

## Creating a Sample Database Structure(Exercise-1)

```
1)CREATE TABLE customers (  
  customer_id    NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
  name           VARCHAR2(100),  
  age            NUMBER,  
  balance        NUMBER(10,2),  
  loan_interest_rate NUMBER(5,2),  
  IsVIP          VARCHAR2(5) DEFAULT 'FALSE'  
);  
  
2)CREATE TABLE loans (  
  loan_id        VARCHAR2(10) PRIMARY KEY,  
  customer_id    NUMBER REFERENCES customers(customer_id),  
  due_date       DATE  
);  
  
3)INSERT INTO customers VALUES (101, 'Sadhvik', 45, 8000.00, 10.0, 'FALSE');  
INSERT INTO customers VALUES (102, 'Nani', 62, 15000.00, 12.5, 'FALSE');  
INSERT INTO customers VALUES (103, 'rishi', 70, 20000.00, 11.0, 'FALSE');  
INSERT INTO customers VALUES (104, 'rakshit', 59, 9000.00, 13.0, 'FALSE');  
  
4)INSERT INTO loans VALUES ('L01', 101, SYSDATE + 30);  
INSERT INTO loans VALUES ('L02', 102, SYSDATE + 10);  
INSERT INTO loans VALUES ('L03', 103, SYSDATE + 45);  
INSERT INTO loans VALUES ('L04', 104, SYSDATE + 5);  
  
5)COMMIT;
```

## Exercise 1: Control Structures

### Scenario 1: Discount for Senior Citizens

```
DECLARE  
  CURSOR cust_cursor IS  
    SELECT customer_id, age, loan_interest_rate  
    FROM customers  
    WHERE age > 60;
```

```
BEGIN
  FOR cust_rec IN cust_cursor LOOP
    UPDATE customers
      SET loan_interest_rate = loan_interest_rate - 1
      WHERE customer_id = cust_rec.customer_id;
  END LOOP;

  COMMIT;
END;
```

## **Scenario 2: Promote Customers to VIP Based on Balance**

```
DECLARE
  CURSOR vip_cursor IS
    SELECT customer_id, balance
    FROM customers
    WHERE balance > 10000;

BEGIN
  FOR vip_rec IN vip_cursor LOOP
    UPDATE customers
      SET IsVIP = 'TRUE'
      WHERE customer_id = vip_rec.customer_id;
  END LOOP;

  COMMIT;
END;
```

## **Scenario 3: Loan Due Reminders**

```
DECLARE
  CURSOR due_loan_cursor IS
    SELECT loan_id, customer_id, due_date
    FROM loans
    WHERE due_date <= SYSDATE + 30;
```

```

BEGIN
  FOR loan_rec IN due_loan_cursor LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Reminder: Loan ID ' || loan_rec.loan_id ||
      ' for Customer ID ' || loan_rec.customer_id ||
      ' is due on ' || TO_CHAR(loan_rec.due_date, 'DD-MON-YYYY'));
  END LOOP;
END;

```

### Creating Sample Tables(Exercise-3)

```

1)CREATE TABLE accounts (
  account_id  NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  customer_id NUMBER,
  balance     NUMBER(10, 2),
  account_type VARCHAR2(20)
);

```

```

2)CREATE TABLE employees (
  employee_id  NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  name         VARCHAR2(100),
  department_id NUMBER,
  salary       NUMBER(10, 2)
);

```

### Exercise 3: Stored Procedures

#### Scenario 1: Process Monthly Interest for Savings Accounts

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ProcessMonthlyInterest IS
BEGIN
  UPDATE accounts
  SET balance = balance + (balance * 0.01)
  WHERE account_type = 'savings';

  COMMIT;
END;

```

#### Output:

All savings accounts have their balances increased by **1%**.

## Scenario 2: Update Bonus for Employees in a Department

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UpdateEmployeeBonus (  
    p_dept_id    IN NUMBER,  
    p_bonus_pct  IN NUMBER  
) IS  
BEGIN  
    UPDATE employees  
    SET salary = salary + (salary * p_bonus_pct / 100)  
    WHERE department_id = p_dept_id;  
  
    COMMIT;  
END;
```

## Scenario 3: Transfer Funds Between Accounts

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE TransferFunds (  
    p_from_account_id IN NUMBER,  
    p_to_account_id   IN NUMBER,  
    p_amount          IN NUMBER  
) IS  
    v_from_balance NUMBER;  
BEGIN  
  
    SELECT balance INTO v_from_balance  
    FROM accounts  
    WHERE account_id = p_from_account_id  
    FOR UPDATE;  
  
    IF v_from_balance < p_amount THEN  
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient balance in source account');  
    END IF;  
  
    UPDATE accounts  
    SET balance = balance - p_amount  
    WHERE account_id = p_from_account_id;  
  
    UPDATE accounts  
    SET balance = balance + p_amount  
    WHERE account_id = p_to_account_id;  
  
    COMMIT;  
END;
```

