```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
encodings=['utf-8','latin1','ISO-8859-1','cp1252']
for encoding in encodings:
    try:
        df=pd.read csv('spam.csv',encoding=encoding)
        print(f"File successfully read with encoding:{encoding}")
        break
    except UnicodeDecodeError:
        print(f"Failed to read with encoding:{encoding}")
        continue
if 'df' in locals():
    print("CSV file has been successfully loaded.")
else:
    print("All encoding attempts failed . unable to read the csv
file.")
Failed to read with encoding:utf-8
File successfully read with encoding:latin1
CSV file has been successfully loaded.
df.sample(4)
                                                            v2 Unnamed:
        v1
4014 spam You will be receiving this week's Triple Echo ...
NaN
               I dunno they close oredi not... ÌÏ v ma fan...
1012
       ham
NaN
3143
       ham
                Haha I heard that, text me when you're around
NaN
4122
       ham Cool, want me to go to kappa or should I meet ...
NaN
     Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
4014
            NaN
                       NaN
1012
            NaN
                       NaN
3143
            NaN
                       NaN
4122
            NaN
                       NaN
df.shape
```

1.Data Cleaning

```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #
     Column
                 Non-Null Count
                                 Dtype
     _ _ _ _ _
 0
     v1
                 5572 non-null
                                 object
 1
                 5572 non-null
     ν2
                                 object
 2
     Unnamed: 2 50 non-null
                                 object
 3
     Unnamed: 3 12 non-null
                                 object
     Unnamed: 4 6 non-null
                                 object
dtypes: object(5)
memory usage: 217.8+ KB
df.isnull().sum()
v1
                 0
v2
                 0
Unnamed: 2
              5522
Unnamed: 3
              5560
Unnamed: 4
              5566
dtype: int64
# lot of values in column {Unnamed: 2 ,Unnamed: 3, Unnamed: 4 } are
NULL
# so we drop these columns
df.drop(columns=['Unnamed: 2' ,'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed:
4'],inplace=True)
df.sample(5)
        v1
                                                            v2
1675
            Painful words- \I thought being Happy was the ...
       ham
                      Are you angry with me. What happen dear
1521
       ham
1738
       ham
                           K go and sleep well. Take rest:-).
            URGENT This is our 2nd attempt to contact U. Y...
4795
      spam
5132
       ham
           it's still not working. And this time i also t...
# renaming the columns
df.rename(columns={'v1':'target','v2':'text'},inplace=True)
df.head()
 target
                                                        text
     ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
```

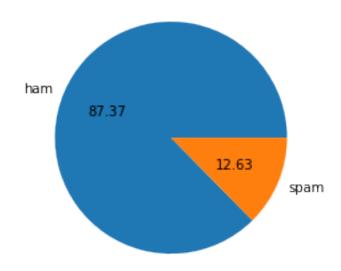
```
1
                              Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
     ham
2
          Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
    spam
3
     ham
          U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
          Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
df['target']=le.fit transform(df['target'])
df.head()
   target
                                                         text
0
        O Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
1
                               Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
        0
2
        1 Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
3
        0 U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
           Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
#missing value
df.isnull().sum()
target
          0
text
          0
dtype: int64
df.duplicated().sum()
403
#remove duplicates
df=df.drop duplicates(keep='first')
df.duplicated().sum()
0
df.shape
(5169, 2)
```

EDA

```
df['target'].value_counts()

0     4516
1     653
Name: target, dtype: int64

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.pie(df['target'].value_counts(),labels=['ham','spam'],autopct="%0.2f")
plt.show()
```

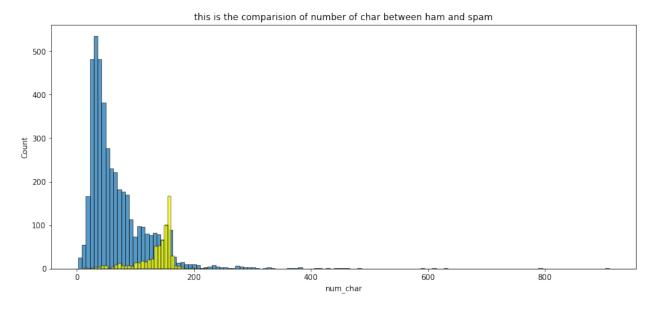


```
import nltk
!pip install nltk
Requirement already satisfied: nltk in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (3.7)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from nltk) (4.64.0)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from nltk) (1.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from nltk) (2022.3.15)
Requirement already satisfied: click in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from nltk) (8.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: colorama in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from click->nltk) (0.4.4)
nltk.download('punkt')
```

