address.
- Type 2: Message field contains IP address and request for the corresponding Domain Name.

Response Message Format:

Response_Type	Message
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- Type 3: Message field contains Domain Name/IP address.
- Type 4: Message field contains error message "entry not found in the database".

You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

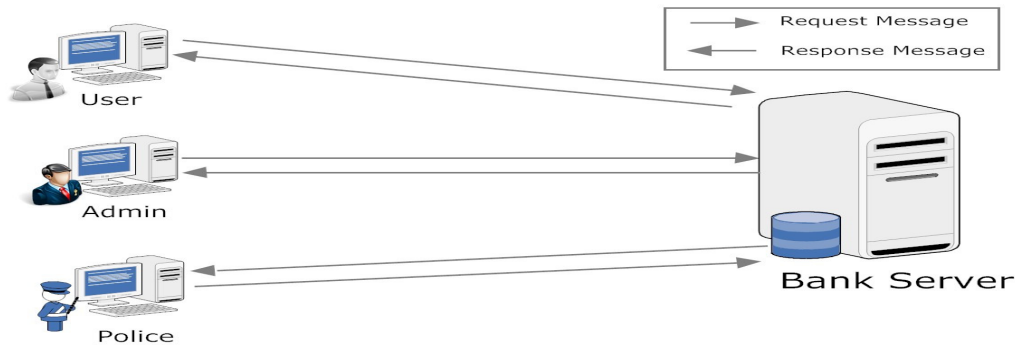
Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

*Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Application #8: Banking System using Client-Server socket programming

In this assignment, you require implementing two C programs, namely Client, and Bank Server and they communicate with each other based on TCP sockets. The aim is to implement a simple Banking System.



Initially, the client will connect to the bank server using the server's TCP port already known to the client. After successful connection, the client sends a Login Message (containing the Username and password) to the bank server. The client side we can have three different types of users namely, User, Admin and Police. The bank server has the following files with him: Login_file (contains the login entries, assume static entries only), User_Account_files (Assume the bank has 10 users only and one file for each user which maintains the transaction history. Refer Login_file and User_Account_files formats). Once the Bank server receives the login request, it validates the information and performs the functionalities according to the user type. The system must provide the following functionalities to the following users:

- **User:** The user should be able to see AVAILABLE BALANCE in his/her account and MINI STATEMENT of his/her account.
- **Admin:** The admin should be able to CREDIT/DEBIT the certain amount of money from any USER ACCOUNT (input will be provided by the user). The admin must update the respective "User_Account_file" by appending the new information. Handle the user account balance underflow cases carefully.
- **Police:** The police should be able to see the available balances of all the users.

Login_file entry format:

User_ID	Password	User_Type (U/A/P)
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User_Account_files entry format:

Transaction _Date	Transaction_Type (Credit/Debit)	Account_Balance
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Implement the functionalities using proper REQUEST and RESPONSE Message formats. After each negotiation phase, the TCP connection on both sides should be closed gracefully releasing the socket resource. You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

*Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.

Application #9: Banking System using Client-Server socket programming

In this assignment, you require implementing three C programs, namely Peer_Client, and Relay_Server and Peer_Nodes, and they communicate with each other based on TCP sockets. The aim is to implement a simple Peer-to-Peer System.

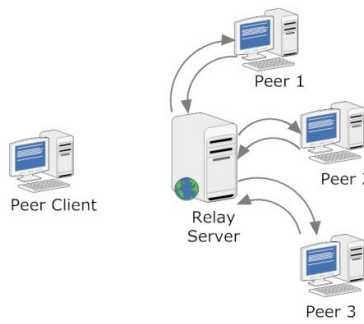


Figure 1

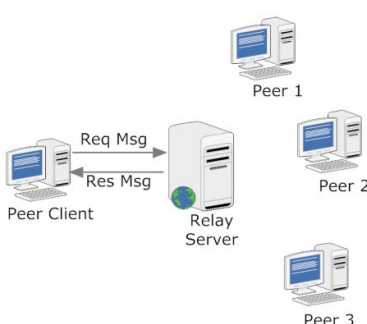


Figure 2

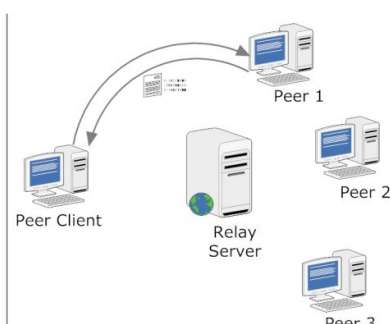


Figure 3

Initially, the Peer_Nodes will connect to the Relay_Server using the TCP port already known to them. After successful connection, all the Peer_Nodes provide their information (IP address and PORT) to the Relay_Server and close the connections (as shown in Figure 1). The Relay_Server actively maintains all the received information with it. Now the Peer_Nodes will act as servers and wait to accept connection from Peer_Clients (refer phase three).

In second phase, the Peer_Client will connect to the Relay_Server using the server's TCP port already known to it. After successful connection, it will request the Relay_Server for active Peer_Nodes information (as shown in Figure 2). The Relay_Server will response to the Peer_Client with the active Peer_Nodes information currently having with it. On receiving the response message from the Relay_Server, the Peer_Client closes the connection gracefully.

In third phase, a set of files (say .txt) are distributed evenly among the three Peer_Nodes. The Peer_Client will take "file_Name" as an input from the user. Then it connects to the Peer_Nodes one at a time using the response information. After successful connection, the Peer_Client it tries to fetches the file from the Peer_Node. If the file is present with the Peer_Node, it will provide the file content to the Peer_Client and the Peer_Client will print the file content in its terminal. If not, Peer_Client will connect the next Peer_Node and performs the above action. This will continue till the Peer_Client gets the file content or all the entries in the Relay_Server Response are exhausted (Assume only three Peer_Nodes in the system).

Implement the functionalities using proper REQUEST and RESPONSE Message formats. After each negotiation phase, the TCP connection on both sides should be closed gracefully releasing the socket resource. You should accept the IP Address and Port number from the command line (Don't use a hard-coded port number). Prototype for command line is as follows:

Prototypes for Client and Server

Client :<executable code><Server IP Address><Server Port number>

Server :<executable code><Server Port number>

*Please make necessary and valid assumptions whenever required.