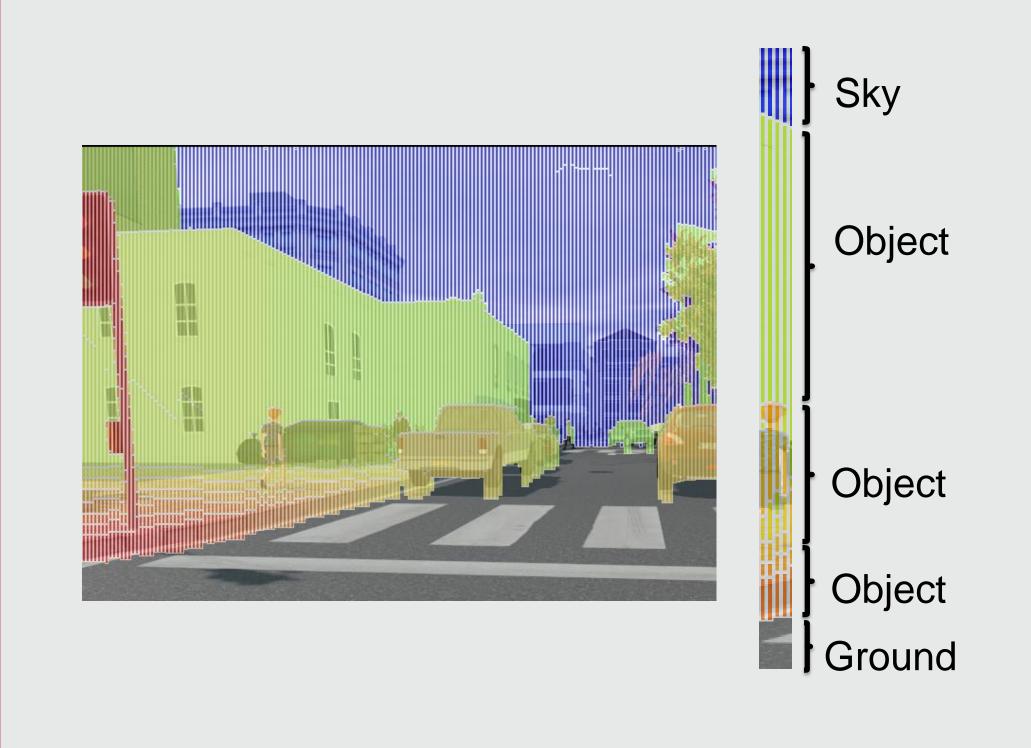


Slanted Stixels: Representing San Francisco's Steepest Streets

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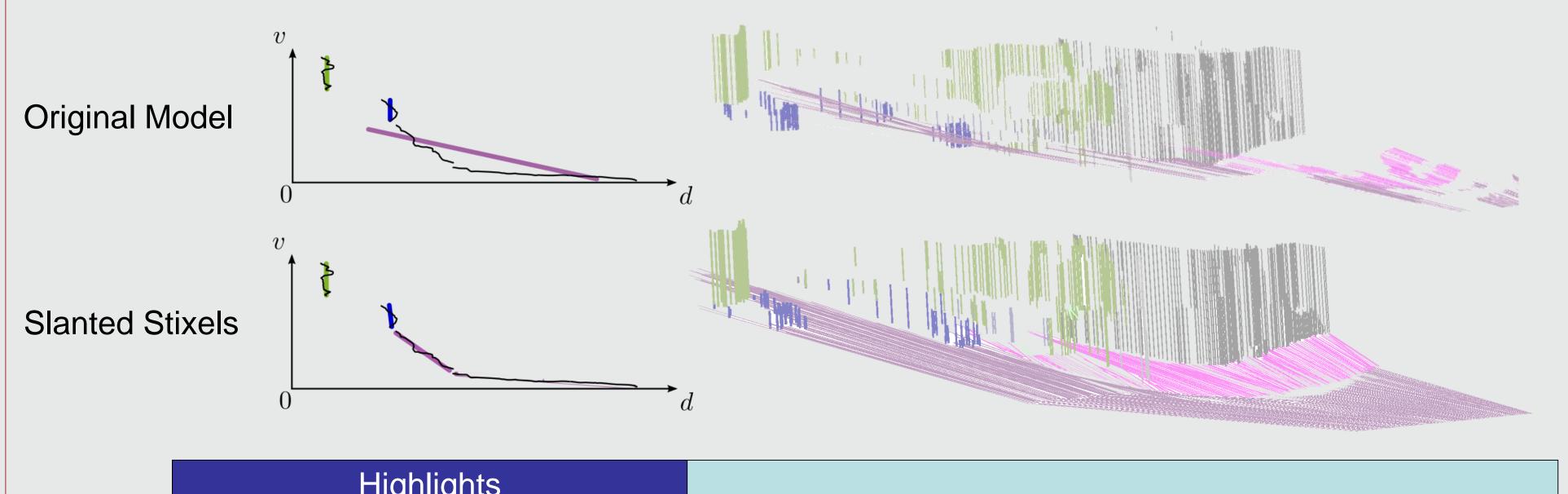
1. Stixel World: Overview



