

# Taking Back Control

... or implementing control idioms in user code



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#### This talk

A programmer's introduction to effect handlers (my research topic).

- Toy examples
- My PhD work at glance
- Implementing asynchrony as a library
- Some (semi-)open problems
- The future

## Why one might care

The programmer's perspective: take control from the runtime.

- Direct-style alternative to continuation passing style (CPS) and monadic programming
- Useful across diverse spectrum
  - o Probabilistic programming [Bingham et al., 2018]
  - Multi-stage programming [Yallop, 2017]
  - Concurrent programming [Dolan et al., 2017 and Leijen, 2017]
  - Modular program construction [Kammar et al., 2013]
- Unikernels

The compiler writer's perspective: hand control to the programmer.

- Deep mathematical foundations [Plotkin and Power, 2001 and Plotkin and Pretnar, 2009]
- General enough to capture contemporary control idioms [Dolan et al., 2017, Leijen, 2017]
- Concrete enough to be amenable to optimisation [Wu and Schrijvers, 2015 and Leijen, 2018]
- Reduce complexity of the runtime/compiler [Dolan et al., 2016, Leijen, 2017]

```
exception DivideByZero

let divide n d =
   match
     if d = 0 then raise DivideByZero
     else n / d
   with
     | result -> result
     | exception DivideByZero -> 0
```

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let divide n d =
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```
reminology: abstract operation

effect DivideByZero : int

let divide n d =
    match
        if d = 0 then raise DivideByZero
        else n / d
    with
        | result -> result
        | exception DivideByZero -> 0
```

```
Terminology: abstract operation

effect DivideByZero : int

let divide n d =
    match
        if d = 0 then perform DivideByZero
        else n / d
    with
        | result -> result
        | exception DivideByZero -> 0
```

```
Terminology: abstract operation

effect DivideByZero : int

let divide n d =
    match
        if d = 0 then perform DivideByZero
        else n / d
    with
        | result -> result
        | effect DivideByZero k -> continue k 0
```

```
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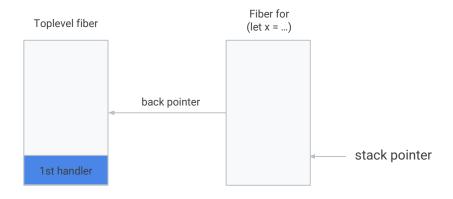
#### Handlers in action



File: https://github.com/dhil/google-tech-talk-2018/blob/master/live/guess the number.ml

Fiber: heap allocated stack; grows and shrinks on demand.

Execution stack: a stack of fibers.

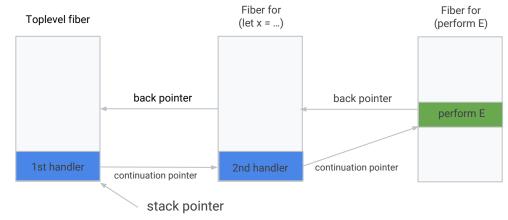


Fiber: heap allocated stack; grows and shrinks on demand.

```
effect E : unit
Execution stack: a stack of fibers.
                                                              match
                                                                 let x = match perform E with
                                                                            | effect F k -> ...
                                                                 in ...
                                                              with
                                                              | effect E k -> continue k ()
                             Fiber for
                                                      Fiber for
 Toplevel fiber
                            (let x = ...)
                                                     (perform E)
               back pointer
                                        back pointer
                                                      perform E
                                                                    stack pointer
```

Fiber: heap allocated stack; grows and shrinks on demand.

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Fiber: heap allocated stack; grows and shrinks on demand.