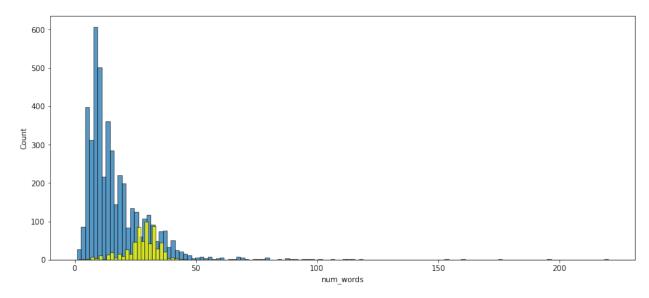
```
[nltk data] Downloading package punkt to C:\Users\Dhiraj
                Kumar\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
[nltk data]
              Package punkt is already up-to-date!
True
# now we create a new column of number of char
df['num char']=df['text'].apply(len)
df.head()
   target
                                                         text
                                                               num char
0
           Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                                                     111
                               Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                      29
1
        0
2
        1
           Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                     155
3
           U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                                                                      49
           Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                      61
# new column for number of words
df['num words']=df['text'].apply(lambda x:len(nltk.word tokenize(x)))
df.sample(5)
      target
                                                            text
num char
3021
                                     How dare you change my ring
27
2057
           0
                        Nothing, i got msg frm tht unknown no...
39
5183
           0
                            Fuuuuck I need to stop sleepin, sup
35
4481
           0
              What do u reckon as need 2 arrange transport i...
69
94
           0 Havent planning to buy later. I check already ...
107
      num words
3021
              6
2057
             10
5183
              8
4481
             17
94
             23
df['text'][0]
'Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only in bugis n great world
la e buffet... Cine there got amore wat...'
# new column for number of sentence
df['num sent']=df['text'].apply(lambda x:len(nltk.sent tokenize(x)))
df.head()
```

```
num char
   target
                                                           text
/
           Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                                                       111
        0
                                 Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                        29
1
                                                                       155
           Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                        49
           U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
           Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                        61
   num words
               num sent
0
                      2
          24
                      2
1
           8
2
                      2
          37
3
          13
                      1
4
                      1
          15
df[['num char', 'num words', 'num sent']].describe()
          num char
                       num words
                                      num sent
count
       5169.000000
                     5169.000000
                                   5169.000000
mean
         78.977945
                       18.453279
                                      1.947185
std
         58.236293
                       13.324793
                                      1.362406
          2.000000
min
                        1.000000
                                      1.000000
25%
                        9.000000
                                      1.000000
         36.000000
                       15.000000
50%
         60.000000
                                      1.000000
75%
        117.000000
                       26,000000
                                      2.000000
max
        910.000000
                      220.000000
                                     28.000000
# targetting ham
df[df['target']==0][['num char', 'num words', 'num sent']].describe()
          num char
                       num words
                                      num sent
       4516.000000
                     4516,000000
count
                                   4516.000000
         70.459256
                       17.120903
                                      1.799601
mean
std
         56.358207
                       13.493725
                                      1.278465
          2.000000
                        1.000000
                                      1.000000
min
25%
         34.000000
                        8.000000
                                      1.000000
50%
         52,000000
                       13,000000
                                      1.000000
75%
         90.000000
                       22.000000
                                      2.000000
        910.000000
                      220.000000
                                     28.000000
max
# targetting spam
df[df['target']==1][['num char', 'num words', 'num sent']].describe()
         num char
                     num words
                                   num sent
       653.000000
                    653.000000
                                 653.000000
count
       137.891271
                     27,667688
                                   2.967841
mean
```

