In [1]: import numpy as np
 import pandas as pd
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 import seaborn as sns

In [2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Admin\Downloads\18_world-data-2023 - 18_world-data-20
df

Out[2]:

	Country	Density\n(P/Km2)	Abbreviation	Agricultural Land(%)	Land Area(Km2)	Armed Forces size	Birth Rate	Calling Code
0	Afghanistan	60	AF	58.10%	652,230	323,000	32.49	93.0
1	Albania	105	AL	43.10%	28,748	9,000	11.78	355.0
2	Algeria	18	DZ	17.40%	2,381,741	317,000	24.28	213.0
3	Andorra	164	AD	40.00%	468	NaN	7.20	376.0
4	Angola	26	AO	47.50%	1,246,700	117,000	40.73	244.0
			•••					
190	Venezuela	32	VE	24.50%	912,050	343,000	17.88	58.0
191	Vietnam	314	VN	39.30%	331,210	522,000	16.75	84.0
192	Yemen	56	YE	44.60%	527,968	40,000	30.45	967.0
193	Zambia	25	ZM	32.10%	752,618	16,000	36.19	260.0
194	Zimbabwe	38	ZW	41.90%	390,757	51,000	30.68	263.0

195 rows × 35 columns

```
In [3]: df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 195 entries, 0 to 194 Data columns (total 35 columns): Column # Non-Null Count Dtype _ _ _ -----_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ 0 object Country 195 non-null 1 Density (P/Km2)195 non-null object Abbreviation 188 non-null object 3 Agricultural Land(%) 188 non-null object 4 Land Area(Km2) 194 non-null object 5 Armed Forces size 171 non-null object 6 Birth Rate float64 189 non-null 7 Calling Code 194 non-null float64 8 Capital/Major City 192 non-null object 9 Co2-Emissions object 188 non-null 10 CPI 178 non-null object 11 CPI Change (%) 179 non-null object 12 Currency-Code object 180 non-null 13 Fertility Rate 188 non-null float64 14 Forested Area (%) object 188 non-null 15 Gasoline Price 175 non-null object 16 GDP 193 non-null object 17 Gross primary education enrollment (%) 188 non-null object 18 Gross tertiary education enrollment (%) object 183 non-null 19 Infant mortality 189 non-null float64 20 Largest city 189 non-null object 21 Life expectancy float64 187 non-null 22 Maternal mortality ratio 181 non-null float64 23 Minimum wage object 150 non-null 24 Official language 194 non-null object 25 Out of pocket health expenditure 188 non-null object Physicians per thousand float64 188 non-null 27 Population 194 non-null object 28 Population: Labor force participation (%) object 176 non-null 29 Tax revenue (%) 169 non-null object 30 Total tax rate 183 non-null object 31 Unemployment rate 176 non-null object 32 Urban_population 190 non-null object float64 33 Latitude 194 non-null float64 34 Longitude 194 non-null dtypes: float64(9), object(26) memory usage: 53.4+ KB

```
In [4]: df.describe()
```

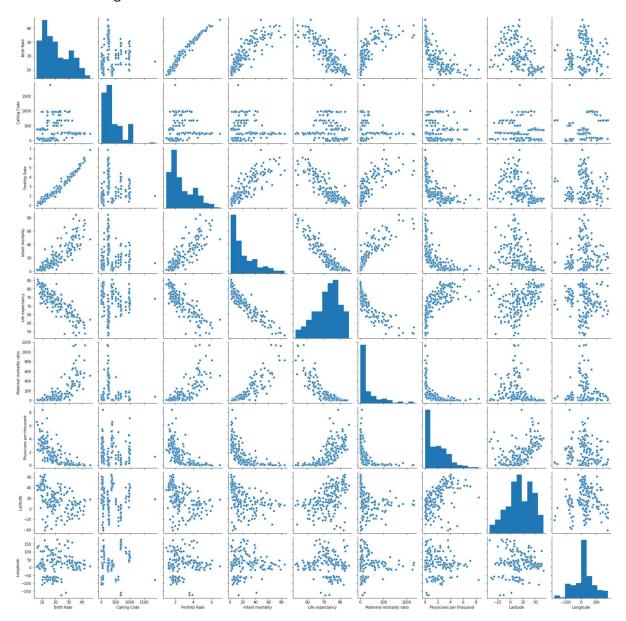
Out[4]:

	Birth Rate	Calling Code	Fertility Rate	Infant mortality	Life expectancy	Maternal mortality ratio	Physicians per thousand	
count	189.000000	194.000000	188.000000	189.000000	187.000000	181.000000	188.000000	19
mean	20.214974	360.546392	2.698138	21.332804	72.279679	160.392265	1.839840	1
std	9.945774	323.236419	1.282267	19.548058	7.483661	233.502024	1.684261	2
min	5.900000	1.000000	0.980000	1.400000	52.800000	2.000000	0.010000	-4
25%	11.300000	82.500000	1.705000	6.000000	67.000000	13.000000	0.332500	
50%	17.950000	255.500000	2.245000	14.000000	73.200000	53.000000	1.460000	1
75%	28.750000	506.750000	3.597500	32.700000	77.500000	186.000000	2.935000	4
max	46.080000	1876.000000	6.910000	84.500000	85.400000	1150.000000	8.420000	6

