Module 4: Supervised Classical Machine Learning

- 1 What is meant by **Supervised**?
- 2 Naive Bayes Classifier
 - 2.1 Bayes Theorem.
 - 2.2 Continous Probability Distributions.
 - 2.3 Estimation of population parameters for univariate case when data is continuous.
 - 2.3.1 Gradient Descent
 - 2.3.2 Newton's Method
 - 2.4 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
 - 2.5 Coding Assignment 15.
 - 2.6 Biclass Bayes Classifier for Univariate case when the data is continuous.
 - 2.7 Cross Validation and Testing
 - 2.8 High Variance and High Bias problem.
 - 2.9 Portfolio Mini Project 1 on Bayes Classifier.
 - 2.10 Discrete Probability Distributions.
 - 2.11 Estimation of population parameters for univariate case when the data is descrete.
 - 2.12 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
 - 2.13 Coding Assignment 16.
 - 2.14 Biclass Bayes Classifier for Univariate case when the data is discrete.
 - 2.15 Laplace Smoothing
 - 2.16 Portfolio Mini Project 2 on Bayes Classifier.
 - 2.17 Why the Bayes Classifier is called 'Naive'?
 - 2.18 Estimation of population parameters for multivariate case when the data is continuous and each variable has identical non stationary distribution.
 - 2.19 Covariance Matrix Estimation, positive semi definiteness and singularity.
 - 2.20 Correcting the problems with Covariance Matrix
 - 2.20.1 Fisher Method
 - 2.20.2 Diagonal Covariance Estimators
 - 2.20.3 Regularization Methods
 - 2.21 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
 - 2.22 Coding Assignment 17.
 - 2.23 Biclass Bayes Classifier for Multivariate case when the data is continuous.
 - 2.24 Portfolio Mini Project 3 on Bayes Classifier.
 - 2.25 Estimation of population parameters for multivariate case when the data is descrete and each variable has identical non stationary distribution.
 - 2.26 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
 - 2.27 Coding Assignment 18.
 - 2.28 Biclass Bayes Classifier for Multivariate case when the data is discrete.
 - 2.29 Portfolio Mini Project 4 on Bayes Classifier.
 - 2.30 Biclass Bayes Classifier for multivariate case when all the variables have different continuous and discrete probability distributions.
 - 2.31 Portfolio Mini Project 5 on Bayes Classifier.
 - 2.32 Multiclass Bayes Classifier for multivariate case when all the variables have different continuous and discrete probability distributions.
 - 2.33 Portfolio Project 4 on Bayes Classifier for Tabulated Data.
 - 2.34 Portfolio Project 5 on Bayes Classifier for Visual Data (Images).
 - 2.35 Portfolio Project 6 on Bayes Classifier for Textual Data (Text).

3 Linear and Polynomial Regression

- 3.1 What is a Regressor?
- 3.2 Dependent and Independent Random Variables.
- 3.3 Data Visualization
- 3.4 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
- 3.5 Coding Assignment 19.
- 3.6 Why and When Linear?
- 3.7 High Bias V/s High Variance problem (Underfitting V/s Overfitting).
- 3.8 Population parameter estimation of Dependent Random Variable.
- 3.9 Likelihood Function.
- 3.10 Bayesian Inference.
- 3.11 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
- 3.12 Coding Assignment 20.
- 3.13 Linear Regression for Single Indepdendent Random Variable.
- 3.14 Improving Linear Regression.
 - 3.14.1 Normalization.
 - 3.14.2 Regularization.
 - 3.14.2.1 Classical Regularization Theory.
 - 3.14.2.2 Generalized Regularization Theory.
 - 3.14.2.3 Estimating the regularization parameter.
 - 3.14.3 Trade-off between stability and bias.
- 3.15 Different ways of looking at Regularization.
 - 3.15.1 Adding Prior Information about the practical world.
 - 3.15.2 Adding Penalty.
- 4 Cross Validation and Testing.
- 5 Portfolio Mini Project 6 on Univariate Linear Regression.
- 6 Natural Features and Derived Features.
- 7 Multivariate Linear Regression with numerous Natural Features.
- 8 Portfolio Mini Project 7 on Multivariate Linear Regression.
- 9 Multivariate Regression with Natural and Derived Features.
- The interpretation.
- 11 Model selection for multivariate regression.
 - 11.1 Kolmogorov Complexity Theory.
 - 11.2 MDL princple.
- 12 Looking at Multivariate Regression through matrices.
- Normal Equation.
- 14 Interpretation of Normal Equation of Multivariate Regression.
- 15 Regularization Revisited
 - 15.1 Cross Correlation Matrices.
 - 15.2 Positive Definite Cross Correlation Matrices.
 - 15.3 Adding Prior information.
 - 15.4 Adding Penalty.
- 16 **Portfolio Project 7 on Multivariate Regression.**
- 17 **Logistic Regression**
 - 17.1 How come the word **Logistic**?
 - 17.2 Why Logistic?
 - 17.3 Dependent and Independent Random Variables.
 - 17.4 Data Visualization
 - 17.5 Dependent Random Variable as Binomial.
 - 17.6 Exponential Family of Distributions.