Highlights

- Goal: Compact representation (vs depth and semantics)
- High computational complexity O(w×h²)
- Fixed width, variable number per column

3. New model: Slanted Stixels



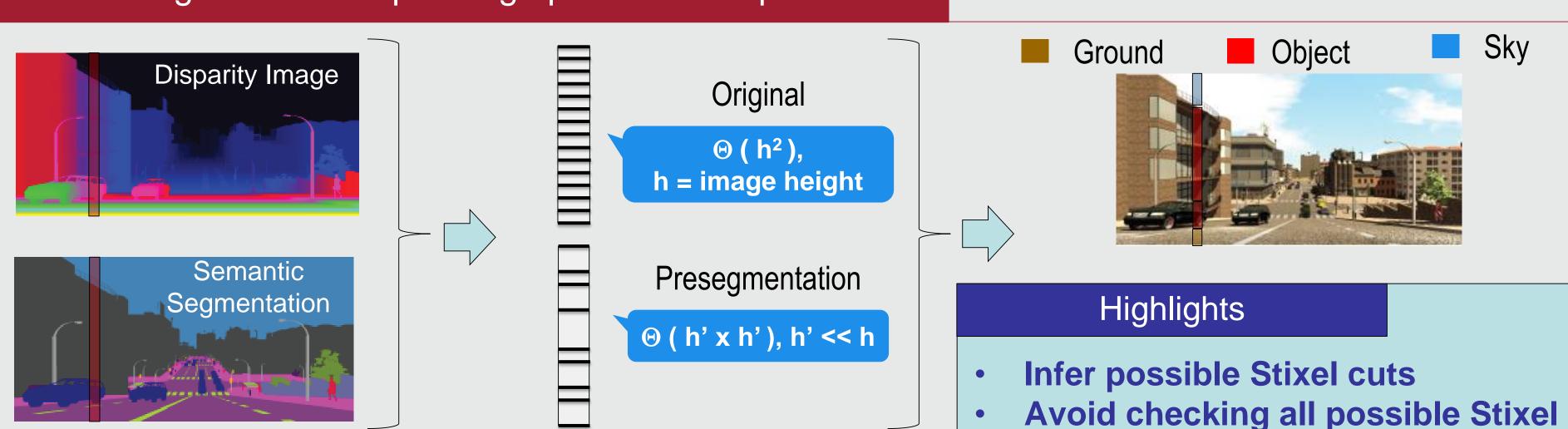
Highlights

- New model to represent all classes:
- $\mu(s_i, v) = b_i * v + a_i$
- With priors depending on the class:
- $E_{plane}(s_i) = \left(\frac{a \mu_{c_i}^a}{\sigma_{c_i}^a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{b \mu_{c_i}^b}{\sigma_{c_i}^b}\right)^2 \log(Z)$