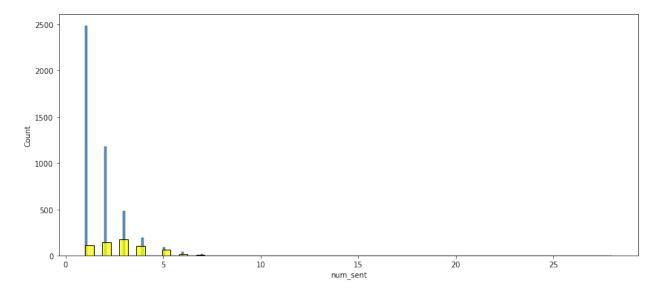
```
std
        30.137753
                     7.008418
                                  1.483201
        13.000000
                     2.000000
                                  1.000000
min
25%
       132.000000
                    25.000000
                                  2.000000
                    29.000000
50%
       149.000000
                                  3.000000
75%
       157,000000
                    32,000000
                                  4.000000
       224,000000
                    46.000000
                                  8.000000
max
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
# plt.subplot(121)
sns.histplot(df[df['target']==0]['num char'])
# plt.subplot(122)
sns.histplot(df[df['target']==1]['num char'],color='yellow')
plt.title("this is the comparision of number of char between ham and
spam")
plt.show()
```



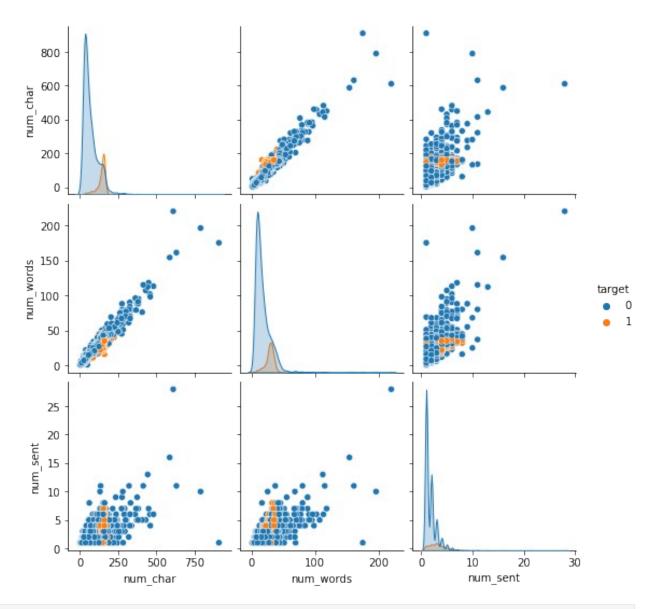
```
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
sns.histplot(df[df['target']==0]['num_words'])
sns.histplot(df[df['target']==1]['num_words'],color='yellow')
plt.show()
```



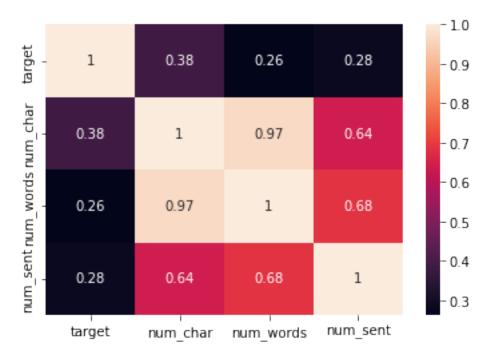
```
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
sns.histplot(df[df['target']==0]['num_sent'])
sns.histplot(df[df['target']==1]['num_sent'],color='yellow')
plt.show()
```



```
sns.pairplot(df,hue='target')
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2965dfb9730>
```



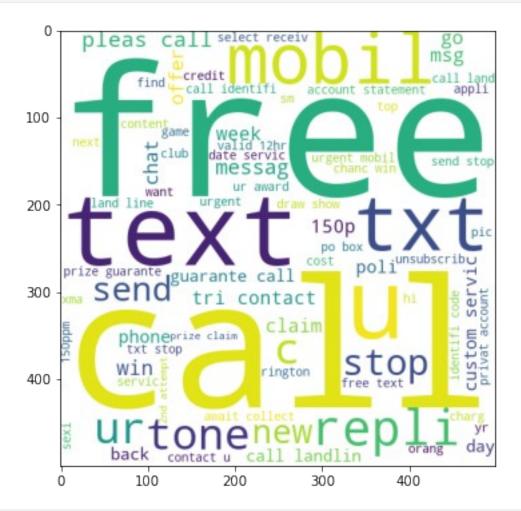
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
<AxesSubplot:>