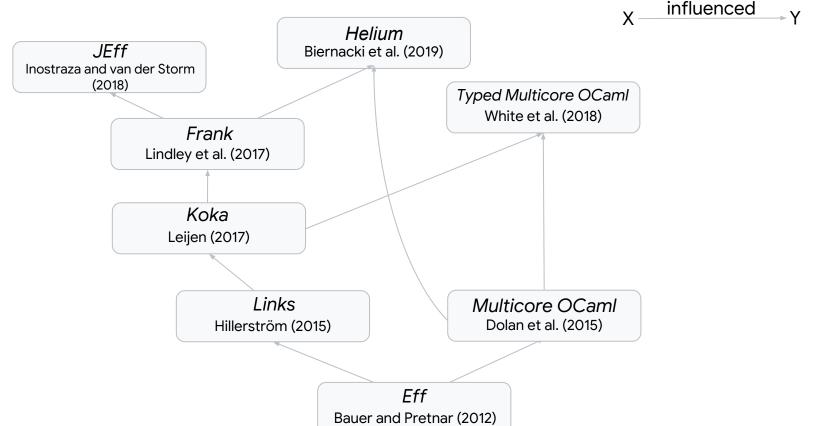
```
effect E : unit
Execution stack: a stack of fibers.
                                                             match
                                                                let x = match perform E with
                                                                            | effect F k -> ...
                                                                in ...
                                                             with
                                                              | effect E k -> continue k ()
                            Fiber for
                                                      Fiber for
 Toplevel fiber
                            (let x = ...)
                                                     (perform E)
               back pointer
                                        back pointer
                                                        ()
                                                                   stack pointer
```

#### Generators and iterators



Files: <a href="https://github.com/dhil/google-tech-talk-2018/blob/master/live/generators.ml">https://github.com/dhil/google-tech-talk-2018/blob/master/live/generators.ml</a>
<a href="https://github.com/dhil/google-tech-talk-2018/blob/master/live/pi.ml">https://github.com/dhil/google-tech-talk-2018/blob/master/live/pi.ml</a>

## An overview of implementations



## My PhD at glance

Year 0

Applications of effect handlers (wrt. parallelism and concurrency)

Year 1

Compilation strategies. Abstract machines, CPS translations.

Year 2

Expressive power.

Year 3

??? Commences once I return.



## My PhD at glance

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### Implementing asynchrony



File: https://github.com/dhil/google-tech-talk-2018/blob/master/live/async\_await.ml

## (Semi-)Open problems I

Abstract operations are not abstracted.

```
(* Module trace.ml *)
effect Trace : unit
let trace f =
 match f (fun () -> perform Trace) with
  | result -> result
   effect Trace k -> print_endline "Called"; continue k ()
(* Module other.ml *)
open Trace
let f q =
 match g () with
  | _ -> ()
   effect Trace _ -> ()
let _ = trace f (* prints nothing. *)
```

Biernacki et al. (2018), Biernacki et al. (2019), Convent et al. (2018), Zhang and Myers (2019) provide potential answers.

## (Semi-)Open problems II

In general, effect handlers do not interact well with resources

```
let take_while predicate file =
  let fh = open_in file in
  let rec take acc =
    try
      let line = input_line fh in
      if predicate line then
        take (line :: acc)
      else acc
    with
      | End_of_file -> acc
  in
  let lines = take [] in
  close_in fh; lines
```

```
effect Abort : 'a
let leaks () =
  let predicate _ = perform Abort in
  match take_while predicate "fruits.dat" with
  | result -> result
  | effect Abort _ -> [] (* leaks. *)
```

## (Semi-)Open problems II

In general, effect handlers do not interact well with resources

```
let take_while predicate file =
  let fh = open_in file in
  let rec take acc =
    try
     let line = input_line fh in
     if predicate line then
        take (line :: acc)
     else acc
  with
     | End_of_file -> acc
  in
  let lines = take [] in
  close_in fh; lines
```

```
effect Choose : bool
let bad_descriptor () =
  let predicate _ = perform Choose in
  match take_while predicate "fruits.dat" with
  | result -> [result]
  | effect Choose k ->
      continue k true @ continue k false
      (* bad file descriptor exception *)
```

## (Semi-)Open problems III

Handler-oriented programming can occur a significant overhead

Some ideas on how to eliminate the overhead:

- Alternative, more efficient runtime representations of the handler stack
- Apply fusion laws (catamorphisms/folds) [Wu and Tom Schrijvers, 2015]
- Generalise tail-call elimination to "tail-resumptive elimination" [Leijen, 2018]
- Use a substructural typing discipline to guide optimisations
- Power of JIT compilation: profile-guided optimisations at runtime? (Speculation)

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