



Q3. (6 marks) Describe the following concepts: continuous, discrete, sampling, and quantization. What is the relationship amongst them? Are they used in WebGL?


Q4. (4 marks) How do you represent a point in homogeneous coordinates? Why are homogeneous coordinates important in computer graphics?


Q5. (8 marks) Describe the content and function of roboticArm.html and roboticArm.js (both provided) as a sample of a program from the text.


Q6. (2 marks) What is an advantage of WebGL when it comes to interaction using web standards?


Q7. (6 marks) Briefly describe how interpolation is used in Gouraud and Phong shading algorithms. Relate the algorithms to vertex and fragment shaders.


Q8. (4 marks) Describe how the interaction of a light with other elements in a scene is calculated (you may use the provided source code for reference).


Q9. (2 marks) Why is the flatten function required in code from the textbook?


Q10. (4 marks) What kinds of transformations are needed to express any scene to be rendered in terms of clipping coordinates [the cube from (-1,-1,-1) to (1,1,1)]?


Q11. (4 marks) What is the purpose of a z-buffer? Briefly explain how it is used.








```

1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3    <head>
4      <script id="vertex-shader-1" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
5        #version 300 es
6
7        // per vertex lighting
8        in vec4 aPosition;
9        in vec3 aNormal;
10       out vec4 vColor;
11
12       uniform vec3 theta;
13
14       uniform vec4 ambientProduct, diffuseProduct, specularProduct;
15       uniform mat4 modelViewMatrix;
16       uniform mat4 projectionMatrix;
17       uniform vec4 lightPosition;
18       uniform float shininess;
19
20       void
21       main()
22       {
23         vec3 pos = (modelViewMatrix * aPosition).xyz;
24
25         // fixed light position
26         vec3 light = lightPosition.xyz;
27         vec3 L = normalize(light - pos);
28         vec3 E = normalize(pos);
29         vec3 H = normalize(L + E);
30         vec4 NN = vec4(normalize(aNormal), 0);
31
32         // Transform vertex normal into eye coordinates
33         vec3 N = normalize((modelViewMatrix * NN).xyz);
34
35         // Compute terms in the illumination equation
36         vec4 ambient = ambientProduct;
37
38         float Kd = max(dot(L, N), 0.0);
39         vec4 diffuse = Kd * diffuseProduct;
40         float Ks = pow(max(dot(N, H), 0.0), shininess);
41         vec4 specular = Ks * specularProduct;
42         if (dot(L, N) < 0.0) {
43           specular = vec4(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
44         }
45
46         gl_Position = projectionMatrix * modelViewMatrix * aPosition;
47
48         vColor = ambient + diffuse + specular;
49         vColor.a = 1.0;
50       }
51     </script>
52     <script id="fragment-shader-1" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
53       #version 300 es
54
55       // pass through fragment shader
56       precision mediump float;
57
58       in vec4 vColor;
59       out vec4 fColor;
60
61       void
62       main()
63       {
64         fColor = vColor;
65       }
66     </script>
67     <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
68     <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/MVnew.js"></script>
69     <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/geometry.js"></script>
70     <script type="text/javascript" src="roboticArm.js"></script>
71   </head>
72   <body>
73     <table>
74       <tr>
75         <td>
76           <div>
77             <button id="toggle">
78               Toggle Rotation

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79         </button>
80     </div>
81 </br>
82 <div>
83     Body angle -180
84     <input id="slider1" type="range"
85     min="-180" max="180" step="1" value="0"
86     />
87     180
88 </div>
89 <br/>
90 <div>
91     Lower arm angle -90
92     <input id="slider2" type="range"
93     min="-90" max="90" step="1" value="0"
94     />
95     90
96 </div>
97 <br/>
98 <div>
99     Upper arm angle -90
100     <input id="slider3" type="range"
101     min="-90" max="90" step="1" value="0"
102     />
103     90
104 </div>
105 <br/>
106 </td>
107 <td>
108     <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
109         Your browser does not support the HTML5 canvas element
110     </canvas>
111 </td>
112 </tr>
113 </table>
114 </body>
115 </html>
```



```
1  'use strict'
2
3  let canvas, gl, program
4  let modelViewMatrix, modelViewMatrixLoc, projectionMatrix
5  let points = []
6  let normals = []
7  let angle = 0
8  let angleSine = 0
9  let rotateOn = true
10
11  const NumVertices = 36 // (6 faces)(2 triangles/face)(3 vertices/triangle)
12
13  // Parameters controlling the size of the Robot's arm
14  const BASE_HEIGHT = 2.0
15  const BASE_WIDTH = 5.0
16  const LOWER_ARM_HEIGHT = 5.0
17  const LOWER_ARM_WIDTH = 0.5
18  const UPPER_ARM_HEIGHT = 5.0
19  const UPPER_ARM_WIDTH = 0.5
20
21  // Array of rotation angles (in degrees) for each rotation axis
22  const theta = [0, 0, 0]
23  const Base = 0
24  const LowerArm = 1
25  const UpperArm = 2
26
27  window.onload = function init () {
28    canvas = document.getElementById('gl-canvas')
29    gl = canvas.getContext('webgl2')
30    if (!gl) {
31      window.alert('WebGL 2.0 is not available')
32    }
33    gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height)
34    gl.clearColor(0.9, 0.9, 0.9, 1.0)
35    gl.enable(gl.DEPTH_TEST)
36
37    // from Common/geometry.js
38    const myCube = cube()
39    const myMaterial = goldMaterial()
40    const myLight = light0()
41
42    // Load shaders and use the resulting shader program
43    program = initShaders(gl, 'vertex-shader-1', 'fragment-shader-1')
44    gl.useProgram(program)
45
46    // Create and initialize buffer objects
47    points = myCube.TriangleVertices
48    normals = myCube.TriangleNormals
49
50    const vBuffer = gl.createBuffer()
51    gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vBuffer)
52    gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(points), gl.STATIC_DRAW)
53    const positionLoc = gl.getAttribLocation(program, 'aPosition')
54    gl.vertexAttribPointer(positionLoc, 4, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0)
55    gl.enableVertexAttribArray(positionLoc)
56
57    const nBuffer = gl.createBuffer()
58    gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, nBuffer)
59    gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(normals), gl.STATIC_DRAW)
60    const normalLoc = gl.getAttribLocation(program, 'aNormal')
61    gl.vertexAttribPointer(normalLoc, 3, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0)
62    gl.enableVertexAttribArray(normalLoc)
63
64    // products of material and light properties
65    const ambientProduct = mult(myLight.lightAmbient,
66      myMaterial.materialAmbient)
67    const diffuseProduct = mult(myLight.lightDiffuse,
68      myMaterial.materialDiffuse)
69    const specularProduct = mult(myLight.lightSpecular,
70      myMaterial.materialSpecular)
71
72    document.getElementById('toggle').onclick = function (event) {
73      rotateOn = !rotateOn
74    }
75    document.getElementById('slider1').onchange = function (event) {
76      theta[Base] = event.target.value
77    }
78    document.getElementById('slider2').onchange = function (event) {
```