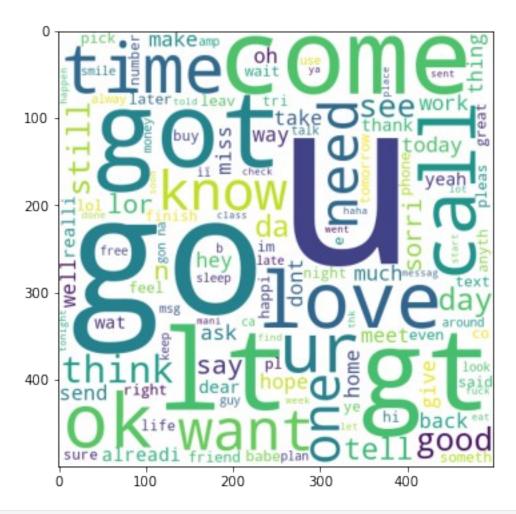
```
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
import string
nltk.download('stopwords')
ps=PorterStemmer()
def transform text(text):
    text=text.lower()
    text=nltk.word tokenize(text)
    y=[]
    for i in text:
        if i.isalnum():
            y.append(i)
    text=y[:]
    y.clear()
    for i in text:
        if i not in stopwords.words('english') and i not in
string.punctuation:
            y.append(i)
    text=y[:]
    y.clear()
    for i in text:
```

```
v.append(ps.stem(i))
    return " ".join(y)
transformed text=transform text("Go until jurong point, crazy...
Available only in bugis n great world la e buffet... Cine there got
amore wat...")
print(transformed text)
go jurong point crazi avail bugi n great world la e buffet cine got
amor wat
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to C:\Users\Dhiraj
[nltk data]
                Kumar\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
df['transformed text']=df['text'].apply(transform text)
df.head()
   target
                                                         text num char
\
           Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
0
                                                                     111
        0
                                Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                      29
1
           Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                     155
           U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                                                                      49
           Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                      61
   num words num sent
transformed text
          24
                     2
                        go jurong point crazi avail bugi n great
world...
           8
                     2
                                                     ok lar joke wif u
1
oni
2
          37
                        free entri 2 wkli comp win fa cup final tkt
21...
          13
                                       u dun say earli hor u c alreadi
3
                     1
say
          15
                     1
                                      nah think goe usf live around
though
from wordcloud import WordCloud
wc=WordCloud(width=500, height=500, min font size=10, background color='w
hite')
```

```
spam_wc=wc.generate(df[df['target']==1]
['transformed_text'].str.cat(sep=" "))
plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
plt.imshow(spam_wc)
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x2965f3c98e0>
```

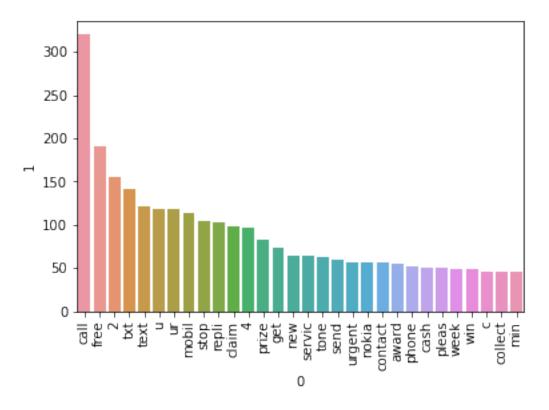


```
ham_wc=wc.generate(df[df['target']==0]
['transformed_text'].str.cat(sep=" "))
plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
plt.imshow(ham_wc)
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x296601c5fd0>
```



df.head()				
target	text	num_char		
0 Go un	til jurong point, crazy Available only	111		
1 0	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	29		
2 1 Free	entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	155		
3 0 U dun	say so early hor U c already then say	49		
4 0 Nah I	don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	61		
num_words num_sent transformed text				
0 24	2 go jurong point crazi avail bugi n gre	eat		
1 8	2 ok lar jok	ke wif u		

