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# Assignment #2

Elements of Machine Learning

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## 1 Problem 2 (Logistic Regression)

2 **a)**

3 In order to derive the optimal coefficients, we will have to take the derivative of the loss function  
4  $l(x)$  w.r.t each  $\beta_j$ . First, we will derive a generic expression for computing the gradient w.r.t  $\beta_j$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} \ell(\beta) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} \sum_{i=1}^n [y_i \log p(x_i; \beta) + (1 - y_i) \log (1 - p(x_i; \beta))] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left[ y_i \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} \log p(x_i; \beta) + (1 - y_i) \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} \log (1 - p(x_i; \beta)) \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left[ y_i \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} p(x_i; \beta)}{p(x_i; \beta)} + (1 - y_i) \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} (1 - p(x_i; \beta))}{(1 - p(x_i; \beta))} \right] \tag{1} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left[ y_i \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} p(x_i; \beta)}{p(x_i; \beta)} - (1 - y_i) \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} p(x_i; \beta)}{(1 - p(x_i; \beta))} \right] \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

5 **b)**

6 **c) i)**

7 Applying the formula for a multivariate logistic regression, we get the following outputs:

Table 1: Data for x1, x2, and predicted values.

x1	x2	$p(x_i, \beta)$	class	correct
1.0	2.0	0.182	0	0
2.0	3.0	0.378	0	0
3.0	4.0	0.622	1	0
4.0	5.0	0.818	1	1
5.0	6.0	0.924	1	1
6.0	7.0	0.971	1	1
7.0	8.0	0.989	1	1
8.0	9.0	0.996	1	1

8 **c) i)**

9 Based on the given threshold, we can construct the following table. we see that the model missclassified  
10 only one point.