- 17.6.1 Natural Parameters.
- 17.6.2 Sufficient Statistics.
- 17.6.3 Required Functions.
- 17.7 Parameter Estimation.
- 17.8 Generalized Linear Models.
 - 17.8.1 Assumptions on Exponential Family of Distributions.
- 17.9 Likelihood Function.
- 17.10 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
- 17.11 Coding Assignment 21.
- 17.12 Univariate Biclass Logistic Regression.
- 17.13 Portfolio Mini Project 8 on Univariate Logistic Regression.
- 18 Similarities between Linear and Logistic Regression.
- 19 Differences between Linear and Logisitic Regression.
- From Multiclass Naive Bayes to Multiclass Logistic Regression.
- 21 Bayesian Inference in Univariate Biclass Logistic Regression.
- 22 Regularization Revisited
- 23 Portfolio Project 8 on Multivariate Logistic Regression.
- 24 Some interesting results and observations.
- 25 Exponential Family of Distributions Revisited
 - 25.1 Wide choice of distributions for Dependent Random Variable.
 - 25.2 Variety of Continuous Probability Distributions used.
 - 25.3 Variety of Discrete Probability Distributions used.
- 26 Generalized Linear Model Assumption.
- 27 Multiple point of views to look at the same problem of Prediction and Classification.
- 28 Bayesian Inference V/s Generalized Linear Models V/s Regression.
- 29 **Regression and Classification Trees**
 - 29.1 A Binary Tree.
 - 29.2 Terminology associated with Binary Tree.
 - 29.3 Decision Tree as special case of Binary Tree.
- 30 Recursive Binary Splitting.
- 31 Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
- 32 Coding Assignment 22.
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- 34 Entropy.
- 35 Information Gain.
- 36 Different Cost Functions.
 - 36.1 Mean Squared Error.
 - 36.2 Gini Index.
 - 36.3 Cross Entropy.
- 37 Feature Selection.
- Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding Assignment.
- 39 Coding Assignment 23.
- 40 Stopping Criteria.
- 41 Pruning.
 - 41.1 Common Method.
 - 41.2 Cost Complexity Pruning.
 - 41.3 **Portfolio Mini Project 9 on Regression Trees.**
 - 41.4 Portfolio Mini Project 10 on Classification Trees.
 - 41.5 Ensemble Methods

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		41.5.1.1 Bagged Decision Trees.
		41.5.1.2 Random Forest.
		41.5.1.3 Extra Trees.
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	42.1	AdaBoost.
		Stochastic Gradient Boosting.
		XGBoost.
		Portfolio Project 9 on Boosting.
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	43.1	What is Time Series Forecasting.
		Time Series as Supervised Learning.
		Load and Explore Time Series Data.
	43.4	Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding
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		Basic Feature Engineering.
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	43.8	Resampling and Interpolation.
		Power Transforms.
	43.10	Moving Average Smoothing.
	43.11	Introduction to White Noise.
	43.12	Introduction to Random Walk.
	43.13	Stationarity in Time Series Data.
	43.14	Sample Python code demonstration along with detailed explanation for Coding
		Assignment.
		Coding Assignment 25.
		Reframing Time Series Forecasting problems.
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		Autoregression for Forecasting.
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	44.2	Linearly and Non linearly seperable datasets.
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		3.2 No man's land.
		3.3 Formulating the problem as maximizing the no man's land.
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 - 56.1.1 Forward pass in a directed graph.
 - 56.2 Partially derivating a function with respect to each variable.
 - 56.2.1 Reverse Pass in a directed graph.
 - 56.3 What is a Neural Network?
 - 56.4 The Human Brain.

- 56.5 Models of a Neuron.
- 56.6 Neural Networks viewed as Directed graphs.
- 56.7 Feedback.
- 56.8 Rosenblatt's Perceptron.
- 56.9 Different interprettations of Rosenblatt's Perceptron.
- 56.10 Activation Functions.
 - 56.10.1 Linear.
 - 56.10.2 Non Linear.
 - 56.10.2.1 Sigmoid.
 - 56.10.2.2 Hyperbolic Tan.
 - 56.10.2.3 ReLU.
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 - 56.10.2.5 ELU.
- 56.11 Which activation function to use and when?
- 56.12 Shallow Neural Networks.
- 56.13 Forward Pass or Forward Propagation in Neural Networks.
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