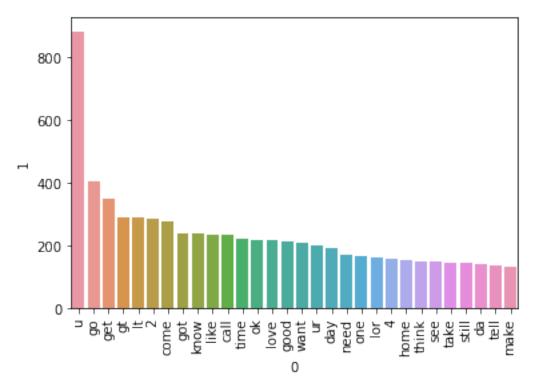
```
2
          37
                        free entri 2 wkli comp win fa cup final tkt
21...
3
          13
                      1
                                       u dun say earli hor u c alreadi
say
          15
                      1
                                      nah think goe usf live around
though
spam corpus=[]
for msg in df[df['target']==1]['transformed text'].tolist():
    for word in msg.split():
        spam_corpus.append(word)
len(spam corpus)
9939
from collections import Counter
sns.barplot(pd.DataFrame(Counter(spam_corpus).most_common(30))
[0],pd.DataFrame(Counter(spam corpus).most common(30))[1])
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
plt.show()
```



```
ham_corpus=[]
for msg in df[df['target']==0]['transformed_text'].tolist():
    for word in msg.split():
        ham_corpus.append(word)
```

```
len(ham_corpus)
35394

from collections import Counter
sns.barplot(pd.DataFrame(Counter(ham_corpus).most_common(30))
[0],pd.DataFrame(Counter(ham_corpus).most_common(30))[1])
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
plt.show()
```



```
# text vectorisation using bag of words
df.head()
   target
                                                          text
                                                               num char
/
           Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
0
                                                                     111
1
        0
                                Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                      29
           Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                     155
3
           U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                                                                      49
           Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                      61
        0
   num_words num_sent
```

transformed text				
_	_	2	as impass point agent sucil bust a spect	
0	24	Z	go jurong point crazi avail bugi n great	
world				
1	8	2	ok lar joke wif u	
oni				
2	37	2	free entri 2 wkli comp win fa cup final tkt	
21				
3	13	1	u dun say earli hor u c alreadi	
say			,	
4	15	1	nah think goe usf live around	
though			J	