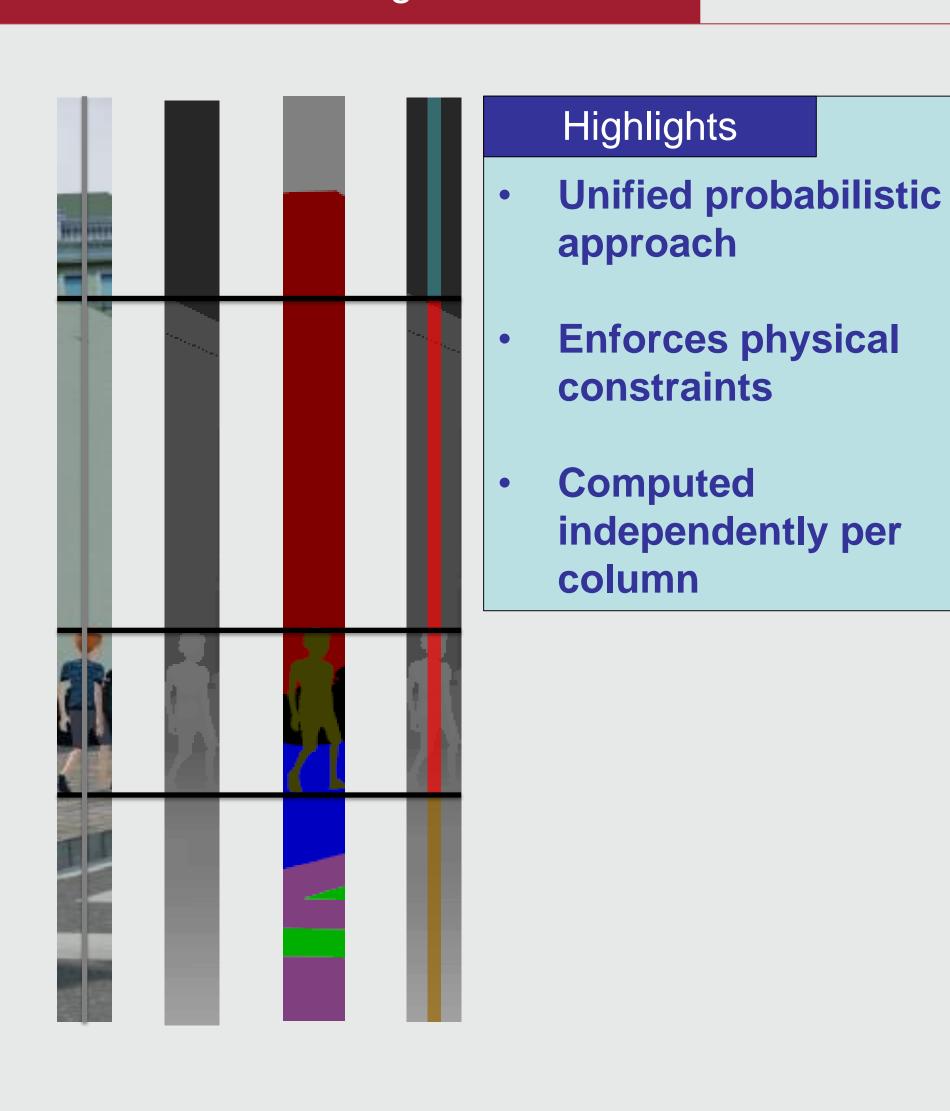
combinations

Each class has different parameters: slanted ground and object and 0 for sky

4. Presegmentation: Speeding up Stixels computation



2. Stixel World: Original Model



Model Assumption Sky: 0 disparity Far away **Object:** Disparity mean Constant disparity Precomp. Model Constant height **Ground:**

5. Slanted Stixels: Results



				Presegmentation		
Metric	Dataset	Original	Ours	Original	Ours	
Disp Err (%)	Ladicky	17.3	16.9	18.5	17.8	
	KITTI 15	10.9	11.0	11.8	11.7	
	SYNTHIA-SF	30.9	12.9	33.9	15.4	
loU (%)	Ladicky	63.5	63.4	63.9	63.7	
	Cityscapes	65.7	65.8	65.7	65.8	
	SYNTHIA-SF	46.0	48.5	46.9	48.5	
Frame-rate (Hz)	KITTI 15	113	61	120	116	
	Cityscapes	20.9	6.6	36.6	27.5	
	SYNTHIA-SF	19.4	4.7	38.9	33.1	

Highlights

- Our method improves for **SYNTHIA-SF** and maintains accuracy for others
- **Presegmentation speeds** up while keeping similar accuracy