```
In [5]: df.columns
```

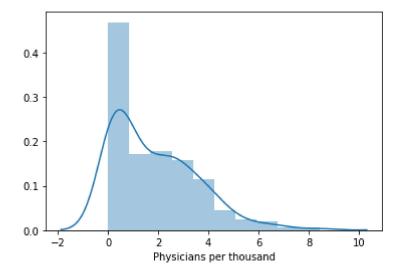
In [6]: sns.pairplot(df)

Out[6]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x216470c3df0>



In [7]: sns.distplot(df['Physicians per thousand'])

Out[7]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2164a4a93d0>



In [8]: df1=df[['Birth Rate','Calling Code','Fertility Rate','Infant mortality','Life @
df1

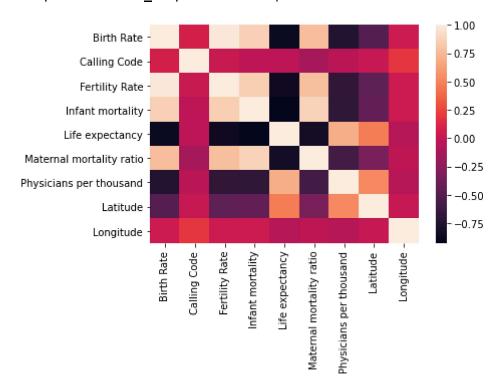
Out[8]:

	Birth Rate	Calling Code	Fertility Rate	Infant mortality	Life expectancy	Maternal mortality ratio	Physicians per thousand	Latitude	Longitude
0	32.49	93.0	4.47	47.9	64.5	638.0	0.28	33.939110	67.709953
1	11.78	355.0	1.62	7.8	78.5	15.0	1.20	41.153332	20.168331
2	24.28	213.0	3.02	20.1	76.7	112.0	1.72	28.033886	1.659626
3	7.20	376.0	1.27	2.7	NaN	NaN	3.33	42.506285	1.521801
4	40.73	244.0	5.52	51.6	60.8	241.0	0.21	-11.202692	17.873887
						•••		•••	
190	17.88	58.0	2.27	21.4	72.1	125.0	1.92	6.423750	-66.589730
191	16.75	84.0	2.05	16.5	75.3	43.0	0.82	14.058324	108.277199
192	30.45	967.0	3.79	42.9	66.1	164.0	0.31	15.552727	48.516388
193	36.19	260.0	4.63	40.4	63.5	213.0	1.19	-13.133897	27.849332
194	30.68	263.0	3.62	33.9	61.2	458.0	0.21	-19.015438	29.154857

195 rows × 9 columns

```
In [9]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[9]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2164af81c70>



```
In [10]: df2=df1.head(10)
```

In [11]: df2.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10 entries, 0 to 9

Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Birth Rate	10 non-null	float64
1	Calling Code	10 non-null	float64
2	Fertility Rate	10 non-null	float64
3	Infant mortality	10 non-null	float64
4	Life expectancy	9 non-null	float64
5	Maternal mortality ratio	9 non-null	float64
6	Physicians per thousand	10 non-null	float64
7	Latitude	10 non-null	float64
8	Longitude	10 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(9)

memory usage: 848.0 bytes

```
In [12]: x=df2[['Birth Rate','Calling Code','Fertility Rate','Infant mortality']]
y=df2[['Physicians per thousand']]
```

```
In [13]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
In [14]: | from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         lr= LinearRegression()
         lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[14]: LinearRegression()
In [15]:
         print(lr.intercept_)
         [7.51406493]
In [16]: | prediction= lr.predict(x_test)
         plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
Out[16]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2164b3ab2e0>
           3
           2
           0
          -1
          -2
         print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
In [17]:
         -0.20174763826329856
In [18]:
         print(lr.score(x_train,y_train))
         0.8573500905913856
In [19]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [20]:
         rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
         rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[20]: Ridge(alpha=10)
In [21]: rr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[21]: 0.08119579878375216
```

```
In [22]: la=Lasso(alpha=10)
         la.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[22]: Lasso(alpha=10)
In [23]: |la.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[23]: 0.3081204951917943
In [24]: | from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
         en=ElasticNet()
         en.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[24]: ElasticNet()
In [25]: |print(en.intercept_)
         [5.56330459]
In [26]: print(en.predict(x_test))
         [-1.07693353 2.5165552
                                   2.90747588]
In [27]: print(en.score(x_test,y_test))
         0.1535675887254958
```

Evaluation

```
In [29]: from sklearn import metrics
print("Mean Absolute Error",metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,prediction))
print("Mean Squared Error",metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,prediction))
print("Root Mean Squared Error:",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,prediction))
Mean Absolute Error 1.9268086168097331
Mean Squared Error 3.8424144875769266
Root Mean Squared Error: 1.9602077664311317
In []:
```