building The model

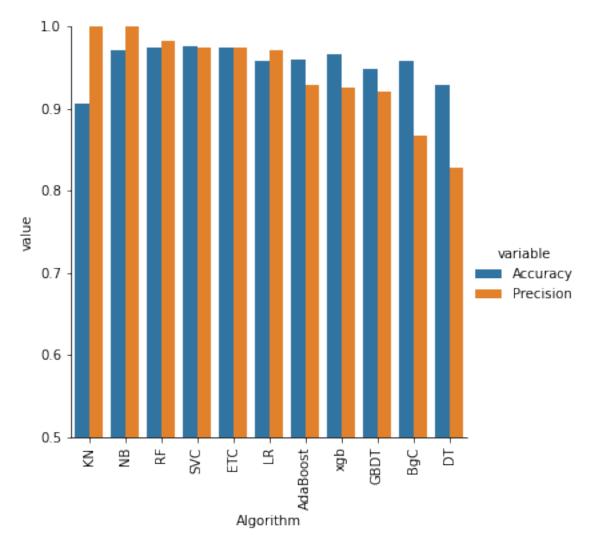
```
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import
CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
cv=CountVectorizer()
tfidf=TfidfVectorizer(max features=3000)
x=tfidf.fit transform(df['transformed text']).toarray()
x.shape
(5169, 3000)
y=df['target'].values
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train,x test,y train,y test=train test split(x,y,test size=0.2,rando
m state=2)
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB, MultinomialNB, BernoulliNB
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,
confusion matrix, precision score
gnb=GaussianNB()
mnb=MultinomialNB()
bnb=BernoulliNB()
gnb.fit(x train,y train)
y pred1=gnb.predict(x_test)
print(accuracy score(y test,y pred1))
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred1))
print(precision score(y test,y pred1))
0.8694390715667312
[[788 108]
 [ 27 111]]
0.5068493150684932
```

```
def accuracy(algo):
    trf=algo()
    trf.fit(x_train,y_train)
    y pred1=trf.predict(x test)
    print(accuracy score(y test,y pred1))
    print(confusion matrix(y test,y pred1))
    print(precision score(y test,y pred1))
accuracy(GaussianNB)
0.8694390715667312
[[788 108]
[ 27 111]]
0.5068493150684932
accuracy(MultinomialNB)
0.9709864603481625
[[896]]
      01
[ 30 108]]
1.0
accuracy(BernoulliNB)
0.9835589941972921
[[895 1]
[ 16 122]]
0.991869918699187
!pip install xgboost
Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (2.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.22.4)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\dhiraj kumar\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.7.3)
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import ExtraTreesClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
```

```
svc = SVC (kernel='sigmoid', gamma=1.0)
knc = KNeighborsClassifier()
mnb = MultinomialNB()
dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier(max depth=5)
lrc = LogisticRegression(solver='liblinear', penalty='l1')
rfc =RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
abc = AdaBoostClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
bc = BaggingClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
etc = ExtraTreesClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
gbdt = GradientBoostingClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
xgb = XGBClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
clfs = {
'SVC': svc,
'KN': knc,
'NB': mnb,
'DT': dtc,
'LR': lrc.
'RF': rfc,
'AdaBoost': abc,
'BgC': bc,
'ETC': etc,
'GBDT':gbdt,
'xgb':xgb
}
def train classifier(clf,x train,y train,X test,y test):
    clf.fit(x train,y train)
    y pred = clf.predict(x test)
    accuracy =accuracy score(y test,y pred)
    precision= precision score(y test,y pred)
    return accuracy, precision
train classifier(svc,x train,y train,x test,y test)
(0.9758220502901354, 0.9747899159663865)
accuracy_scores = []
precision scores = []
for name, clf in clfs.items():
    current_accuracy, current_precision= train classifier(clf,
x train,y train,x test,y test)
    print("For ", name)
    print("Accuracy - ", current_accuracy)
print("Precision - ", current_precision)
    accuracy scores.append(current accuracy)
    precision scores.append(current precision)
For SVC
Accuracy - 0.9758220502901354
```

```
Precision - 0.9747899159663865
For KN
Accuracy - 0.9052224371373307
Precision - 1.0
For NB
Accuracy - 0.9709864603481625
Precision - 1.0
For DT
Accuracy - 0.9294003868471954
Precision - 0.82828282828283
For LR
Accuracy - 0.9584139264990329
Precision - 0.9702970297029703
For RF
Accuracy - 0.9748549323017408
Precision - 0.9827586206896551
For AdaBoost
Accuracy - 0.960348162475822
Precision - 0.9292035398230089
For BaC
Accuracy - 0.9574468085106383
Precision - 0.8671875
For ETC
Accuracy - 0.9748549323017408
Precision - 0.9745762711864406
For GBDT
Accuracy - 0.9477756286266924
Precision - 0.92
For xqb
Accuracy - 0.9661508704061895
Precision - 0.9256198347107438
performance df=pd.DataFrame({'Algorithm':clfs.keys(),'Accuracy':accura
cy scores, 'Precision':precision scores}).sort values('Precision',ascen
ding=False)
performance_df
  Algorithm Accuracy
                       Precision
1
         KN 0.905222
                        1.000000
2
         NB 0.970986 1.000000
5
         RF 0.974855 0.982759
        SVC
0
             0.975822
                        0.974790
8
        ETC
             0.974855
                        0.974576
4
         LR 0.958414
                        0.970297
6
   AdaBoost 0.960348
                        0.929204
10
        xgb 0.966151
                        0.925620
9
       GBDT 0.947776
                        0.920000
7
        BqC 0.957447
                        0.867188
3
         DT
             0.929400
                        0.828283
```

```
performance df1= pd.melt(performance df,id vars="Algorithm")
performance dfl
   Algorithm
               variable
                             value
0
          KN
               Accuracy
                         0.905222
1
          NB
                         0.970986
               Accuracy
2
          RF
               Accuracy
                         0.974855
3
         SVC
               Accuracy
                         0.975822
4
         ETC
               Accuracy
                         0.974855
5
          LR
               Accuracy
                         0.958414
6
    AdaBoost
               Accuracy
                         0.960348
7