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79     theta[1] = event.target.value
80 }
81 document.getElementById('slider3').onchange = function (event) {
82     theta[2] = event.target.value
83 }
84
85 modelViewMatrixLoc = gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'modelViewMatrix')
86 projectionMatrix = ortho(-10, 10, -10, 10, -10, 10)
87 gl.uniformMatrix4fv(gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'projectionMatrix'),
88 false, flatten(projectionMatrix))
89 gl.uniform4fv(gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'ambientProduct'),
90     flatten(ambientProduct))
91 gl.uniform4fv(gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'diffuseProduct'),
92     flatten(diffuseProduct))
93 gl.uniform4fv(gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'specularProduct'),
94     flatten(specularProduct))
95 gl.uniform4fv(gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'lightPosition'),
96     flatten(myLight.lightPosition))
97 gl.uniform1f(gl.getUniformLocation(program,
98     'shininess'), myMaterial.materialShininess)
99 gl.uniformMatrix4fv(gl.getUniformLocation(program, 'projectionMatrix'),
100     false, flatten(projectionMatrix))
101 render()
102 }
103
104 function base () {
105     const s = scale(BASE_WIDTH, BASE_HEIGHT, BASE_WIDTH)
106     const instanceMatrix = mult(translate(0.0, 0.5 * BASE_HEIGHT, 0.0), s)
107     const t = mult(modelViewMatrix, instanceMatrix)
108     gl.uniformMatrix4fv(modelViewMatrixLoc, false, flatten(t))
109     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, NumVertices)
110 }
111
112 function upperArm () {
113     const s = scale(UPPER_ARM_WIDTH, UPPER_ARM_HEIGHT, UPPER_ARM_WIDTH)
114     const instanceMatrix = mult(translate(0.0, 0.5 * UPPER_ARM_HEIGHT, 0.0), s)
115     const t = mult(modelViewMatrix, instanceMatrix)
116     gl.uniformMatrix4fv(modelViewMatrixLoc, false, flatten(t))
117     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, NumVertices)
118 }
119
120 function lowerArm () {
121     const s = scale(LOWER_ARM_WIDTH, LOWER_ARM_HEIGHT, LOWER_ARM_WIDTH)
122     const instanceMatrix = mult(translate(0.0, 0.5 * LOWER_ARM_HEIGHT, 0.0), s)
123     const t = mult(modelViewMatrix, instanceMatrix)
124     gl.uniformMatrix4fv(modelViewMatrixLoc, false, flatten(t))
125     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, NumVertices)
126 }
127
128 function render () {
129     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | gl.DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
130     if (rotateOn) {
131         angle = ((angle + 1.0) % 360)
132         angleSine = Math.sin(angle * Math.PI / 180)
133         theta[Base] = angleSine * 180
134         theta[LowerArm] = angleSine * 60
135         theta[UpperArm] = angleSine * 30
136     }
137     // render the base
138     document.getElementById('slider1').value = theta[Base]
139     modelViewMatrix = rotate(theta[Base], vec3(0, 1, 0))
140     base()
141     // render the lowerArm
142     document.getElementById('slider2').value = theta[LowerArm]
143     modelViewMatrix = mult(modelViewMatrix, translate(0.0, BASE_HEIGHT, 0.0))
144     modelViewMatrix = mult(modelViewMatrix, rotate(theta[LowerArm], vec3(0, 0,
145 1)))
146     lowerArm()
147     // render the UpperArm
148     document.getElementById('slider3').value = theta[UpperArm]
149     modelViewMatrix = mult(modelViewMatrix, translate(0.0, LOWER_ARM_HEIGHT,
150 0.0))
151     modelViewMatrix = mult(modelViewMatrix, rotate(theta[UpperArm], vec3(0, 0,
152 1)))
153     upperArm()
154
155     window.requestAnimationFrame(render)
156 }

```