# LAB #3: WEB APPLICATION WITH GENIE

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Abstract — Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do..

### I. INTRODUCTION

In this lab, we create a basic web application using **Genie** framework in Julia. The application will allow us to control the behaviour of a sine wave, given some adjustble parameters. You are required to carry out this lab using the REPL as in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Julia REPL

#### II. APPLICATION

We provide the Julia and HTML codes to build and run a web app that allows us to control the amplitude and frequency of a sine wave. **Plotly** is used to plot the corresponding graph.

We also added a slider to change the number of samples used to draw the figure. The latter setting permits to grasp the influence of sampling frequency on the look of our chart.



Figure 2: Genie -> Sine Wave

we have added to inputs phse and offset , their type is float and default value is 0. Also , we have added their names after onchange so we can control them. This work is shown in this code below:

## • The first programme is "app.jl"

```
@in N::Int32 = 1000
@in amp::Float32 = 0.25
@in freq::Int32 = 1
@in deph::Float32 = 0
@in off::Float32 = 0

@out my_sine = PlotData()

@onchange N, amp, fre
    x = range(0, 1, 1
    y = amp*sin.(2*\pi*freq*x.+deph).+off
Argument 2 of 4 in call to *

freq::Int32 = 1
y = amp*sin.(2*\pi*freq*x.+deph).+off
```

Figure 3: Juliaj1

```
using GenieFramework
@genietools

@app begin

@in N::Int32 = 1000
@in amp::Float32 = 0.25
@in freq::Int32 = 1
```

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### • The second programme is "app.jl.html"

the second part we have added the slides of dephasage and offset in "app.jl.html" to control them on the web.

```
<header class="st-header g-pa-sm">
   <hl class="st-header title text-h3" Sinewave
Dashboard </h1>
</header>
<div class="row">
    <div class="st-col col-12 col-sm st-module">
       <b># Samples</b>
       <a-slider v-model="N"
    :min="10" :max="1000"
    :step="10" :label="true">
  </q-slider>
   </div>
   <div class="st-col col-12 col-sm st-module">
       <b>Amplitude</b>
       <q-slider v-model="amp"
    :min="0" :max="3"
    :step=".5" :label="true">
  </q-slider>
   </div>
   <div class="st-col col-12 col-sm st-module">
       <b>dephansage</b>
       <q-slider v-model="deph"
    :min="-3.14" :max="3.14"
    :step=".314" :label="true">
  </g-slider>
   </div>
   <div class="st-col col-12 col-sm st-module">
       <b>offset</b>
       <q-slider v-model="off"
```

```
:min="-0.5" :max="1"
    :step=".1" :label="true">
 </q-slider>
   </div>
   <div class="st-col col-12 col-sm st-module">
       <b>Frequency</b>
  <q-slider v-model="freq"
   :min="0" :max="10"
    :step="1" :label="true">
 </a-slider>
   </div>
<div class="row">
   <div class="st-col col-12 col-sm st-module">
 <b>Sinewave</b>
        <ploy><ploy><ploy><ploy><ploy></ploy>
    </div>
```

julia --project

```
julia> using GenieFramework
julia> Genie.loadapp() # Load app
julia> up() # Start server
```

We can now open the browser and navigate to the link <a href="http://127.0.0.1:8000">http://127.0.0.1:8000</a>. We will get the graphical interface as in Figure 2.

in the end we have a new web with the new slides of dephasage and offset



Figure 4: new web

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