                         0.966151
         xgb
               Accuracy
8
        GBDT
                         0.947776
               Accuracy
9
                         0.957447
         BgC
               Accuracy
10
          DT
               Accuracy
                         0.929400
11
          KN
              Precision 1.000000
12
          NB
              Precision
                         1.000000
13
          RF
              Precision
                         0.982759
14
         SVC
                         0.974790
              Precision
15
         ETC
              Precision
                         0.974576
16
          LR
                         0.970297
              Precision
17
    AdaBoost
              Precision
                         0.929204
18
         xgb
              Precision
                         0.925620
19
        GBDT
              Precision
                         0.920000
20
         BqC
              Precision
                         0.867188
21
          DT
              Precision
                         0.828283
sns.catplot(x='Algorithm',y='value',
            hue='variable',data=performance_df1,kind='bar',height=5)
plt.ylim(0.5, 1.0)
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
plt.show()
```



```
#model improve
# 1. change the max_features parameter of IfIdf

temp_df=pd.DataFrame({'Algorithm':clfs.keys(),'Accuracy_max_ft_3000':a
    ccuracy_scores,'precision_max_ft_3000':precision_scores}).sort_values(
    'precision_max_ft_3000',ascending=False)

new_df=performance_df.merge(temp_df,on='Algorithm')

new_df_scaled=new_df.merge(temp_df,on='Algorithm')

temp_df=pd.DataFrame({'Algorithm':clfs.keys(),'Accuracy_num_chars':acc
    uracy_scores,'precision_num_chars':precision_scores}).sort_values('precision_num_chars',ascending=False)

# voting Classifier
svc =SVC(kernel='sigmoid',gamma=1.0,probability=True)
mnb=MultinomialNB()
```

```
etc=ExtraTreesClassifier(n estimators=50, random state=2)
from sklearn.ensemble import VotingClassifier
voting =VotingClassifier(estimators=[('svm',svc),
                                      ('nb', mnb),
                                      ('et',etc)],voting='soft')
voting.fit(x train,y train)
VotingClassifier(estimators=[('svm',
                              SVC(gamma=1.0, kernel='sigmoid',
                                  probability=True)),
                              ('nb', MultinomialNB()),
                             ('et',
                              ExtraTreesClassifier(n estimators=50,
                                                    random state=2))],
                 voting='soft')
y pred=voting.predict(x test)
print("Accuracy",accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred))
print("Precision", precision score(y test,y pred))
Accuracy 0.9816247582205029
Precision 0.9917355371900827
# Applying stocking
estimators=[('svm',svc),('nb',mnb),('et',etc)]
final estimator=RandomForestClassifier()
from sklearn.ensemble import StackingClassifier
clf=StackingClassifier(estimators=estimators,final estimator=final est
imator)
clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
y pred=clf.predict(x test)
print("Accuracy",accuracy score(y test,y pred))
print("Precision", precision_score(y_test, y_pred))
Accuracy 0.9806576402321083
Precision 0.946969696969697
import pickle
pickle.dump(tfidf,open('vectorizer.pkl','wb'))
pickle.dump(mnb,open('model.pkl','wb'))
import pickle
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
# sample test data and corresponding labels (replaced with your actual
data)
```

```
x_train=["Sample text 1", "Sample text 2", "Sample text 3"]
y_train=[0,1,0] # Examples labels (0 for negative, 1 for positive)

#create ans train tf-IDF vectorizer
tfidf =TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=True, stop_words='english')
x_train_tfidf=tfidf.fit_transform(x_train)

#create and train the naive bayes classifier
mnb=MultinomialNB()
mnb.fit(x_train_tfidf,y_train)

# savee the trained TF-IDF vectorizer and naive bayes model to files
with open('vectorizer.pkl','wb') as vectorizer_file:
    pickle.dump(tfidf,vectorizer_file)
with open('model.pkl','wb')as model_file:
    pickle.dump(mnb,model_file)
```

```
import streamlit as st
import pickle
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
#lets load the saved vectorizer and naive model
tfidf=pickle.load(open('vectorizer.pkl','rb'))
model=pickle.load(open('model.pkl','rb'))
#transform text function for text preprocessing
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
import string
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')
ps =PorterStemmer()
def transform text(text):
      text= text.lower() #Converting to lowercase
      text= nltk.word tokenize(text) #Tokenize Removing special characters and retaining
alphanumeric words
      text=[word for word in text if word.isalnum()]
      Removing stopwords and punctuation
      text= [word for word in text if word not in stopwords.words('english') and word not in
string.punctuation]
      #Applying stemning
      text = [ps.stem(word) for word in text]
      return " ".join(text)
#saving streamlit code
st.title("Email spam Classifier")
input sms=st.text area("Enter message")
if st.button('predict'):
    #preprocess
    tranformed sms=transform text(input sms)
    #vectorize
    vector_input=tfidf.transform([tranformed_sms])
    #predict
    result=model.predict(vector input)[0]
    #display
   if result ==1:
        st.header("spam")
    else:
        st.header("Not Spam")
```